## Class \#23 - Monday, Nov 25

## Section 5.3 \& 5.4: Expected Value and Variance of Probability Distributions

Definition: The expected value of a discrete random variable $X$ which has possible values $x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{n}$ is defined as

$$
E[X]=\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} * P\left(X=x_{i}\right)
$$

The expected value is sometimes called the expectation of $X$, or simply the mean of $X$, and is usually denoted by $\mu$ (the Greek letter "mu").
If $X$ is a random variable with expected value $\mu$, then the variance and standard deviation of $X$ are defined as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{Var}(X)=E\left[(X-\mu)^{2}\right] & =\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(x_{i}-\mu\right)^{2} * P\left(X=x_{i}\right) \\
\mathrm{SD}(X) & =\sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(X)}
\end{aligned}
$$

Useful formula for the variance (via some algebra): $\operatorname{Var}(X)=E\left[X^{2}\right]-\mu^{2}$

Example 1: On the previous handout, we discussed this hypothetical probability distribution for $X=$ the number of days that it will rain over the next 3 days:

| Days of rain, $x_{i}$ | Probability $P\left(X=x_{i}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0.21 |
| 1 | 0.44 |
| 2 | 0.29 |
| 3 | 0.06 |

Find the expected value, variance, and standard deviation of $X$.

Example 2: Also on the previous handout, we computed the probability distribution for $X=$ the number of heads observed from flipping a coin three times:

| Number of heads, $x_{i}$ | Probability $P\left(X=x_{i}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | $1 / 8=0.125$ |
| 1 | $3 / 8=0.375$ |
| 2 | $3 / 8=0.375$ |
| 3 | $1 / 8=0.125$ |

Find the expected value, variance, and standard deviation of $x$.

