

## Test #3 Review

### Practice Circuits. #1

#### Webwork problem #2

A series circuit has a capacitor of  $\frac{1}{27} \times 10^{-6}$  F and an inductor of 3H

If the initial charge on the capacitor is  $1 \times 10^{-2}$  and there is no initial current, Find the charge on the capacitor  $Q(t)$ .

$$C = \frac{1}{27} \times 10^{-6} \text{ F} \quad L = 3\text{H} \quad Q(0) = 1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ C}$$

$$Q'(0) = I(0) = 0 \text{ A} \quad R = 0 \Omega \quad E(t) = 0$$

$$LQ'' + RQ' + \frac{1}{C}Q = 0$$

$$3Q'' + 0Q' + \frac{1}{(\frac{1}{27} \times 10^{-6})}Q = 0$$

$$27000000Q + 3Q'' = 0$$

$$3Q'' + 27000000Q = 0$$

$$3r^2 + 27000000 = 0$$

$$\frac{3r^2}{3} = -\frac{27000000}{3}$$

← differential equation for closed circuit

$$3Q'' + 27000000Q = 0$$

$$3r^2 + 27000000 = 0$$

$$\frac{3r^2}{3} = -\frac{27000000}{3}$$

$$r^2 = 9000000$$

$$\sqrt{r^2} = \sqrt{9000000}$$

$$r = \pm 3000i \quad \text{or} \quad 0 \pm 3000i$$

$$Q(t) = e^{-\lambda t} (A \sin(\omega t) + B \cos(\omega t))$$

$$Q(t) = e^{0t} (A \sin(3000t) + B \cos(3000t))$$

$$Q(t) = A \sin(3000t) + B \cos(3000t)$$

Derivative

$$\rightarrow Q'(t) = 3000 A \cos(3000t) - B \sin(3000t)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} A \sin(3000t) + B \cos(3000t) &= 1 \times 10^{-2} \\ A \sin(3000(0)) + B \cos(3000(0)) &= 1 \times 10^{-2} \\ A(0) + B(1) &= 1 \times 10^{-2} \\ B &= 1 \times 10^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q'(0) &= 0 \\ 3000 A \cos(3000(0)) - B \sin(3000(0)) &= 0 \\ 3000 A \cos(3000(0)) - B \sin(3000(0)) &= 0 \\ 3000(A(1) - B(0)) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3000 A}{3000} = \frac{0}{3000} \quad A = 0$$

$$Q(t) = A \sin(3000t) + B \cos(3000t)$$

$$Q(t) = 0 \sin(3000t) + (1 \times 10^{-2}) \cos(3000t)$$

$$Q(t) = (1 \times 10^{-2}) \cos(3000t)$$

$$\boxed{Q(t) = 0.01 \cos(3000t)}$$

Formula for the charge on the  
Capacitor