## MODULE 4 INVERSE FUNCTIONS AND LONG DIVISION

Name:\_\_\_\_\_

Points:\_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 1.** Find the inverse of the given function.

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-5} + 5$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 7}{8 - 5x^2}$$
, for  $x \ge 0$ 

(c) 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 3$$
, for  $x \ge 0$ 

(d) 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 3$$
, for  $x \le 0$ 

Exercise 2. Check if the functions are inverses of each other. If so, what are the domains and ranges where they are inverses? (a)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+6}$  and  $g(x) = (x-6)^2$ 

(b) 
$$f(x) = |x|$$
 and  $g(x) = x$ 

(c) 
$$f(x) = |x|$$
 and  $g(x) = -x$ 

**Exercise 3.** Divide using long division.

(a)  $(x^4 + 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 9x + 8) \div (x+4) =$ 

(b) 
$$(6x^3 + 5x^2 - 14x - 10) \div (2x + 3) =$$

## Exercise 4.

(a) Check that 2 is a root of  $f(x) = x^5 - 4x^3 + 7x - 14$  and use this to factor f.

(b) Check that 
$$-3$$
 is a root of  $f(x) = x^3 + 8x^2 + 18x + 9$  and use this to factor  $f$ .