## Sample Exam 3

MAT 1275 Fall 2016

## Part I. Applications of Quadratic Equations.

1. The area of a rectangle is 60 square cm and the perimeter is 34 cm . Find the length and width of the rectangle.
2. Suppose that the length of one leg of a right triangle is 3 inches more than the length of the other leg. If the length of the hypotenuse is 15 inches, find the lengths of the two legs.
3. A right triangle has side lengths represented by three consecutive even integers. Find the lengths of the three sides, measured in meters.

## Part II. Graphs of Quadratic Functions.

1. Graph these equations. Label the coordinates of the vertex and $x$ and $y$-intercepts (where appropriate), and write the equation of the axis of symmetry.
(a) $y=x^{2}+4 x+5$
(b) $y=\frac{1}{3} x^{2}+5$
(c) $y=(x+5)^{2}-2$
(d) $y=-2 x^{2}+8 x+9$
(e) $y=x^{2}+4 x$

## Part III. Distance Formula, Midpoint and Circles

1. Find the radius of a circle with endpoints of a diameter $(-2,3)$ and $(4,1)$
2. Identify the center and radius of the circle and then graph the circle. Complete the square if necessary.
(a) $(x-3)^{2}+(y+1)^{2}=16$
(b) $(x+1)^{2}+y^{2}=1$
(c) $x^{2}+y^{2}+4 x-8 y+16=0$
(d) $x^{2}+y^{2}+10 x+6 y+18=0$

## Part IV. Systems of Equations.

Solve these systems of equations.
1.

$$
\begin{aligned}
x+2 y-3 z & =2 \\
-2 x+y+2 z & =12 \\
3 x-4 y+z & =-24
\end{aligned}
$$

2. 

$$
\begin{aligned}
-2 x+5 y+z & =8 \\
x-2 y-3 z & =-13 \\
x+3 y-z & =5
\end{aligned}
$$

3. 

$$
\begin{array}{r}
x^{2}+x y=7 \\
x+2 y=5
\end{array}
$$

4. 

$$
\begin{gathered}
x^{2}+y^{2}=5 \\
x-y^{2}=-3
\end{gathered}
$$

5. 

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3 x^{2}+4 y^{2}=16 \\
2 x^{2}-3 y^{2}=5
\end{array}
$$

