

LESSON 1

¶ (indent)

capitals

end marks (. ? !)

ar (articles: a, an, the) n (nouns)

w-w (who-which)

in the olden days of england, king henry the second **reigned** over the land there lived within the green **glades** of sherwood forest a famous outlaw whose name was robin hood no archer that ever lived could shoot a bow and arrow with such **expertise** as he did he was not alone, either, for at his side were blameless, loyal men, who **rambled** with him through the greenwood shades

Lesson 2

vocabulary

¶ (indent) capitals

usage (its/it's)

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !)

ar n w-w

pr (pronouns)

vb (verbs)

cc (coordinating conjunctions)

you might be wondering how robin hood fell under the **wrath** of the law when robin was eighteen—mature strong and **dauntless**—the sheriff of nottingham challenged young men in the area to a shooting match robin **readily** accepted the match grabbed his bow and arrow and started off from locksley, which was the town where he lived it was a pleasant, **carefree** day, but circumstances would soon change its/it's mood

TIP: Three or more items in a series need commas between them. Find those situations in the passage and add commas where appropriate.

LESSON 3

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

ar n w-w pr vb cc

robin **blithely** whistled as he strolled along, thinking of maid marian and her bright eyes, to /two /too at such times, a young lad's heart **fancifully** turns toward the lass whom he loves the best he came suddenly upon fifteen foresters clothed in lincoln green and seated beneath a huge oak tree, feasting and drinking **convivially** beneath its/it's branches one of the men in green **accosted** robin. you there/their/they're, where are you going with your quick step **shoddy** bow and cheap arrows

Choose the action verb from this week's sentences that you think is strongest.

Which dresses up the sentences best?

LESSON 4

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

ar n w-w pr vb cc adj (adjectives)

then/than robin grew angry, for no young sprout likes to be **taunted** with his
green years he replied, my bow and arrows are as respectable as any man's i am
off to nottingham to prove it in a **champion** match there/their/they're i will shoot
with other worthy archers for the grand prize: a barrel of **top-notch** ale and a
new bow, to/two/too at this, all laughed aloud and **retorted**, well boasted fair
infant! he will be taking ale with his milk next

TIP: In the passage below, can you find where to add the missing comma?

LESSON 5

commas (,)
end marks (. ? !)
quotation marks (“ ”)
ar n w-w pr vb cc adj ly (-ly adverbs)
prep (preposition + noun, no verb)
commas (,)
end marks (. ? !)
quotation marks (“ ”)
ar n w-w pr vb cc adj ly (-ly adverbs)
prep (preposition + noun, no verb)

affronted by there/their/they're mockery, robin challenged the foresters. see
that herd of deer over there/their/they're more then/than sixty yards away i bet
you twenty pounds i can hit the leader then/than robin **composedly** took his bow
in his hand grabbed an arrow and drew the feather to his ear. the next moment
an arrow sped down the glade and shot the noblest **buck** of the herd all the
foresters were filled with rage, but the one who lost the **wager seethed** the most
the loser heatedly responded, fool you have killed the king's deer, which is a
capital offense. by law, your/you're ears should be shaven

Lesson 6

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

ar n w-w pr vb cc adj ly prep (preposition + noun,
no verb)

impulsively the forester sprang to his feet armed his bow with an arrow and sent it whistling after robin robin hood was fortunate that the forester was drunk with ale because the arrow narrowly missed him, but his **hot-blooded opponent** immediately reached for a second arrow in self-defense young robin returned an arrow to the forester. it struck him, and he **toppled** forward with a cry robin hood **hastened** away. his heart was sick within him, for it was now borne upon him that he had killed a man

Choose the single strongest verb, adjective, and -ly adverb from the week.

Lesson 7

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

cc adj -ly prep (no longer ar, n, pr) S (subject) V (verb)

S/w-w (who-which)

[Put all clauses in square brackets.]

robin hood escaped to sherwood forest, for he was now an

outlaw on to/two/too he had shot a deer that the king

reserved for his own table, and, worse, he had slain a man,

to/two/too hundred pounds would be **lavishly** rewarded to

the man who delivered robin hood to the king because the

sheriff of nottingham was related to/two/too the slain

forester, he had a **vendetta** to/two/too catch robin hood

Choose the single strongest verb, adjective, and -ly adverb from the week.

Lesson 8

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

cc adj ly prep

S S/w-w V

cl (www.asia.b) MC (Main Clause)

[put MCs in brackets] DC (Dependent Clause)

(put DCs in parentheses)

robin hood lay/laid in hiding in sherwood forest for one year as he **adroitly** prepared his new life while he was gaining valuable hunting skills, there/their/they're gathered around him many others who were **displaced**, to/two/too some men who were **famished** had shot deer in wintertime, when they could obtain to/two/too little food for there/their/they're families although the foresters had discovered them in the act, they had **narrowly** escaped, thus saving themselves

Choose the single strongest verb, adjective, and -ly adverb from the week.

Lesson 8

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

cc adj ly prep

S S/w-w V

cl (www.asia.b)

MC (Main Clause) [put MCs in brackets]

DC (Dependent Clause) (put DCs in parentheses)

other men had been forced out of there/their/they're

inheritance because there/their/they're **insatiable** king

wanted there/their/they're lands some had been **despoiled**

by a great baron rich abbot or powerful squire for one cause

or another, all had come to sherwood forest, which was a

vast, uncharted wood, where they might escape **oppression**

thus, in all that year, a band of strong and goodhearted

yeomen gathered about robin hood and chose him to be

there/their/they're leader

Choose the single strongest verb and adjective. There are no -ly adverbs this week.

Lesson 9

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capitals

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

cc adj ly prep

S S/w-w V

cl (www.asia.b)

MC (Main Clause)

[put MCs in brackets]

DC (Dependent Clause)

(put DCs in parentheses)

other men had been forced out of there/their/they're

inheritance because there/their/they're **insatiable** king

wanted there/their/they're lands some had been **despoiled**

by a great baron rich abbot or powerful squire for one cause

or another, all had come to sherwood forest, which was a

vast, uncharted wood, where they might escape **oppression**

thus, in all that year, a band of strong and goodhearted

yeomen gathered about robin hood and chose him to be

there/their/they're leader

Choose the single strongest verb and adjective. There are no -ly adverbs this week.

Lesson 10

vocabulary

¶ (indent)

capital

homophones and usage

commas (,)

end marks (. ? !) quotation marks (“ ”)

cc adj ly prep cl

S S/w-w V [MC] (DC)

#1 MC (Subject opener)

#2 prep (prepositional opener)

the yeomen **vowed** that they would in return rob there/their/

they're oppressors as they themselves had been robbed

if possessions were **plundered** by even the most powerful baron

abbot knight or squire, the yeomen would recapture the goods and

return them to the poor to those in need, these brave and upright

men would offer **succor** besides this, they **earnestly** swore never to

harm a child or to wrong a woman whether she was a maid wife or

widow

Choose the single strongest verb, adjective, and -ly adverb from the week.