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Math 2680

Assignment

5.61

$$2) \quad x^2 y'' + x y' - y = \frac{4}{x^2}, \quad y_1 = x$$

$$y = ux \quad y' = u'x + u$$

$$y'' = u''x + 2u'$$

$$x^2(u''x + 2u') + x(u'x + u) - (ux) = \frac{4}{x^2}$$

$$x^3 u'' + 2x^2 u' + x^2 u' + x u - x u = \frac{4}{x^2}$$

$$x^3 u'' + 3x^2 u' = \frac{4}{x^2}$$

$$u'' + \frac{3u'}{x} = \frac{4}{x^5}$$

$$z' + \frac{3}{x}z = \frac{4}{x^5}$$

$$z = vx \quad v'x = \frac{4}{x^5}$$

$$v' = \frac{4}{x^6}$$

$$v = \frac{-4}{5x^5} + C_1$$

$$u' = z = vx = \left(\frac{-4}{5x^5} + C_1\right)x = \int \frac{-4}{5}x^{-5} + C_1 x$$

$$u = \frac{-4}{5} \cdot -4 x^{-4} + \frac{C_1 x^2}{2} + C_2$$

$$y = ux = \frac{16}{5}x^{-4} \cdot x + \frac{C_1 x^3}{2} + C_2 x$$

$$y = \frac{16}{5} x^{-3} + \frac{C_1 x^3}{2} + C_2 x$$

if $C_1 = C_2 = 0$ then $y_p = \frac{16}{5} x^{-3}$

so $y = \frac{16}{5} x^{-3} + C_1 x^3 + C_2 x$