

## MAT1575 Module 4 – Taylor Polynomials.

**Objectives:** To compute and graph Taylor polynomial approximations using Desmos.

1. Compute  $p_5(x)$  at the given  $a$  value for the following functions.
  - (a)  $f(x) = \sin(x)$  at  $a = 0$
  - (b)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}$  at  $a = 0$  (Hint: Think about the geometric series from MAT1375.)
  - (c)  $f(x) = \ln(1-x)$  at  $a = 0$  (Hint: Compare the first derivative of this problem to the previous one.)
2. Compute  $p_2(x)$  for  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$  at  $a = 1$ .
3. Use Desmos to complete the following tasks.
  - (a) Plot  $\ln(1-x)$  and  $p_5(x)$  at  $a = 0$ . (Hint: To plot  $p_5(x)$ , define  $f(x)$  as  $\ln(1-x)$  and use  $f'(x)$ ,  $f''(x)$ , etc to compute its derivatives.)
  - (b) Highlight the set of points  $(x, y)$  such that  $|\ln(1-x) - y| < 0.5$ . (Hint:  $|x - y| < 0.5$  means that  $x - 0.5 < y$  and  $y < x + 0.5$ .)
  - (c) For what values of  $x$  is the approximation  $p_5(x)$  of  $\ln(1-x)$  within 0.5 of the right answer?
  - (d) Use  $p_5(x)$  to estimate the value of  $\ln(2)$ . (Hint: A smart choice of  $x$  and the fact that  $-\ln(x) = \ln(\frac{1}{x})$  means that you can get an answer that is within 0.01 of the right value.)