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Tissue Types

1. **Osseous tissue**- forms most of the adult skeleton, the support structure of the body
2. **Cardiac muscle tissue**- forms the muscle surrounding the heart. The muscle causes the mechanical motion of pumping blood throughout the rest of the body
3. **Simple cuboidal epithelium**- absorbs or secretes material into the ducts or tubs
4. **Fluid connective tissue**- the transport medium in the body, helps defending against infection
5. **Pseudostratified ciliated columnar**- help trap and transport particles brought in through the nasal passages and lungs
6. **Neural tissue**- receive stimuli and send signals to the brain and spinal cord
7. **Skeletal muscle tissue**- help maintain posture and balance
8. **Hyaline Cartilage tissue**- provide structure and strength tot the body and protect soft tissues
9.
 - a. **Simple squamous epithelium**- facilitates diffusion of gases and small molecules
 - b. **Stratified squamous epithelium**- provides protection against mechanical stress, chemical abrasions, and even radiation
10. **Dense irregular connective tissue**- provides strength by making the skin resistant to tearing by stretching forced from different directions