



Photonic switching devices by means of polariton redistribution in TMDC's: A comparative analysis between Ψ -shaped and Y-shaped channel guides

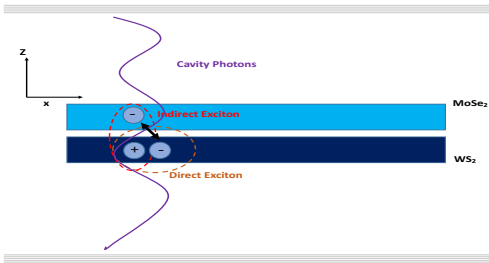
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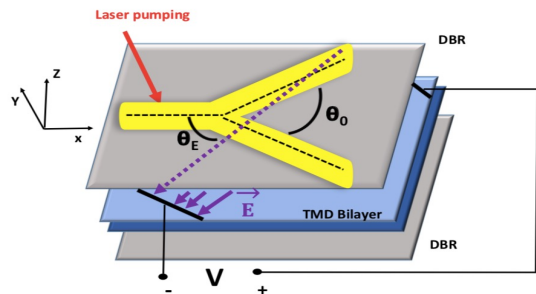
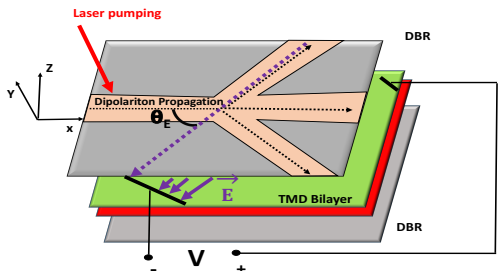
19th Annual City Tech
Poster Session
November 18, 2021

Dipolaritons



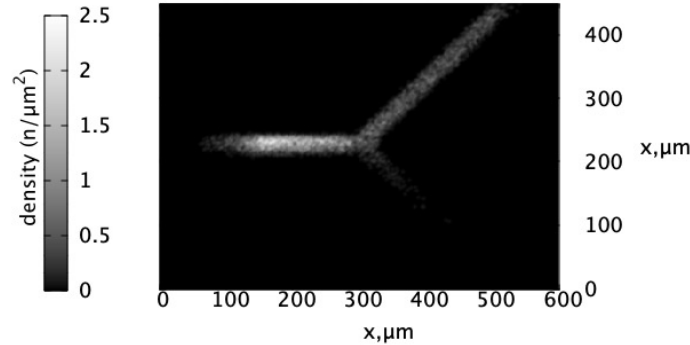
Dipolaritons are a three way superposition of direct exciton, indirect exciton, and cavity photon.

Photonic Switching

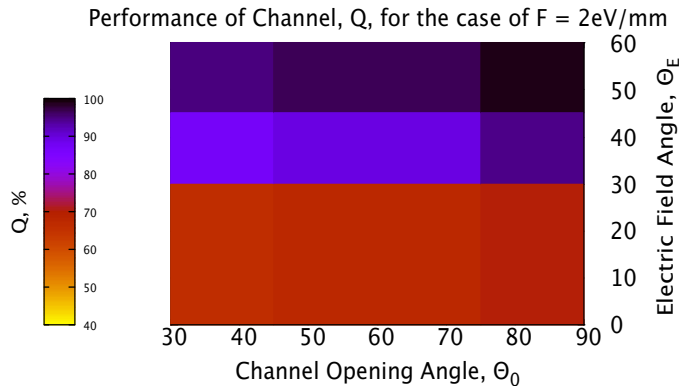


Y-Shaped Channel

$\theta_0 = 90^\circ$, $F = 2.0 \text{ eV/mm}$, $\theta_E = 60^\circ$

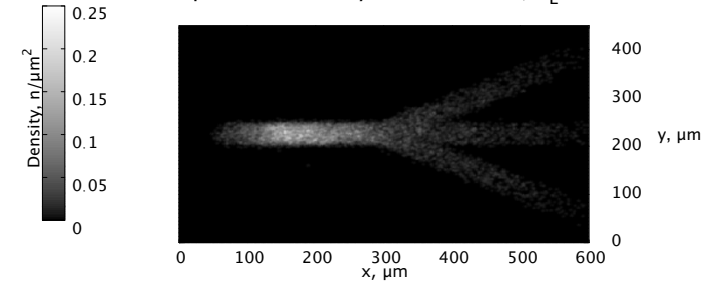


Performance, $Q = \frac{J_{up}}{J_{low} + J_{up}} \times 100\%$

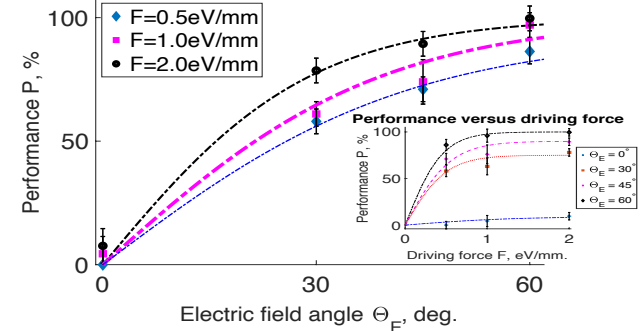


Ψ -Shaped Channel

Dipolariton Density: $F = 0.5 \text{ eV/mm}$, $\theta_E = 0^\circ$



Performance versus electric field angle



Conclusions

- Both Y-shaped and Ψ -shaped channel guides provide high performance values (>90%)
- Performance can be improved upon increase of driving force and electric field angle
- Buffered channel closely replicates distribution of a Y-shaped channel

Acknowledgements

This work is supported by DOD Grant W911NF1810433