Understanding a Photograph

John Berger

argument of apologists (and I myself have been among them) has an art, even whilst they practise, enjoy, use and value it. The tainly the vast majority of people do not consider photography is hard to know how far the apologetics have succeeded. Cerargued that photography deserves to be considered a fine art. It been a little academic. For over a century, photographers and their apologists have

mystery of a way of life which excludes the mass.) admitted as visitors. The class nature of the 'nobility' may vary, tion, it means that the public have not come to think of any means that few photographs have been preserved in sacred isolaered as though it were not a fine art. It looks as though photogbut as soon as a work is placed in a museum it acquires the homes of the nobility to which the public at certain hours are photographs as being beyond them. (Museums function like had sufficient initiative to open photographic departments, for it painting and sculpture as we have thought of them since the raphy (whatever kind of activity it may be) is going to outlive Renaissance. It now seems clear that photography deserves to be consid-It now seems fortunate that few museums have

erty, but in essence they only believe in the illusion of protection inevitably opposed to all other values. People believe in propnot dying of any stylistic disease, of anything diagnosed by the world spirit of conservatism. now be reckoned as no more than props for the confidence of the which property gives. All works of fine art, whatever their conprofessionally horrified as cultural decadence; they are dying ing and sculpture because property, as once it was not, is now become a valuable property. And this implies the death of paintbecause, in the world as it is, no work of art can survive and not Let me be clear. Painting and sculpture as we know them are whatever the sensibility of an individual spectator, must

trary infinitely reproducible. Thus, in twentieth-century terms, photographs are records of things seen. Let us consider them no raphy is that the resulting image is not unique, but on the conbecause they have no rarity value. The very principle of photog-By their nature, photographs have little or no property value

closer to works of art than cardiograms. We shall then be freer of illusions. Our mistake has been to categorize things as art by considering certain phases of the process of creation. But logically this can make all man-made objects art. It is more useful to categorize art by what has become its social function. It functions as property. Accordingly, photographs are mostly outside the category.

worth recording. the message, decoded, means: I have decided that seeing this is already a message about the event it records. The urgency of this but neither can it be entirely independent from it. At its simplest, message is not entirely dependent on the urgency of the event, event itself nor the faculty of sight in itself. A photograph is would become meaningless. A photograph celebrates neither the existed were continually being photographed, every photograph event or this particular object has been seen. If everything that rapher's decision that it is worth recording that this particular in a given situation. A photograph is a result of the photog Photographs bear witness to a human choice being exercised

raphy is the process of rendering observation self-conscious. event: yet it uses the given event to explain its recording. Photogan automatic record through the mediation of light of a given little-understood paradox of the photograph. The photograph is sion transparent and comprehensible. Thus we come to the degree to which the photograph makes the photographer's deciis the degree to which the photograph explains the message, the most banal snapshots. What distinguishes the one from the other This is equally true of very memorable photographs and the

the word cannot enter into photography. the picture.) Composition in the profound, formative sense of photographer arranges every detail of his subject before he takes (Unless we include those absurd studio works in which the to the painter's purpose. This is not the case with photography. relation between forms in a painting is to some degree adaptable that there is some kind of order in what is arranged. Every is an art of arrangement: therefore it is reasonable to demand graph is the well-composed one. Yet this is true only in so far as we think of photographic images imitating painted ones. Painting book on photography talks about composition. The good phototinually comparing photography with the fine arts. Every hand-We must rid ourselves of a confusion brought about by con-

cided that seeing this is worth recording—large and vibrant? graph meaning? What makes its minimal messageing the photograph. What then gives the photograph as photoaccording to the spectator's knowledge of them prior to his see-The events portrayed are in themselves mysterious or explicable The formal arrangement of a photograph explains nothing I have de-

use of the photograph is as a memento of the absent.) poles photography finds its proper meaning. (The most popular aware of the poles of absence and presence. Between these two conviction. What varies is the intensity with which we are made commonplace) carry approximately the same weight, the same corded in any photograph (from the most effective to the most photographing at x moment or at y moment. The objects rephotograph bears witness to a human choice being exercised This choice is not between photographing x and y; but between photography is as close to music as to painting. I have said that a from a play, not with form, but with time. One might argue that The true content of a photograph is invisible, for it derives

All its references are external to itself. Hence the continuum. language in which photography deals is the language of events photographs as one learns to read footprints or cardiograms. The But photography has no language of its own. One learns to read painting interprets the world, translating it into its own language. never direct; it deals in equivalents. Or, to put it another way: the natural world beyond the limits of the painted surface is painting depends upon its internal references. Its reference and presents a moment taken from a continuum. The power of a and by its nature refers to what is not seen. It isolates, preserves A photograph, whilst recording what has been seen, always

a body to love, of a winning race-horse to the race it has run. that of ice to sun, of grief to a tragedy, of a smile to a pleasure, of and what is absent is particular to each photograph: it may be truth of this. The immediate relation between what is present the photograph its unique power. What it shows invokes what is not shown. One can look at any photograph to appreciate the moment he chooses to isolate. Yet this apparent limitation gives photographer. The only decision he can take is as regards the late the confluence of the events he depicts. Not so the still A movie director can manipulate time as a painter can manipu-

records contains a quantum of truth which is generally applica-A photograph is effective when the chosen moment which it

the spectator's mind. graph must still depend upon the general categories already in girl in his pocket, the quantum of truth in an 'impersonal' photoindependent of the spectator. For the man with a Polyfoto of his visual ambiguity, a configuration. Nor can this truth ever be It may be found in an expression, an action, a juxtaposition, a of truth, and the ways in which it can be discerned, vary greatly graph as about what is present in it. The nature of this quantum ble, which is as revealing about what is absent from the photo-

is contained within it. at can be judged by all that I am willingly not showing because it decode it as: The degree to which I believe this is worth looking have decided that seeing this is worth recording, we may now only decision, only focus. The minimal message of a photograph All this may seem close to the old principle of art transforming the particular into the universal. But photography does not deal may be less simple than we first thought. Instead of it being: I in constructs. There is no transforming in photography. There is

necessity of our understanding a weapon which we can use and crucial role of photography in ideological struggle. Hence the which can be used against us. confirming and constructing a total view of reality. as news items. Every photograph is in fact a means of testing, as works of art, as evidence of a particular truth, as likenesses, experience is wasteful and confusing. We think of photographs many times every day—the experience of looking at a photo-graph? Because the simplicity with which we usually treat the Why complicate in this way an experience which we have Hence the

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