

1 Marcos Castillo Feedback

1.1 Breaking up text blocks

To make reading easier, you can break up your text into smaller sections. This can be achieved with subheadings, bullet points, or numbered lists.

```
<h2>Subheading</h2>
<ul>
  <li>Point 1</li>
  <li>Point 2</li>
</ul>
```

1.2 Pull Quotes

Pull quotes can be used to draw attention to key points in your content. They are typically styled differently from the main text to stand out.

```
<blockquote>
  "This is a pull quote."
</blockquote>
```

And some CSS to style it:

```
blockquote {
  font-size: 1.5em;
  width:60%;
  margin:50px auto;
  color: #555555;
  padding:1.2em 30px 1.2em 75px;
  border-left:8px solid #78C0A8 ;
  line-height:1.6;
  position: relative;
  background:#EDED;
}
```

1.3 Images

Images can be used to break up text and make your content more engaging. Make sure to include alt text for accessibility.

```

```

1.4 Highlighting Feature with JS

You can create a JavaScript function that allows users to highlight text on your page.

```
<p id="myText">This is some text.</p>
<button onclick="highlightText()">Highlight Text</button>

<script>
function highlightText() {
    var text = document.getElementById('myText');
    text.style.backgroundColor = 'yellow';
}
</script>
```

1.5 Dark Mode

You can add a dark mode to your website with a bit of JavaScript and CSS. The idea is to create a CSS class for dark mode, and then use JavaScript to toggle this class on and off when a button is clicked.

```
// CSS
.dark-mode {
    background-color: #222;
    color: #ddd;
}

// HTML
<button onclick="toggleDarkMode()">Toggle Dark Mode</button>

// JavaScript
function toggleDarkMode() {
    var element = document.body;
    element.classList.toggle("dark-mode");
}
```