Note: the work is not shown below, but you will have to show your work on the test. You are being graded on your work.

## Self-Test 1:

Part A:

1) $\frac{-26 x^{-2} 2 y^{3}}{39 x^{4} y^{2}}=\frac{-4 y}{3 x^{6}}$
2) $\frac{\frac{3}{x-2}-\frac{4}{x^{2}-4}}{\frac{2}{x+2}+\frac{1}{x-2}}=\frac{3 x+2}{3 x-2}$
3) $\frac{\frac{3}{x^{2}}}{2-\frac{1}{x}}=\frac{3}{2 x^{2}-x}$

## Part B:

4) $\frac{2 x+1}{5}-\frac{3 x-2}{4}=\frac{-7 x+14}{20}$
5) $\frac{3}{n^{2}-5 n-36}+\frac{2}{n^{2}+3 n-4}=\frac{5 n-21}{(n-9)(n+4)(n-1)}$

Part C:
6) $\frac{4 x+5}{3}+\frac{2 x-1}{5}=2$
answer: $x=\frac{4}{13}$
7) $\frac{a}{a-2}-\frac{3}{2}=\frac{2}{a-2}$
answer: you get $a=2$ but it gives a zero denominator: there are no solutions to this equation.
Part D: Simplify completely:
8) $\sqrt[9]{-1}+\sqrt[37]{0}+\sqrt[4]{1}=0$
9) $\sqrt{50 x^{3} y^{16}}=5 x y^{8} \sqrt{2 x}$
10) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{a^{9}}{27 b^{3}}}=\frac{a^{3}}{3 b}$

Self-Test 2: allow 50 minutes
Part A: Simplify each expression completely, writing your answer with only positive exponents.

1) $\frac{\frac{5}{5}-\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{6}+\frac{3}{4}}=\frac{3}{22}$
2) $\frac{\frac{3}{2 x}+\frac{5}{3 y}}{\frac{4}{x}-\frac{3 y}{4 y}}=\frac{18 y+20 x}{48 y-9 x}$
3) $\left(\frac{a^{3} b^{-2} c}{a^{2} b^{4} c^{-3}}\right)^{-1}=\frac{b^{6}}{a c^{2}}$

Part B: perform the indicated operation and express answers in simplest form.
4) $\frac{3}{2 n}+\frac{5}{3 n}-\frac{1}{9}=\frac{57-2 n}{18 n}$
5) $\frac{2}{y^{2}+4 y+3}-\frac{1}{y^{2}+5 y+6}=\frac{1}{(y+1)(y+2)}$

Part C: Solve each equation:
6) $\frac{3}{4 x}+\frac{4}{5}=\frac{9}{10 x}$
answer: $x=\frac{3}{16}$
7) $\frac{1}{2 x-7}+\frac{x-5}{4 x^{2}-49}=\frac{4}{6 x-21}$
answer: $x=22$
8) $\frac{x}{x+6}=\frac{72}{x^{2}-36}+4$
answer: $x=4$ is the only solution (you also get $x=-6$, which gives a zero denominator)
Part D: Simplify completely:
9) $-27^{4 / 3}=-81$
10) $(-27)^{4 / 3}=81$

