# History of New York City Architecture: 1885-1915 Urbanism & the Search for Order

### 1885-1915 Urbanism & the Search for Order

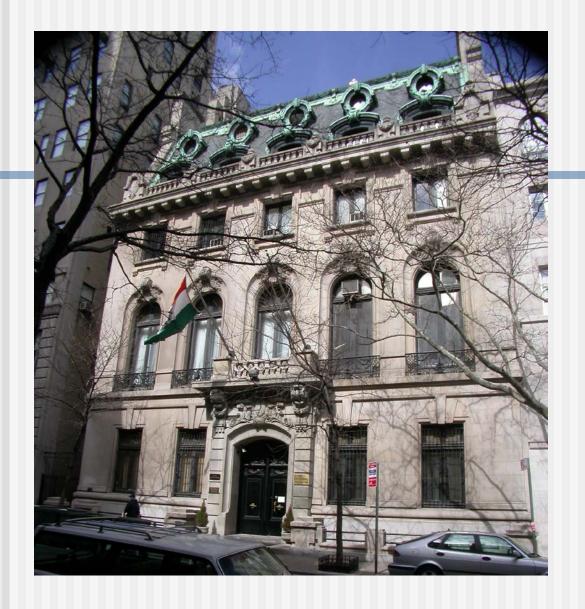
- A period of "creative eclecticism" buildings were carefully designed to accommodate historic styles with modern functions.
- Historical association brought a sense of continuity and security in a time of great change.
- Multiple period revival styles: Beaux-Arts, neo-classical, neo-Gothic, neo-Federal

## Characteristics of Beaux-Arts style

- Classical based on Greek & Roman structures
- Symmetrical (generally)
- Heavy stone bases (rustification)
- Use of light colored materials
- Grand stairways
- Paired columns with plinths
- Monumental attics
- Grand opening/ entrances
- Extensive ornamentation (cartouch, festoon, sculpture, rustification, horror vacui, etc)



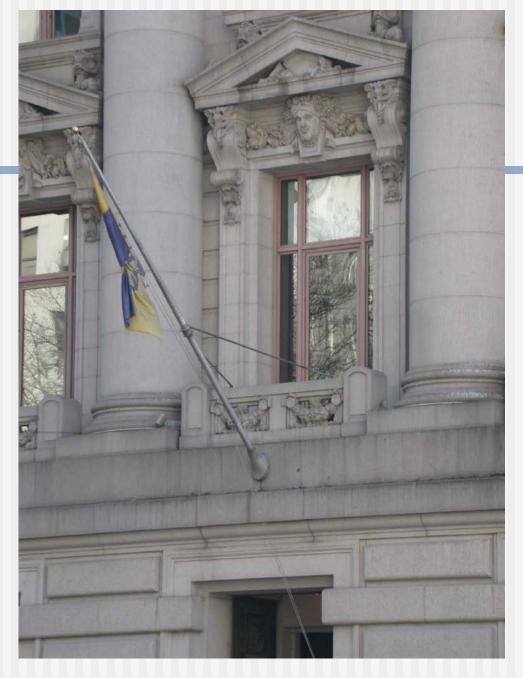
The Lotos Club, originally Margaret Vanderbilt Shepard residence/ later Mr. & Mrs. William Schiefflin residence, Richard Howland Hunt, 1900.



 New India House/ originally Marshall Orme Wilson residence, Warren & Wetmore, 1903.



- Monumental attics (usually used mansard roofs)
- Grand opening/ entrances



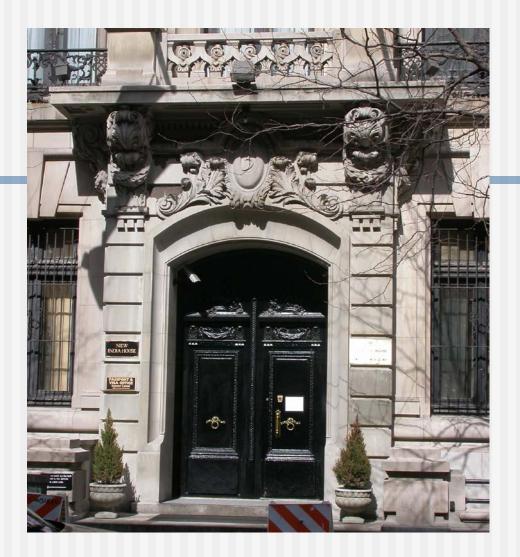
 Heavy stone base using rustification stone masonry with the joints between the blocks deeply cut back





### Extensive ornamentation

- Cartouches- an ornamental panel in the form of a scroll, circle or oval, often bearing an inscription
- Festoon a decorative garland suspended in a curve between 2 points carved in stone

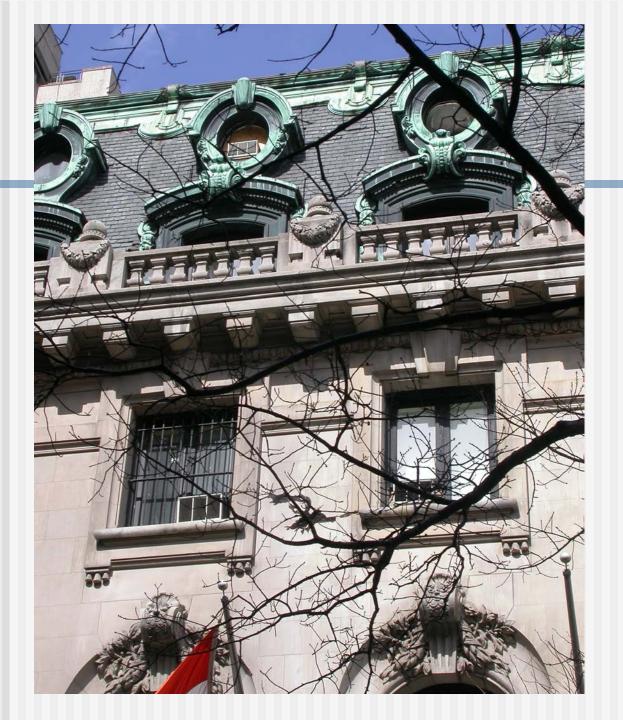


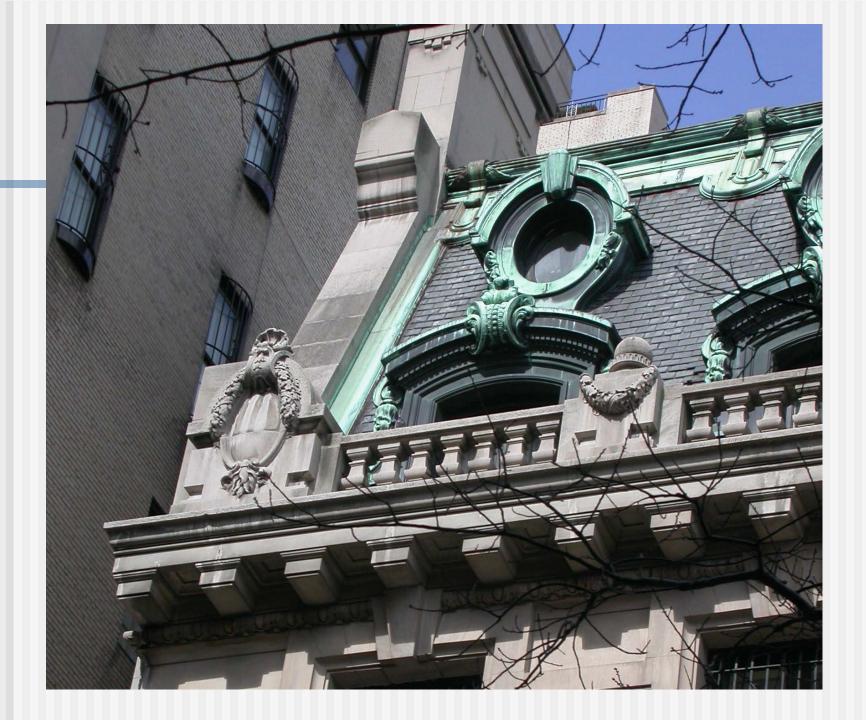
- Grand entrance
- Light colored limestone
- Extensive ornamentation (cartouch, festoons, foliated carving)





- Extensive ornamentation
- Plinths (square or rectangular base for a column, pilaster or a solid monumental base, often ornamented to support a statue

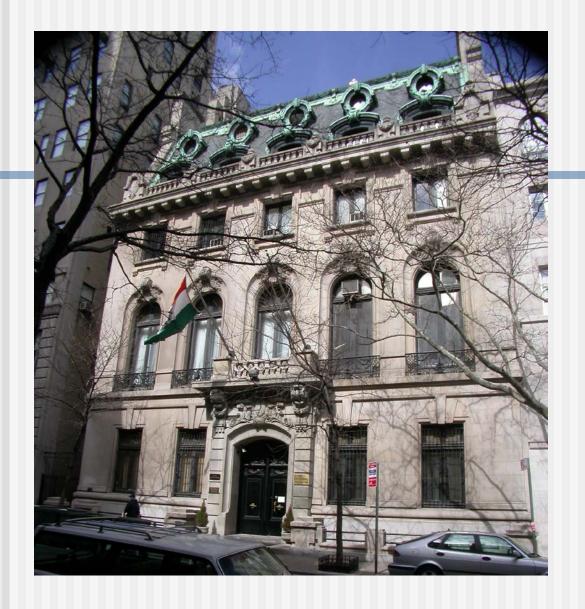




### Residences and Hotels



The Lotos Club, originally Margaret Vanderbilt Shepard residence/ later Mr. & Mrs. William Schiefflin residence, Richard Howland Hunt, 1900.



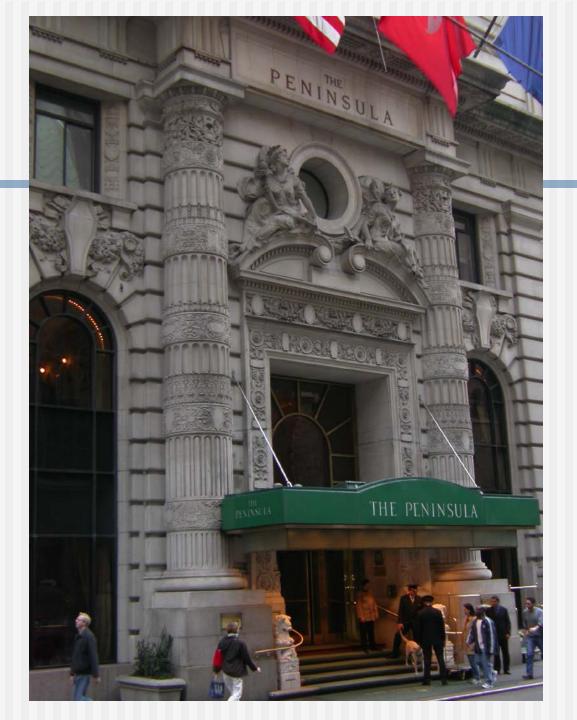
 New India House/ originally Marshall Orme Wilson residence, Warren & Wetmore, 1903.



St. Regis-Sheraton Hotel, Trowbridge & Livingston, 1904. Addition to east, 1925.



The Peninsula/ originally The Gotham Hotel, Hiss & Weekes, 1905.





The Plaza Hotel, Henry J. Hardenbergh, 1905-1907.

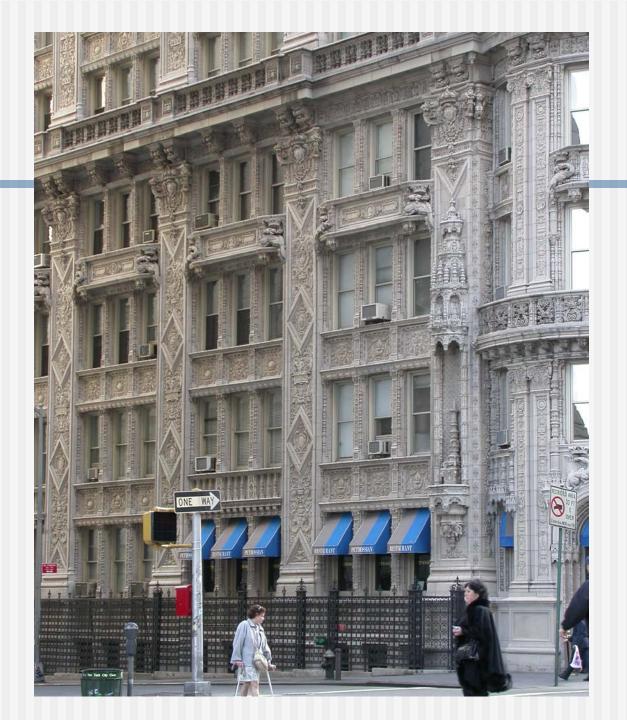




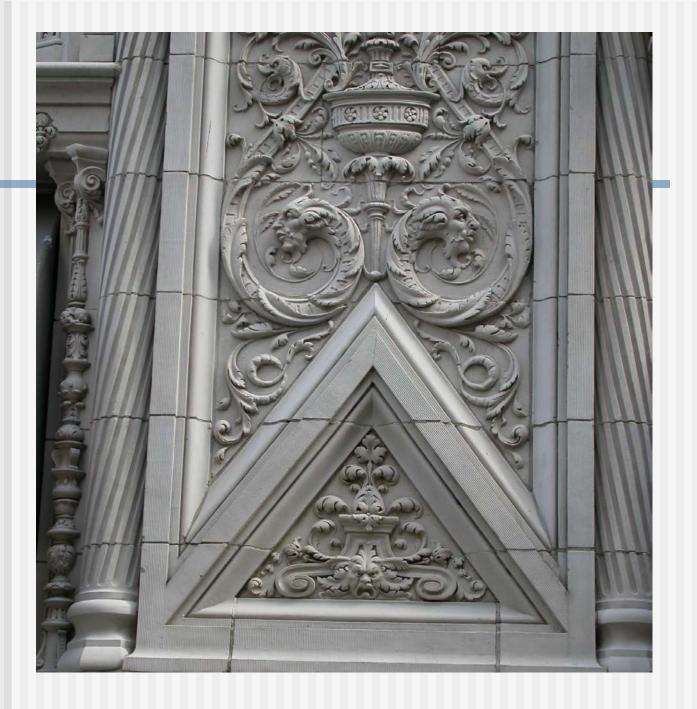
Alwyn Court Apartments, Harde & Short, 1907-1909.















Villard Houses, Joseph Wells of McKim, Mead & White, 1884.

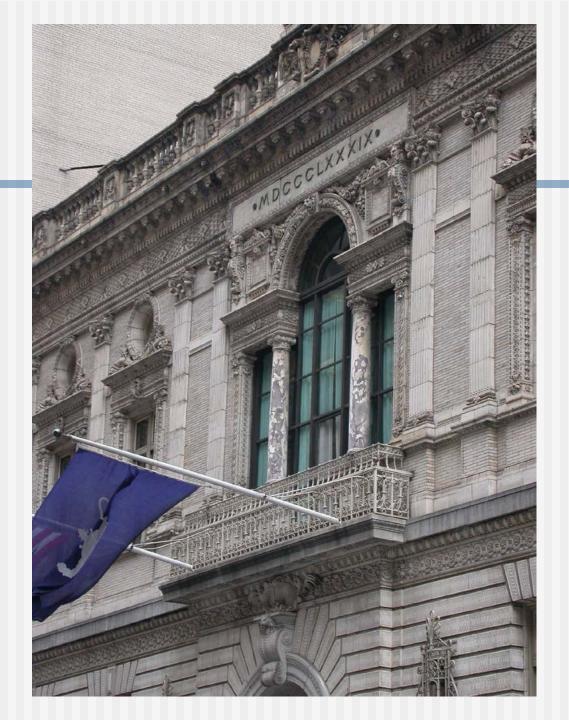


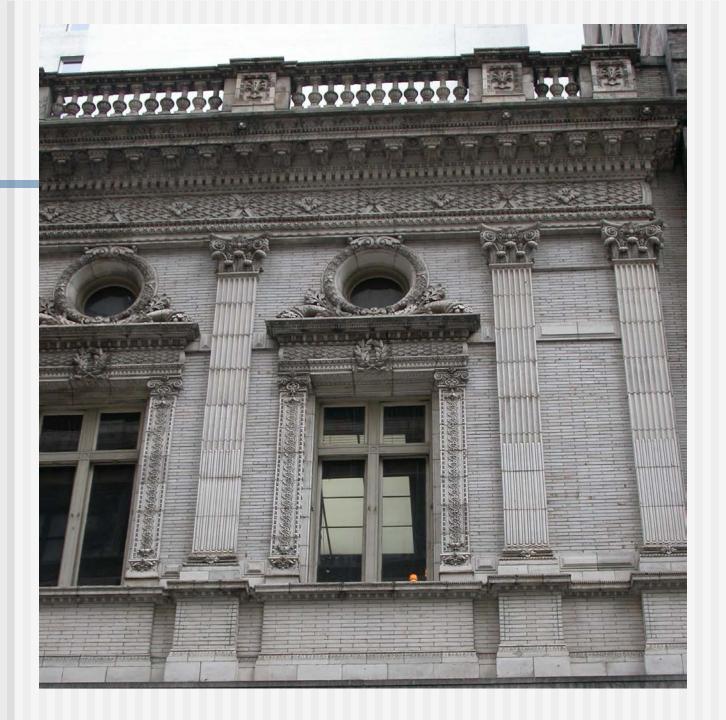
### Clubs: A New Building Type

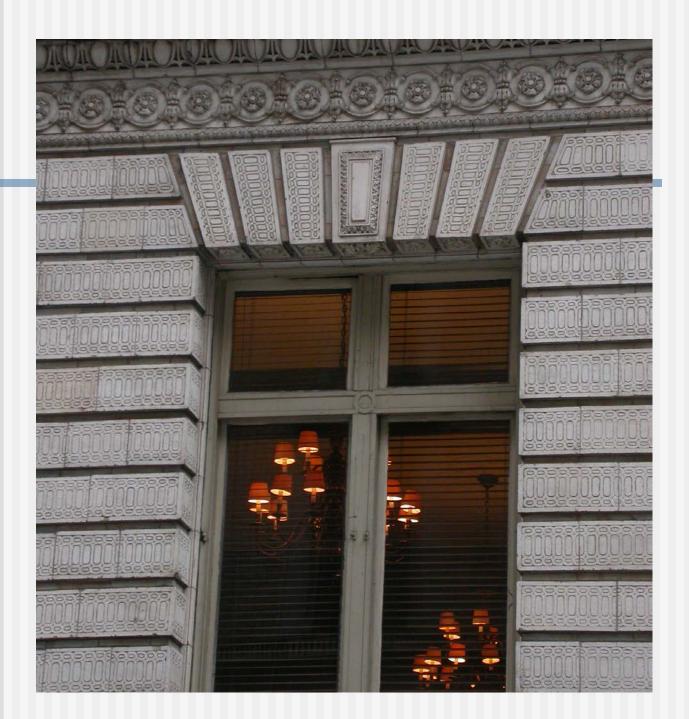


The Century Association, William Kendall of McKim, Mead & White, 1891.













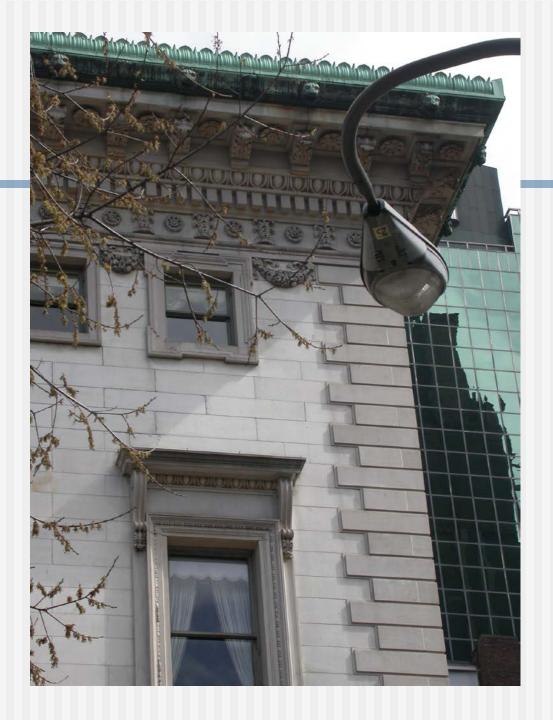
■ The Metropolitan Club, McKim, Mead & White, 1893.











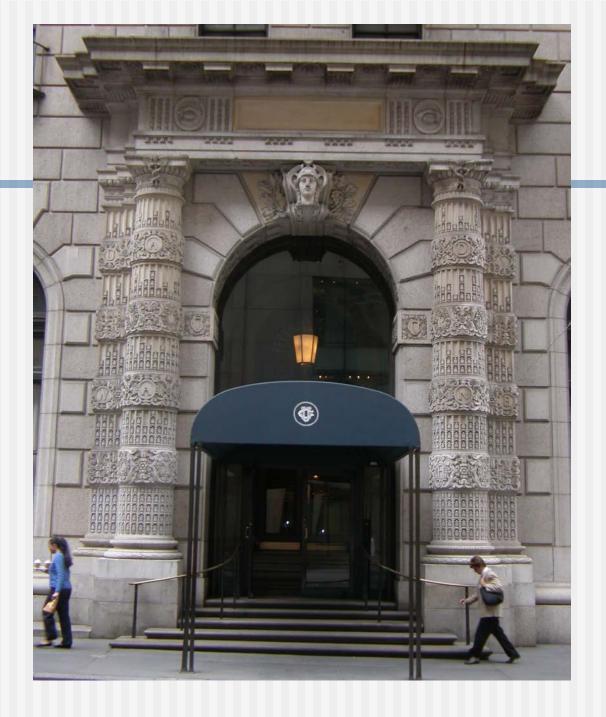


Harvard Club, McKim, Mead & White, 1894.Additions, 1905, 1915.





University Club, Charles McKim of McKim, Mead
 White, 1899.





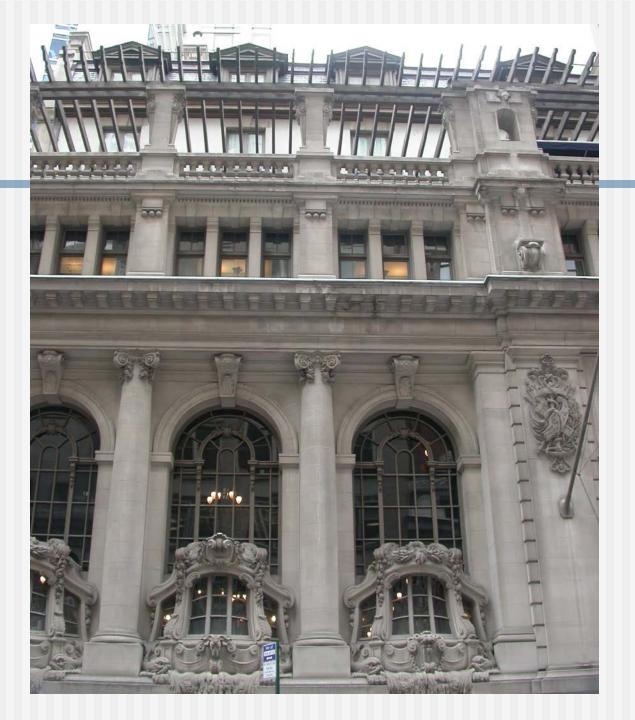


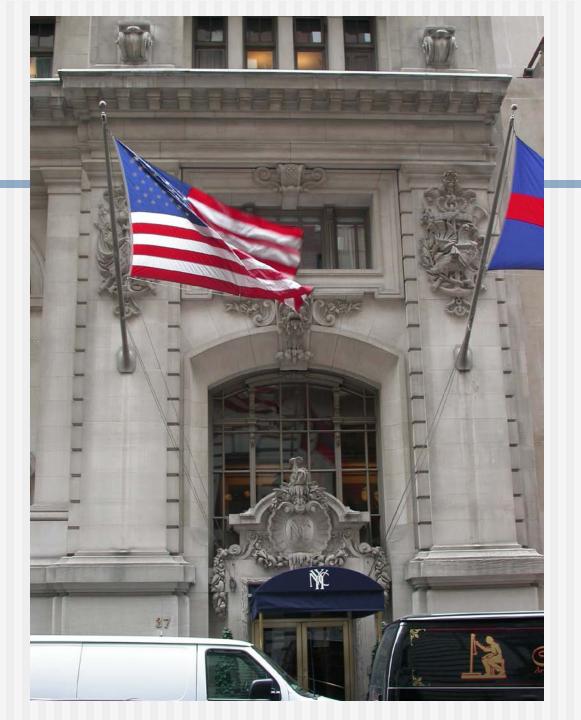
New York Yacht Club, Warren & Wetmore, 1900.













Racquet & Tennis Club, McKim, Mead & White, 1918

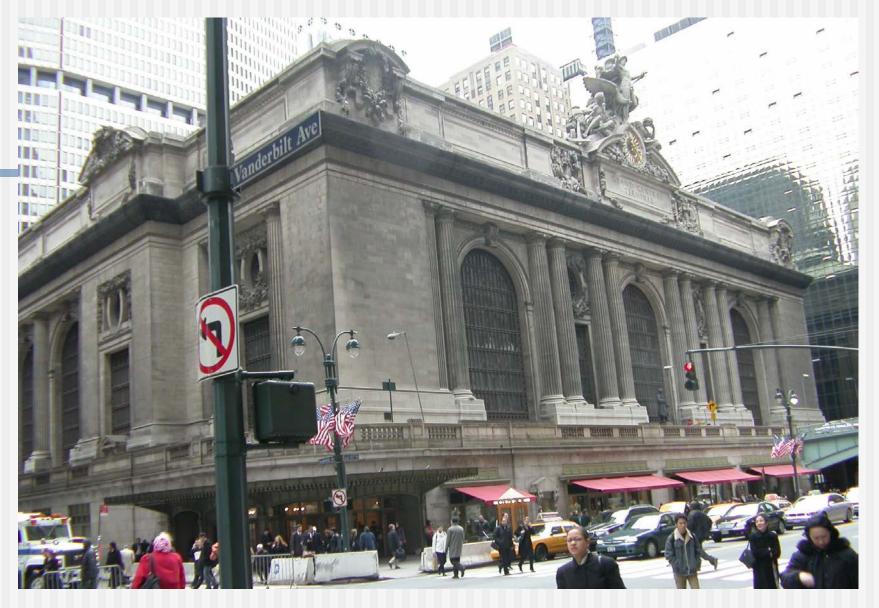
## Public Buildings



Metropolitan Museum of Art, central Fifth Avenue facade, Richard Morris Hunt & Richard Howland Hunt, 1895-1902; side wings along Fifth avenue, McKim, Mead and White, 1904-1926.

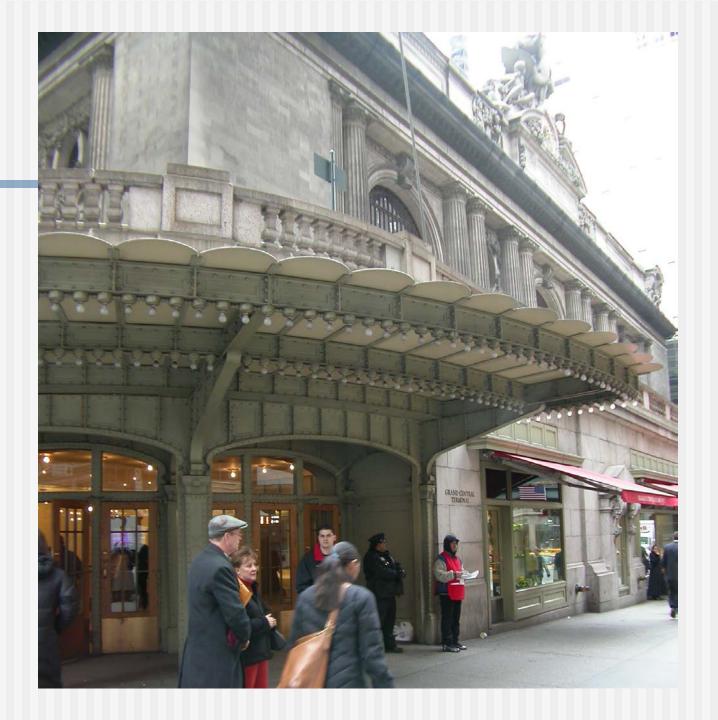






 Grand Central Terminal, Reed & Stern, Warren & Wetmore, 1903-1913



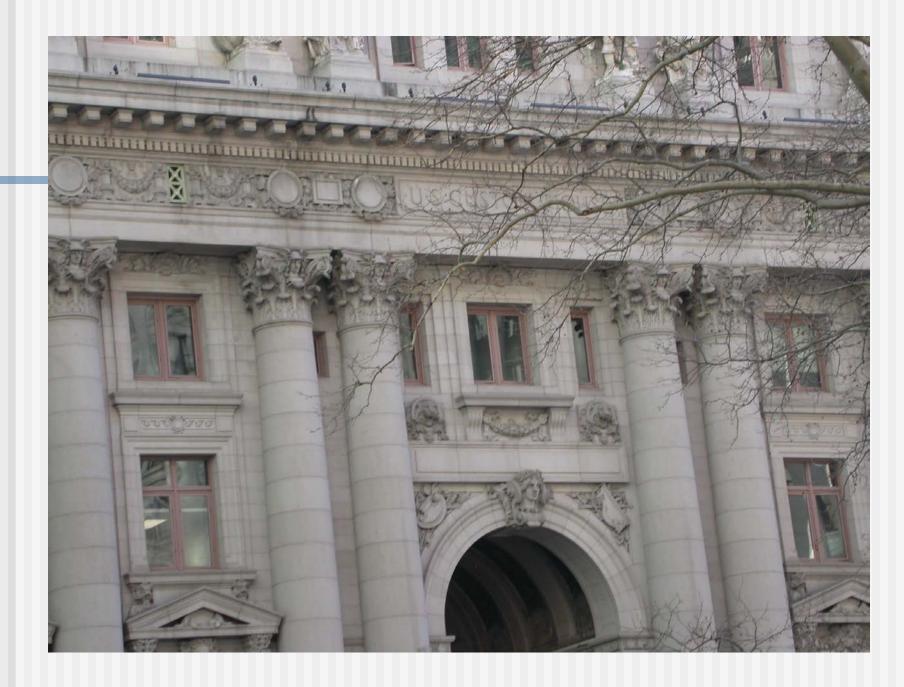




Originally U.S. Custom House, Cass Gilbert, 1907.









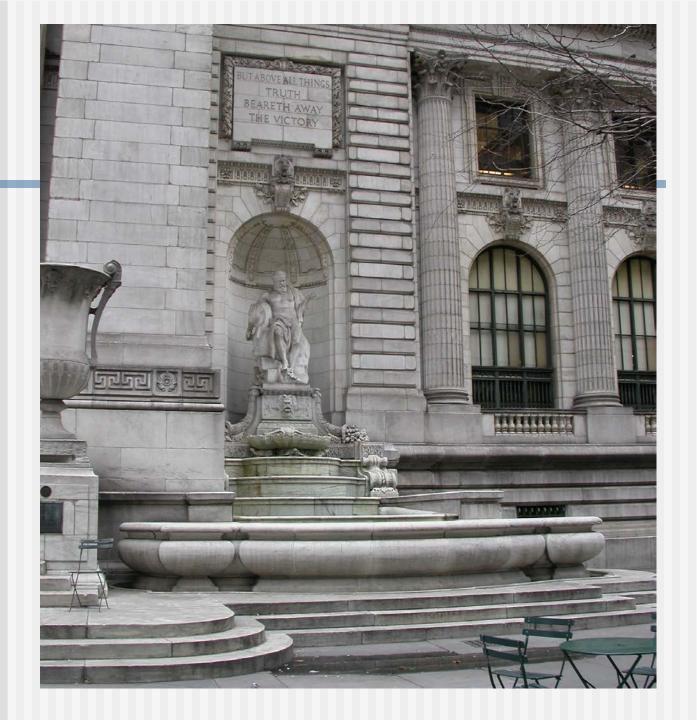


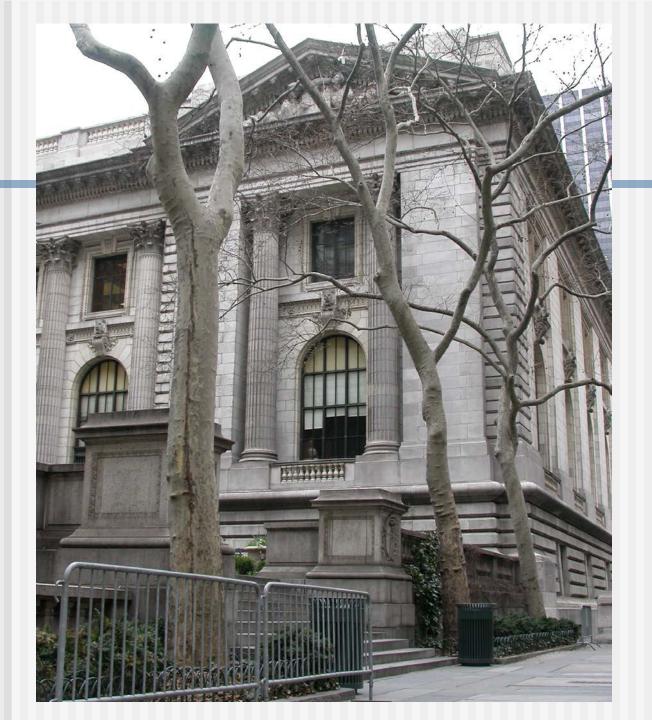
New York Public Library, Carrere & Hastings, 1911.















General Post Office, aka James A. Farley Building, McKim, Mead and White, 1913.



## Commercial Buildings



 Condict Building/ later Bayard Building, Louis Sullivan, 1897-1899.







■ Singer Building, Ernest Flagg, 1902-1904.



Woolworth Building, Cass Gilbert, 1910-1913





