

Class #12 - Tues, Sept. 28

Last week : factoring quadratics (ax^2+bx+c)

- "ac-method"
- "differences of squares"

$$x^2 - b^2 = (x + b)(x - b)$$

\uparrow
constant term.

(see class Notes/recordings from last Thurs/ Fri).

Office hrs - notes/recording - yesterday
(Mon Sept. 27)

(2)

Today :

- Solve quadratic equations. :

$$\underbrace{ax^2 + bx + c}_{\text{quadratic polynomial.}} = 0$$

i.e..
we want to
find the
value(s) of x
for which the
given quadratic
is equal to 0.

- solve by factoring the LHS

and applying the "Zero Product Property"

Thurs + Fri : Solving quadratic equations by

- "completing the square"

- quadratic formula

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \quad \text{for } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

WW, "ZPP" #4 :

$$\text{Solve: } \underline{1x^2 - 12x + 27} = 0$$

$b = -12$ $c = 27$

factor LHS

2 factors
 $\{ ac = +27$
 which sum
 $\rightarrow b = -12$

$$(x-3)(x-9) = 0$$

27	+
1, 27	
-3, 9	-12

We have transformed/simplified the given quadratic equation by factoring:

So we need to find the values of x

for which $\underbrace{(x-3)(x-9)}$ equals 0 !

product of
2 #s.

Ex : $x=1$? $(x-3)(x-9) = (1-3)(1-9)$
 $= (-2)(-8) = 16$

$x=3$: $(x-3)(x-9) = (3-3)(3-9) = 0(-6) = 0$

(4)

Summary / recap :

Given quadratic equation

$$x^2 - 12x + 27 = 0$$

(1) Factor LHS :

$$(x-3)(x-9) = 0$$

(2) Solve for when each of the factors equals 0 :

$$x-3=0$$

$$\mid x=3$$

$$x-9=0$$

$$x=9$$

two solutions
to the
eqn.
viz.

(i.e., two at
the 2 x-values
for which $x^2 - 12x + 27 = 0$)

$$x=9:$$

$$9^2 - 12(9) + 27 \stackrel{?}{=} 0$$

$$81 - 108 + 27 \stackrel{?}{=} 0$$

$$108 - 108 = 0$$

check :

$$x=3 : 3^2 - 12(3) + 27 \stackrel{?}{=} 0$$

$$9 - 36 + 27 \stackrel{?}{=} 0$$

$$9 - 9 = 0$$

$$36 - 36 = 0 \checkmark$$

(5)

ZPP #3

Solve: $(2x+3) \cdot (3x+8) = 0$

} this is actually a quadratic eqn!

By ZPP:

$$2x+3=0 \quad \approx \quad 3x+8=0$$

FOIL LHS

$$6x^2 + 16x + 9x + 24 = 0$$

Solve each 1 Resq (linear equations) for x :

$$\Rightarrow 2x = -3$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x = -8$$

$$x = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$6x^2 + 25x + 24 = 0$$