

# Reverse Engineered PET Machine

Michael Torres Fall 23



# Description

I've learned that the entertainment industry is very wasteful. I learned that 3D printing has the potential to be most beneficial for producing high-value props and models.

But 3D printing also has the potential to create a ton of waste with failed prints and support material becoming unavoidable trashed. By reverse engineering a PET machine I will fabricate one myself using the skills I have learned when it come to fabrication.

# Responsibility

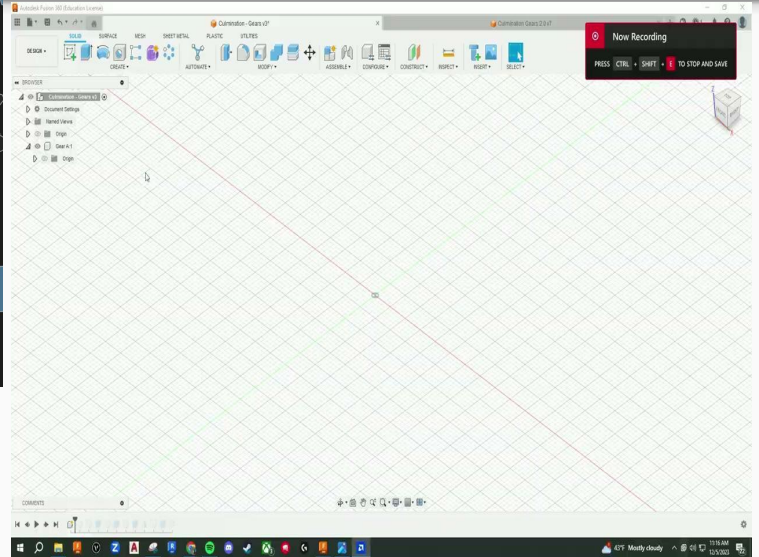
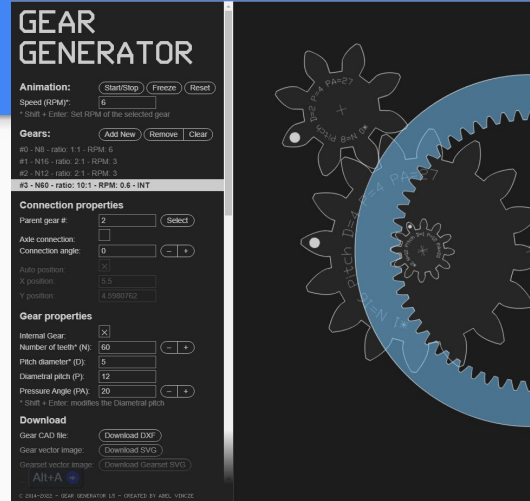
I will be ...

- Modeling and fabricating using Fusion 360 and Cura programs.
- Circuiting electronics and electrical components.

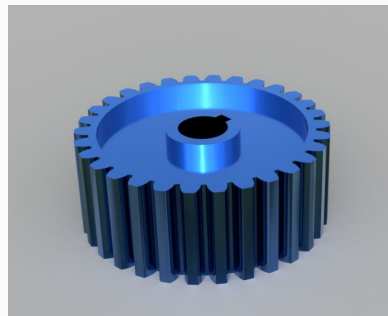


# Process part 2

# Gears!!



Using GearGenerator.com I was able to simulate the gears I would needed to connect to the motor



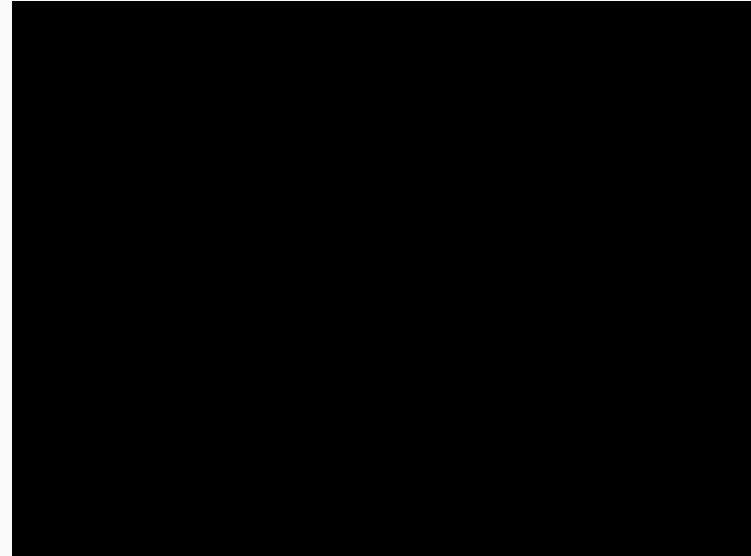
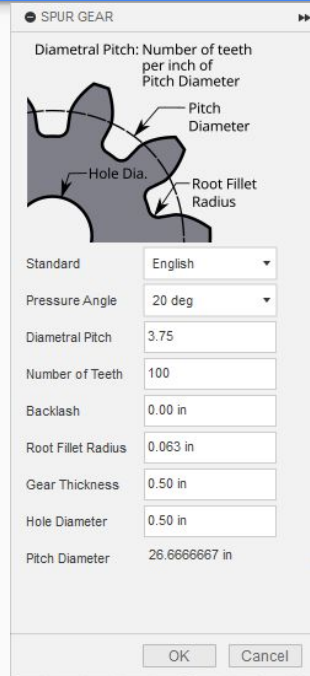
\*First gear made manually

Process part 2 cont..

# Gears!!

Fusion 360 has some useful plugins.

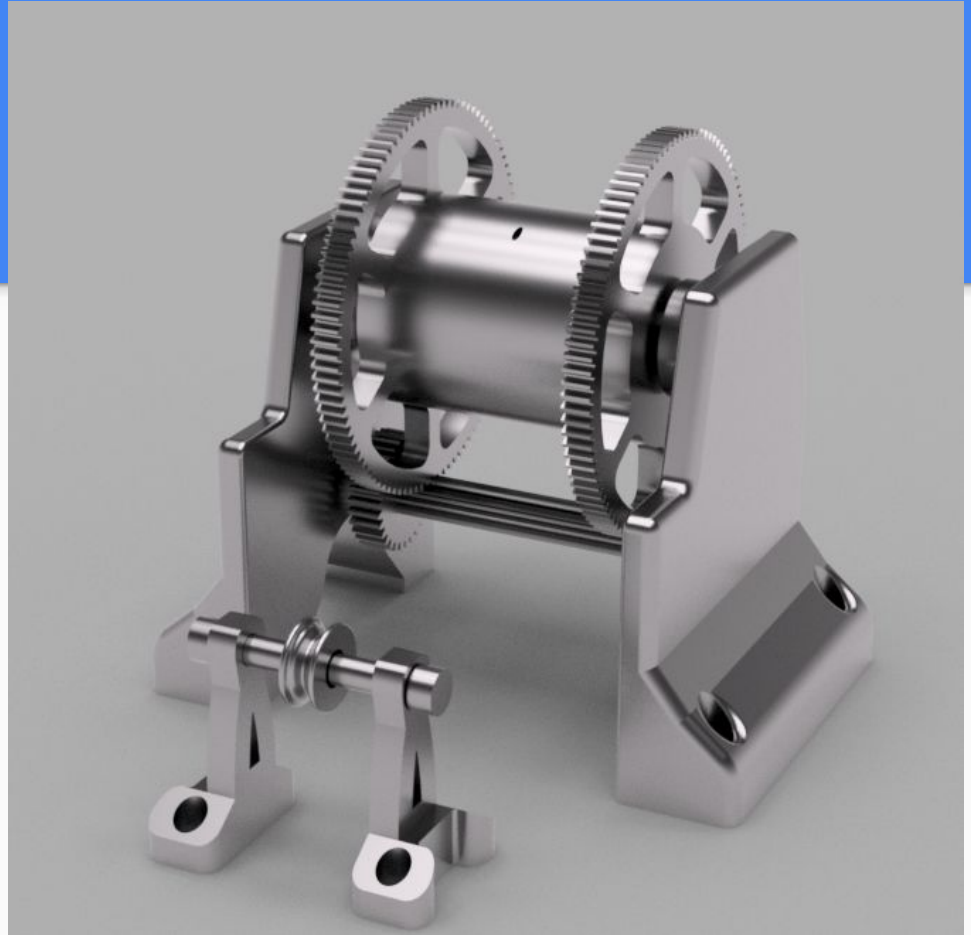
Like the SPUR GEAR tool which made modeling the gears I needed much faster.



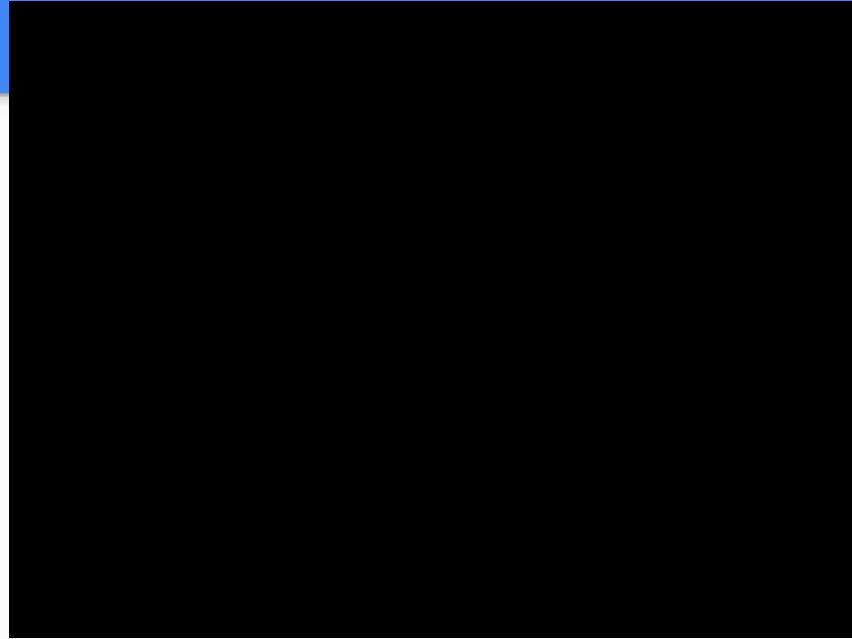
## Process part 2 cont..

I needed to make many other parts such as...

- Arms - to hold the gears in place so they rotate without binding up.
- Guide - to guide the filament into the spool attached to the big gear.
- Mount - to hold the motor in place.



Process part 2 cont..



# Process part 3

# Electronics

The most important parts on my shopping list are...

Culmination Budget				
Filiment Machine				
Michael Torres				
Material	Unit	Quantity	Cost per unit	Total Cost
<a href="#">3D printer aluminum block</a>	block	1	\$13.99	\$13.99
<a href="#">DC 12V Gear Motor</a>	motor	1	\$14.99	\$14.99
<a href="#">Power Cord</a>	cord	2	\$4.50	\$9.00
<a href="#">12v power supply</a>	power supply	1	\$4.50	\$4.50
<a href="#">Temperature controller</a>	controller	1	\$28.98	\$28.98
<a href="#">Motor controller</a>	controller	1	\$39.98	\$39.98
<a href="#">SSR</a>	relay	2	\$6.45	\$12.90
<a href="#">Heating Element 24v</a>	component	5	\$2.00	\$10.00
<a href="#">Digital PID Temp controller</a>	controller	1	\$19.00	\$19.00
			Total Cost:	\$153.34

Motor



Heating Element



Temperature controller(s)



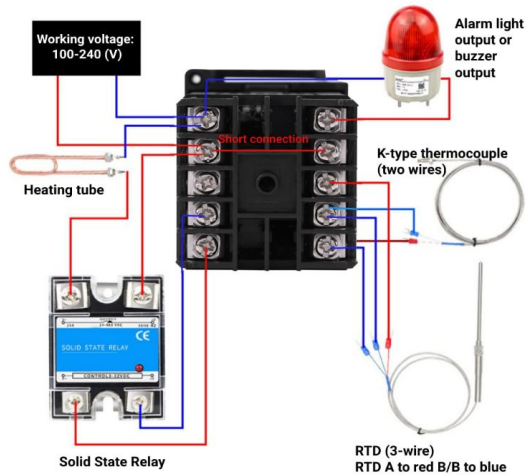
Motor Controller



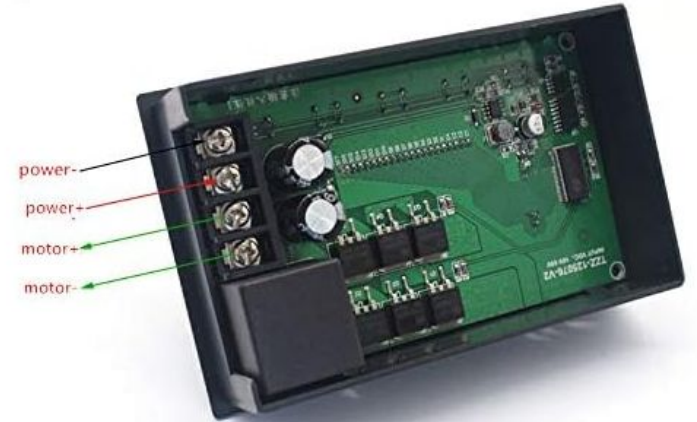


# Process part 3 cont

# Electronics

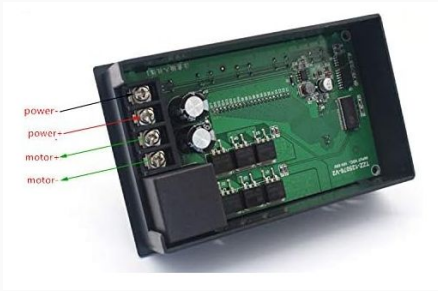


Both the temperature controller and motor controller came with some easy to read diagrams for making the proper connections.

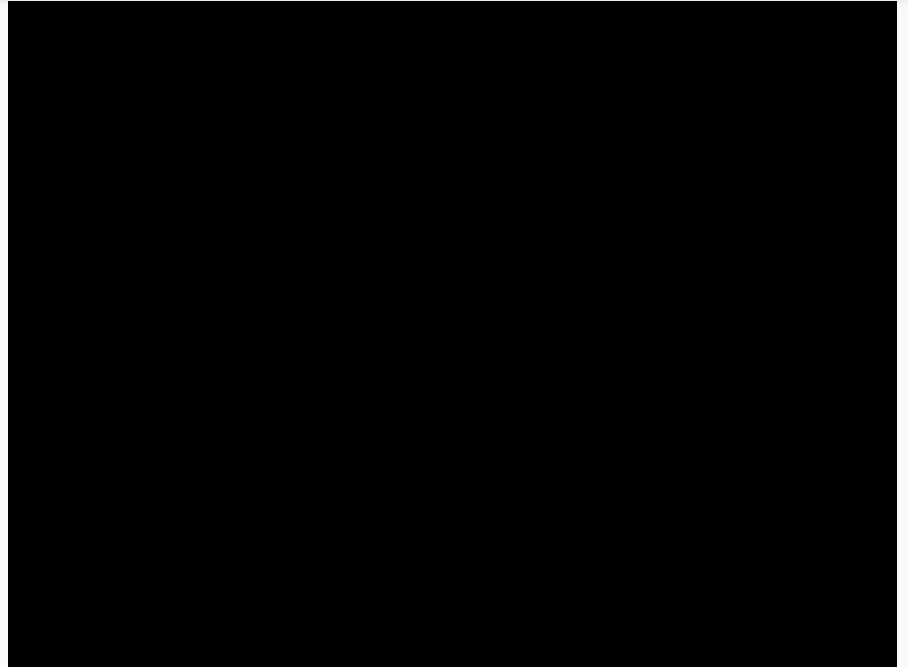


## Process part 3 cont

# Electronics

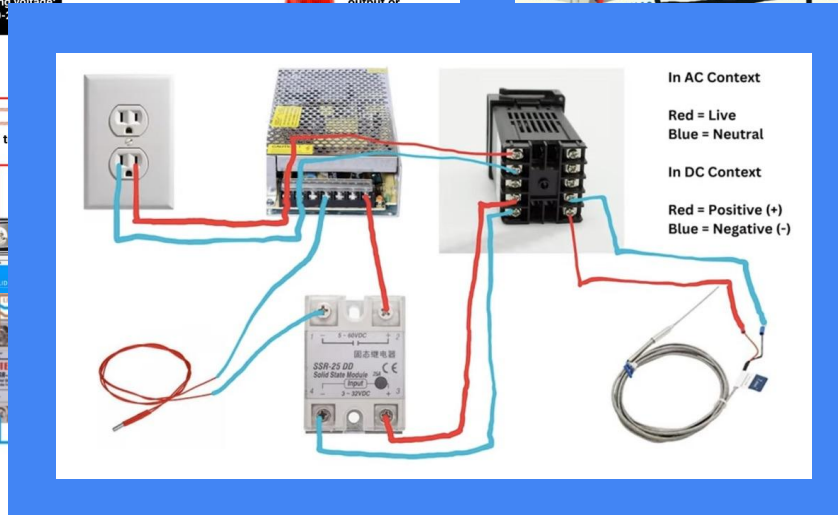
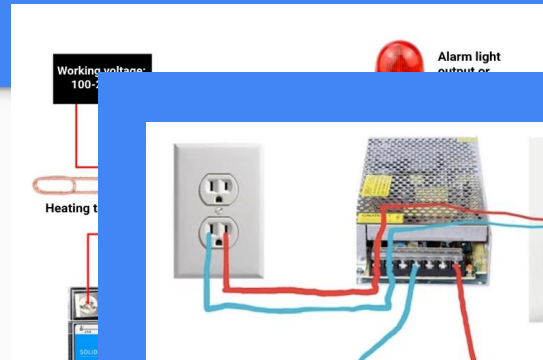
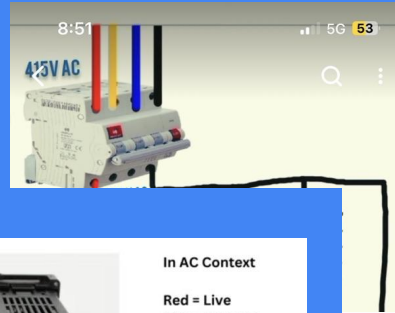


The motor was tested and left alone until the whole system was ready to come together.

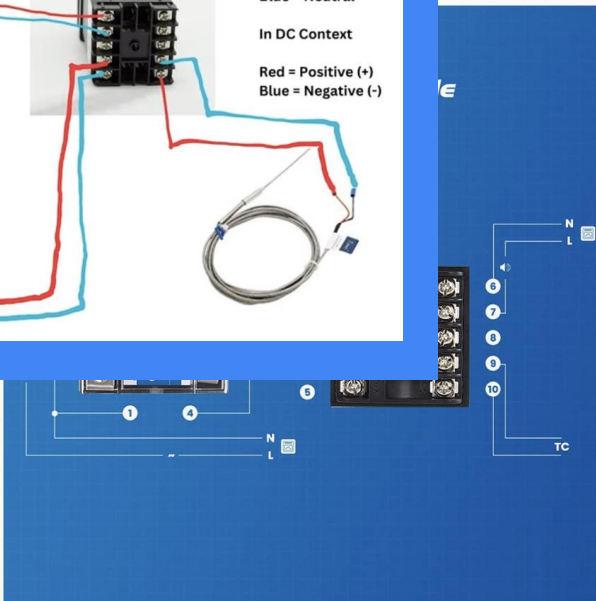


# Process part 3 cont

# Electronics



**CONNECT THE OTHER ONE PIN OF THE HEATER BAND AT THE NEUTRAL PIN OF THE MAIN SUPPLY**



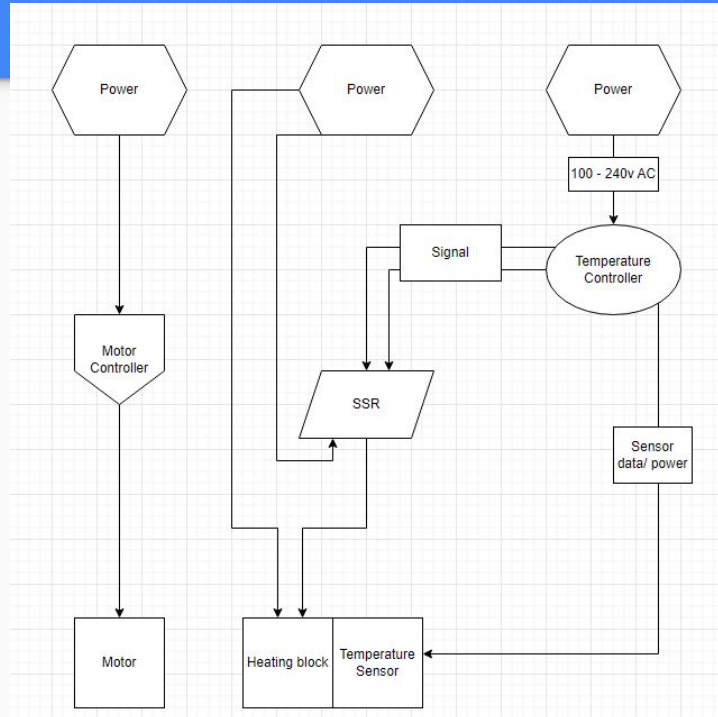
The primary use for the temperature controller is for things like industrial ovens and incubators.

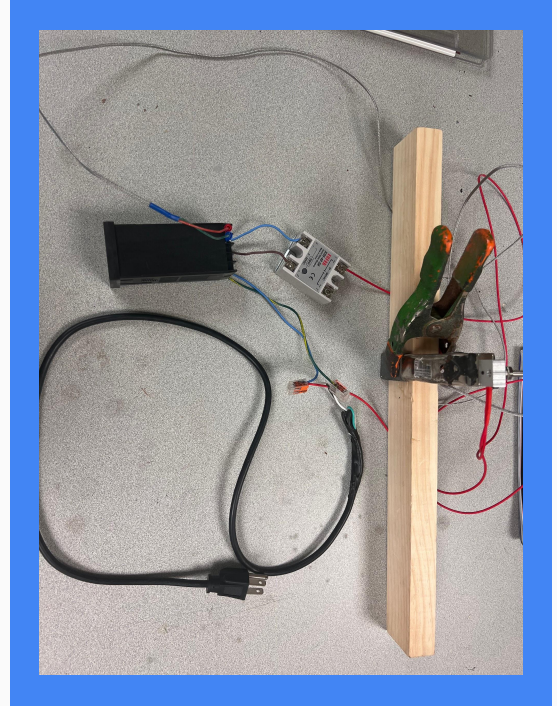
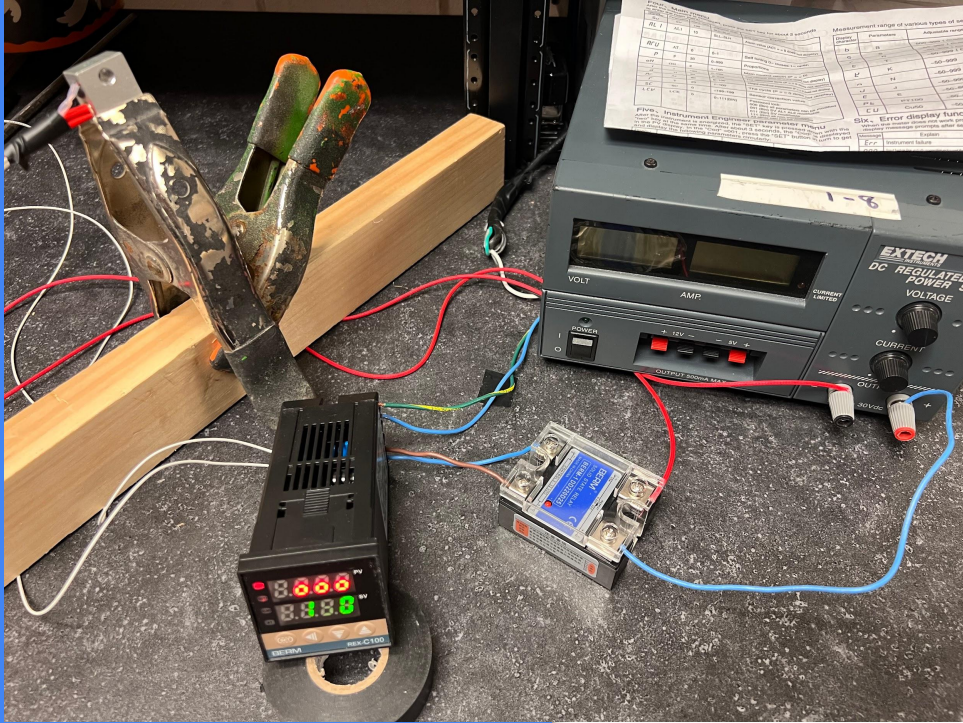
Some diagrams reflected that I can use one or two different power sources so I decided to go with the two, too not over complicate the system.

# Process part 3 cont

# Electronics

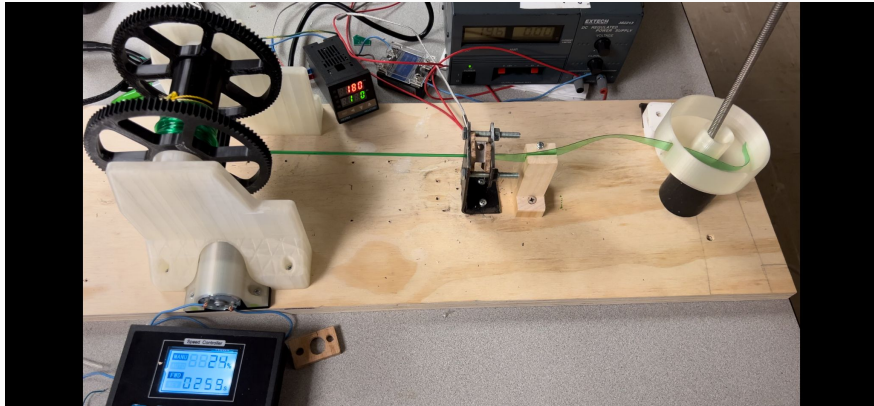
## System Diagram





## Process part 4

# Assembly



There was no plan when it came to assembling the parts together.

Things like the...

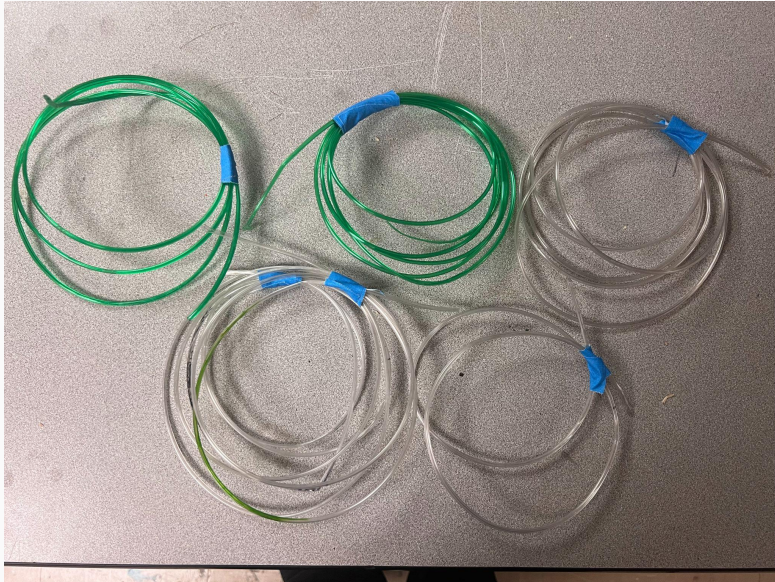
Gears/motor - placed first on one end

Heating block - was placed next

Guide - was left last.

## Process part 5

# Extruding



When it came to pulling filament it was all just trial and error, some of the parameters were for...

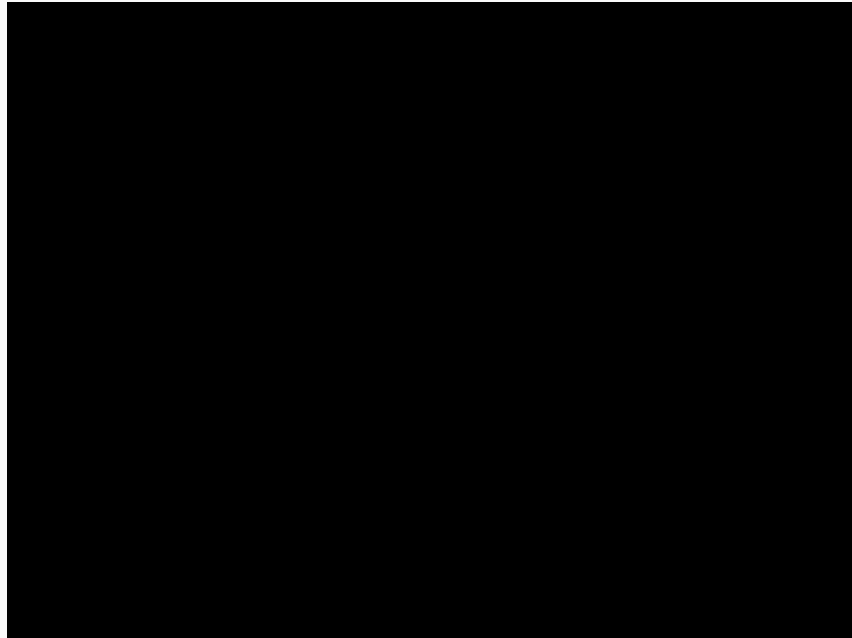
Temperature - Not too hot, not cold

Motor speed - Faster or slower

Along with voltage and current

Process part 5 cont

Extruding





# Problems and solutions

## Electronics/ wiring

- When I would assemble the temperature controller It wouldn't heat up the block.

Solution: Two power supplies

- The temperature wouldn't stay consistent.

Solution: PID (Proportional – Integral – Derivative) Controller

- After getting a new temperature controller the SSR would not activate properly (caused components to fry).

Solution: A change over from AC current to DC

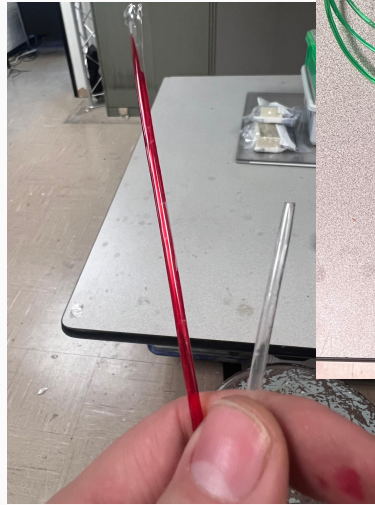
- After properly mounting the heating block could not reach set temperature

Solution: Oak! (250 - 400°C)

# Problems and solutions

- Filament was coming out misshapen.  
Solution: Raising the the height of the extruding nozzle

## Pulling Filament



## Challenges

- No experience with electronics
- No previous fabrication experience
- Constantly needing to wait for new parts
- Time management
- Prototyping different tasks

## What I learn

- I have greater understanding on how to model in Fusion 360
- I'm more comfortable formatting/arranging files for better quality prints
- I learned how to prioritize certain task over others
- More practice with assembling electronics
- Further developed my creative problem solving skills

# Things I would do differently/ to improve

Model and print mounts for electronics

A singular power supply

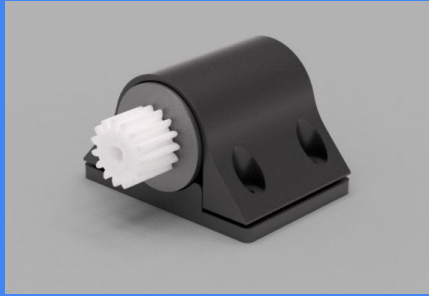
Redesign gear system to sit lower

I would design a better ribbon cutter

Add Hardware

Redesign the spool to be larger

Thank you!



Any Questions?

