

Shear and Bending Moment Diagram

Summer 2020

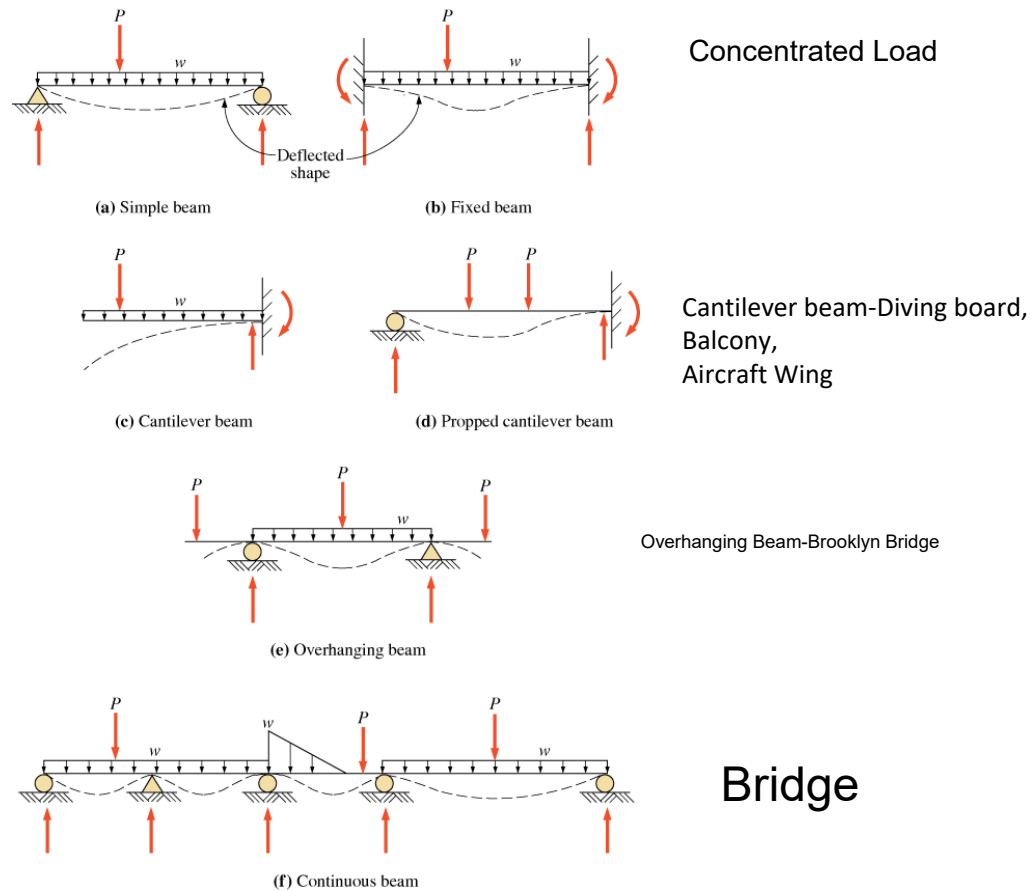
Dr. Akm Rahman

Type	Real Support	Idealized Support	Reactions Provided
Roller (a)			
Pin or knife edge (b)			
Fixed (c)			

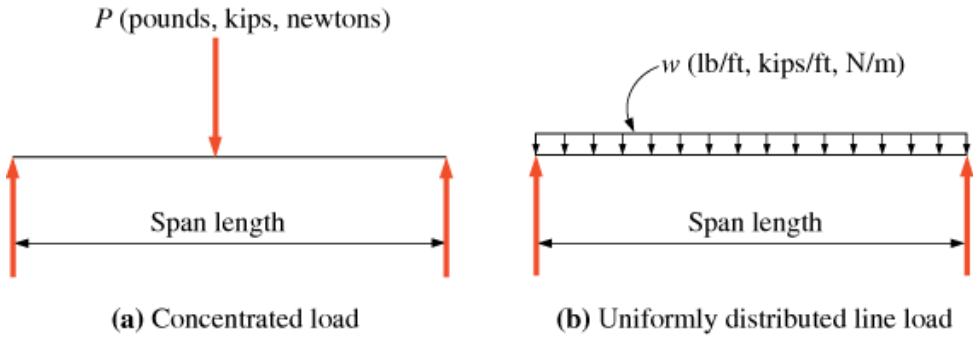
Simply Supported Beam

Cantilever Beam

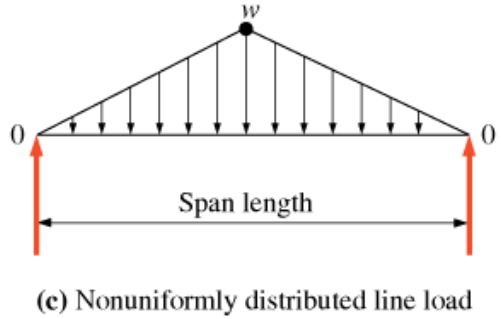
Beam Types



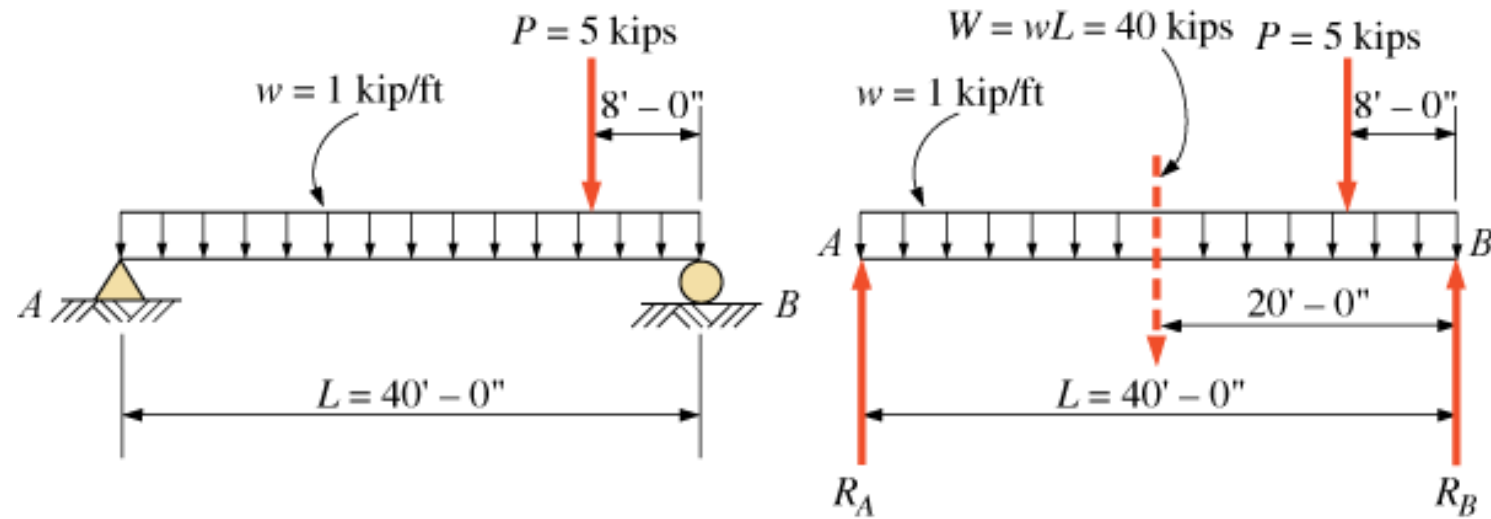
Types of Loads



Steel beam
 w =Weight of beam per unit length,
Lb/ft, N/m



(c) Nonuniformly distributed line load

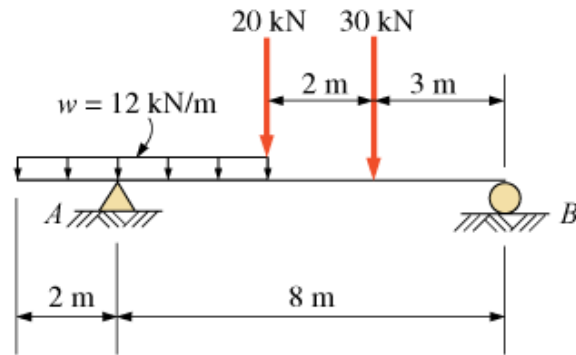


(a) Beam diagram

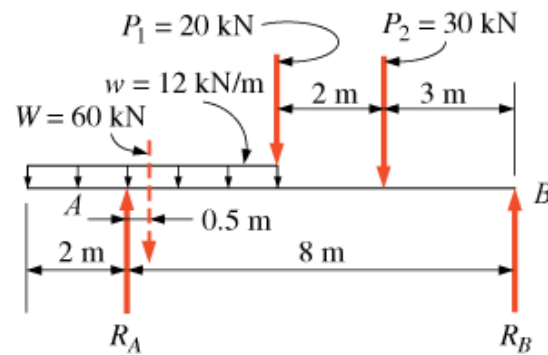
(b) Load diagram

Take moment at point B, M_B $R_A \cdot 40 = 40 \cdot 20 + 5 \cdot 8$
 So, $R_A = 21$ kip

Take all the forces in Y dir--- $R_A + R_B = 40 + 5$, So $R_B = 45 - 21 = 24$ kip



(a) Beam diagram

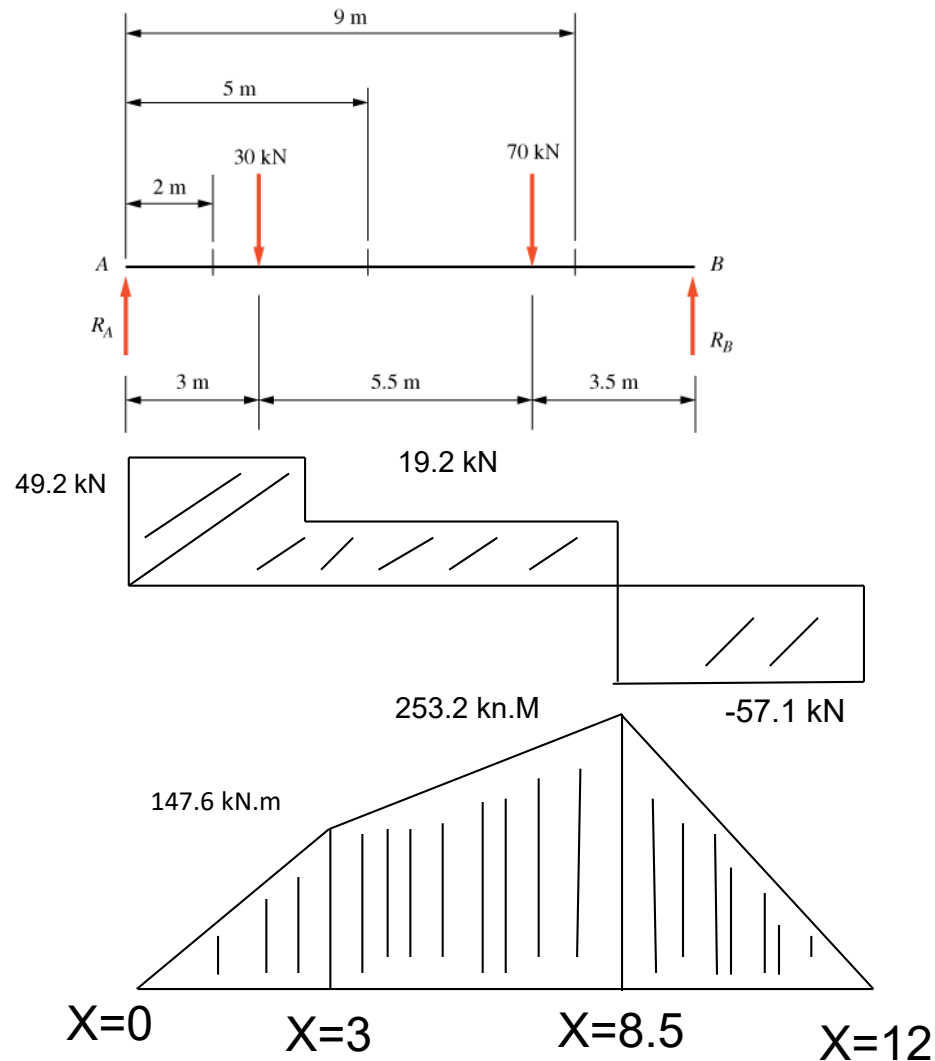


(b) Load diagram

Moment=load*vertical distance

Take Moment at point B,
 $-R_a \cdot 8 + 60 \cdot 7.5 + 20 \cdot 5 + 30 \cdot 3 = 0$
 $R_a = 80 \text{ kN} = 80,000 \text{ N}$

$R_b = ? = 30 \text{ kN}$



We Will learn
Reaction,
Shear &
Moment Diagram

Shear Diagram

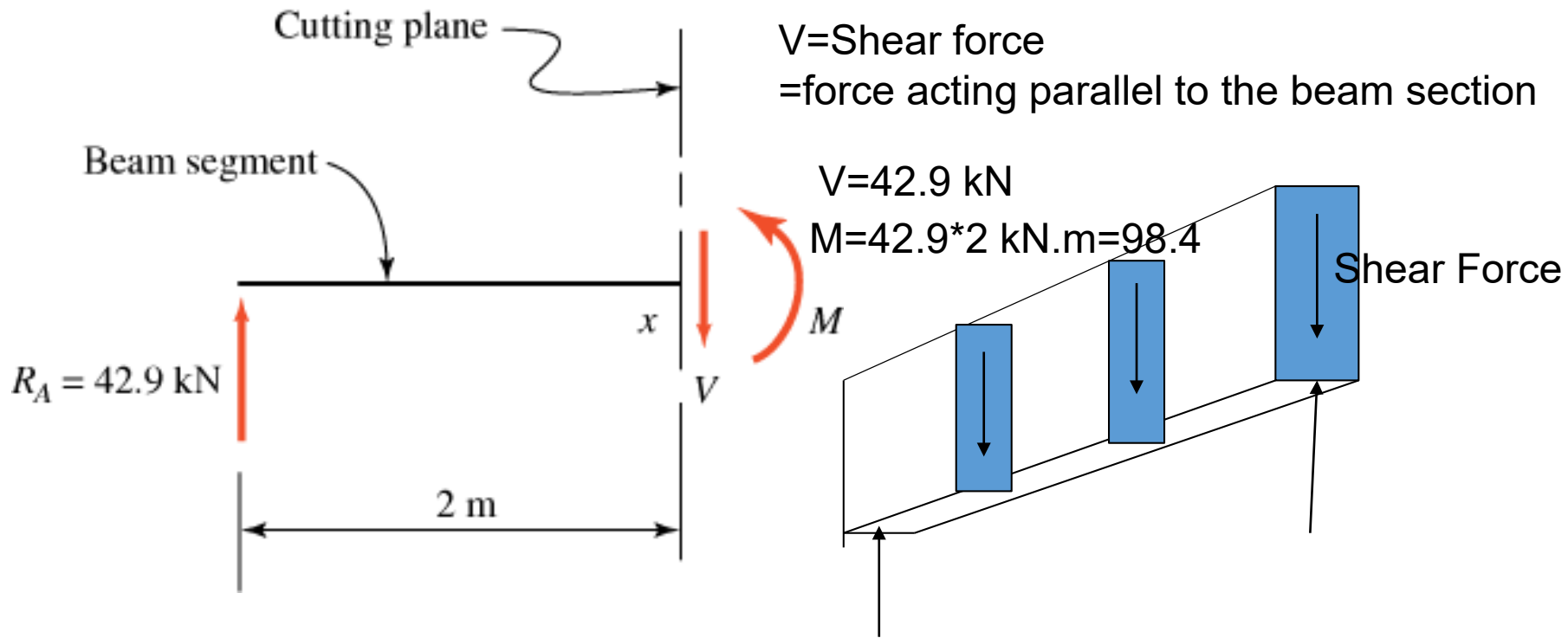
$$R_a = 49.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$M \text{ at } 3 \text{ m} = 49.2 \times 3 = 147.6 \text{ kN.M}$$

$$M \text{ at } 8.5 \text{ m} = 49.2 \times 8.5 - 30 \times 5.5 = 253.2 \text{ kN.M}$$

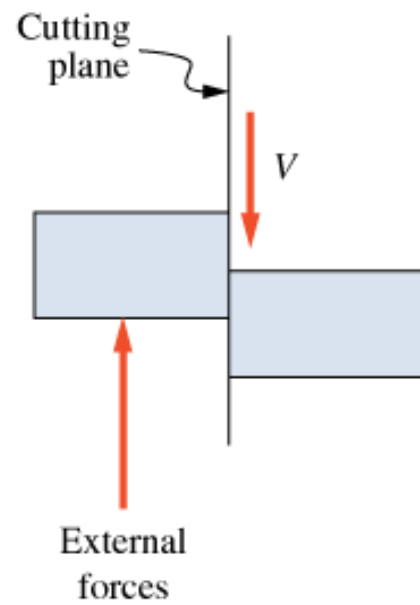
$$M \text{ at } 12 \text{ m} = 0$$

Moment Diagram

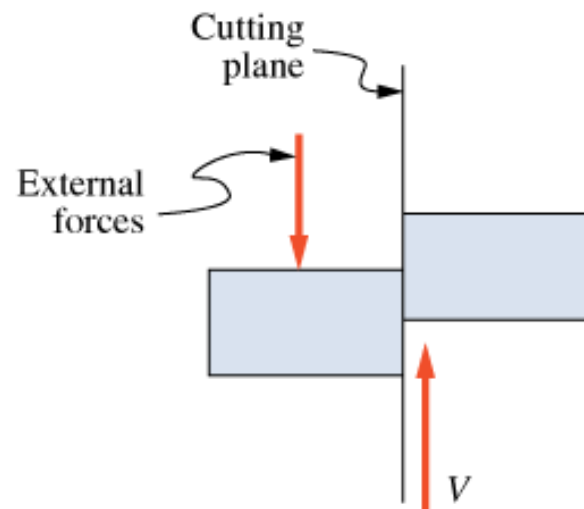


Shear Force Diagram = Shear force along the length

Shear force , V is internal force; internal resistance to external force

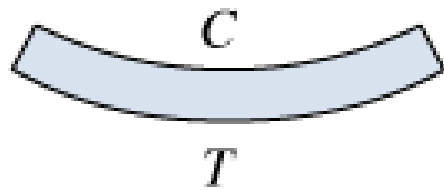


(a) Positive internal shear (+)

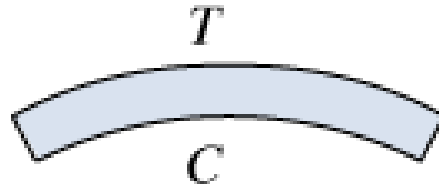


(b) Negative internal shear (-)

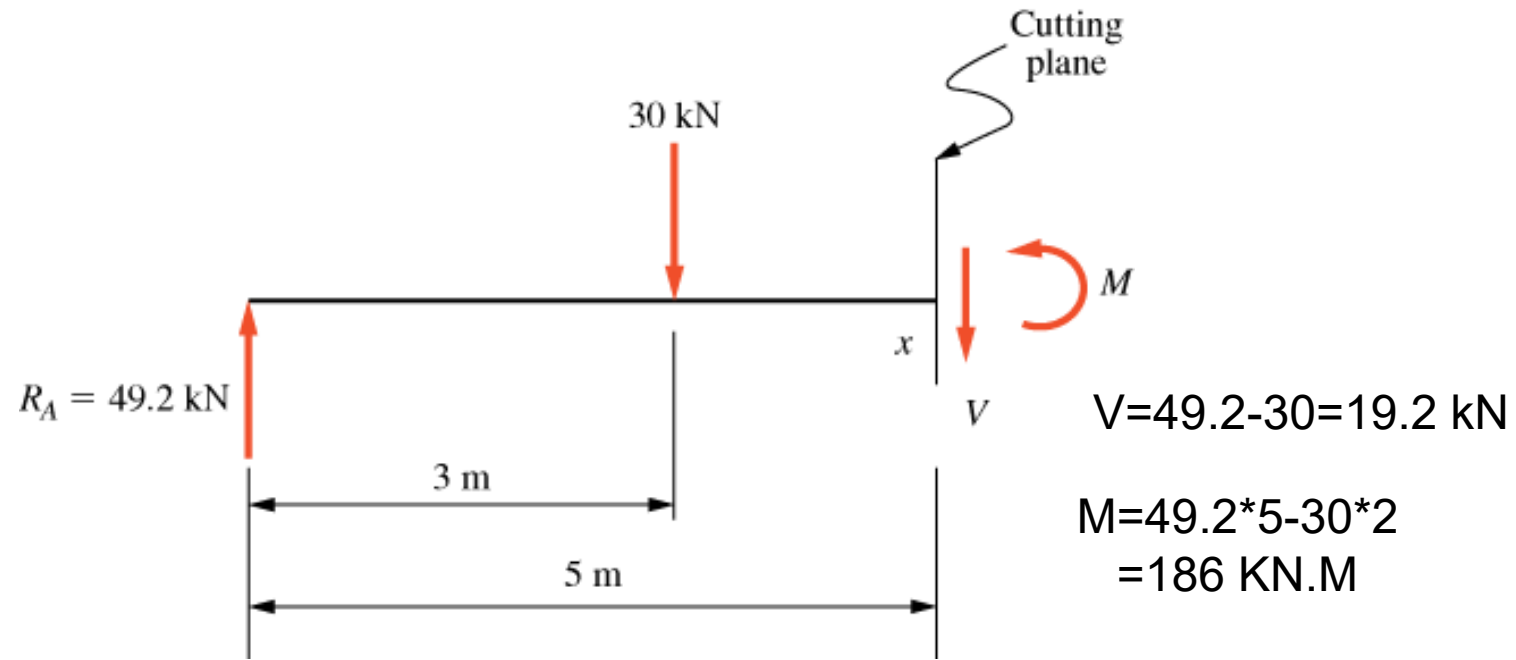
Now consider bending moment

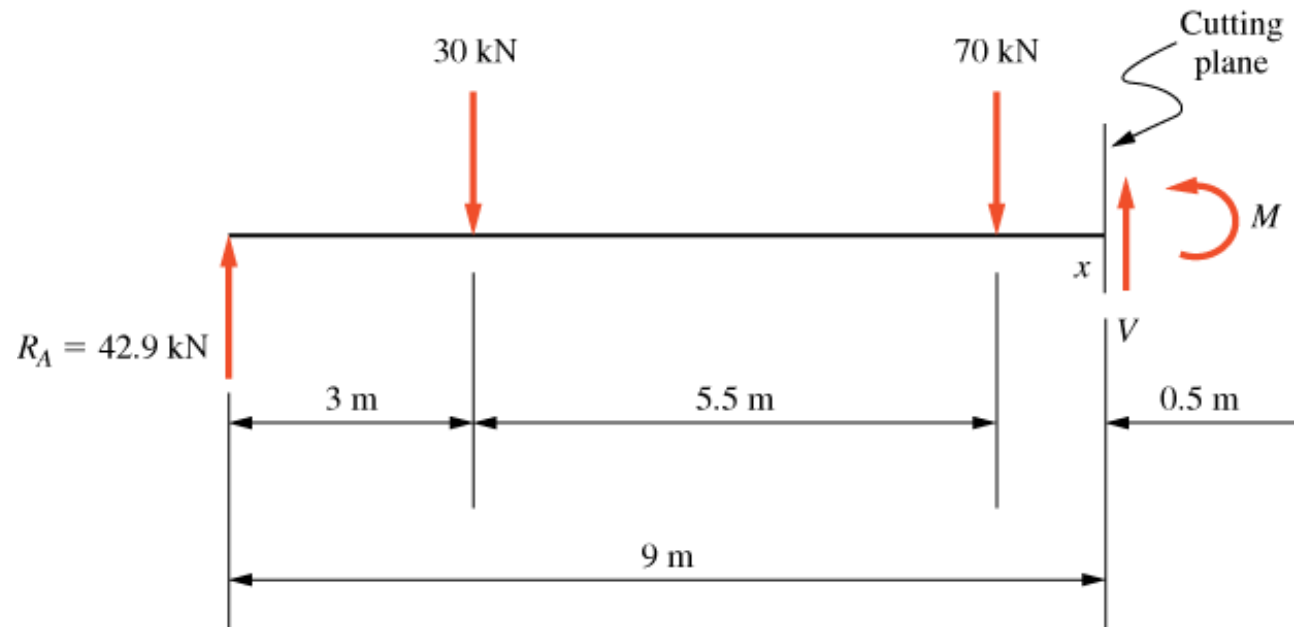


(a) Positive internal bending moment



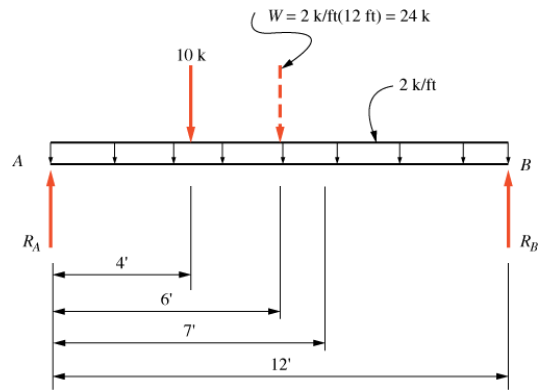
(b) Negative internal bending moment





$$V = 42.9 - 30 - 70 = -57.1 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = 171.1 \text{ kN.m}$$

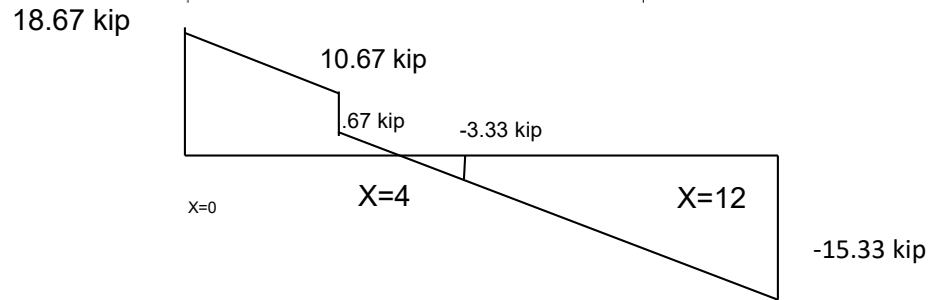


$w = 2 \text{ kip/ft}$

Load Diagram

Find Shear and Moment Diagram

Take moment at A,
 $R_b = (10 \cdot 4 + 24 \cdot 6) / 12 = 15.33 \text{ Kip}$
 $R_a = 18.67 \text{ kip}$



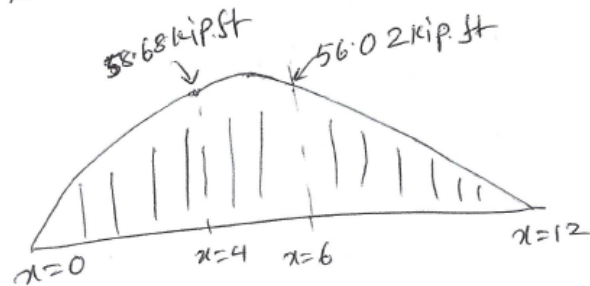
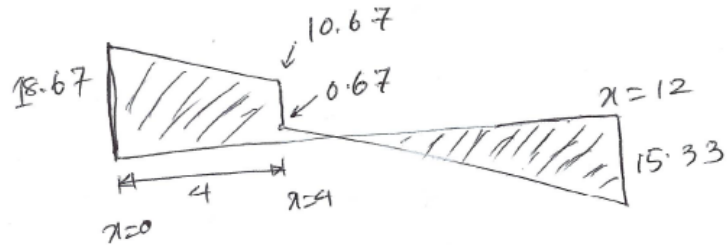
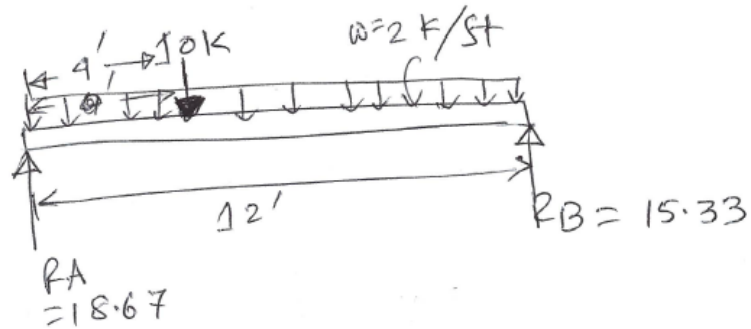
$$V \text{ at left of } x=4 \dots 18.67 - w \cdot x = 18.67 - 2 \cdot 4 = 10.67 \text{ kip}$$

$$\text{Right of } x = 4 \dots 10.67 - 10 = .67 \text{ kip}$$

$$V \text{ at } x = 6 \dots 18.67 - 10 - w \cdot x = -3.33 \text{ kip}$$

$$M \text{ at left of } x = 4 \dots 18.67 \cdot 4 - w \cdot x^2 / 2 = 58.68 \text{ kip.ft}$$

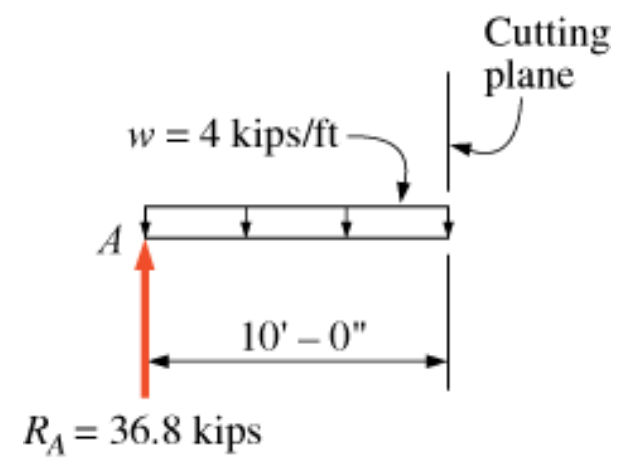
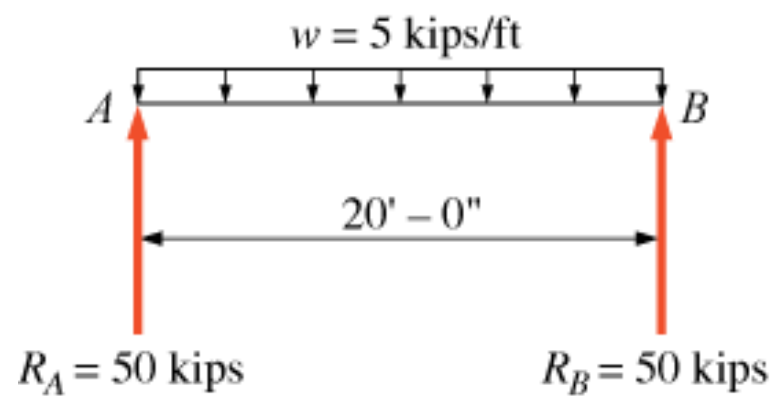
Shear and Moment Diagram in the next page

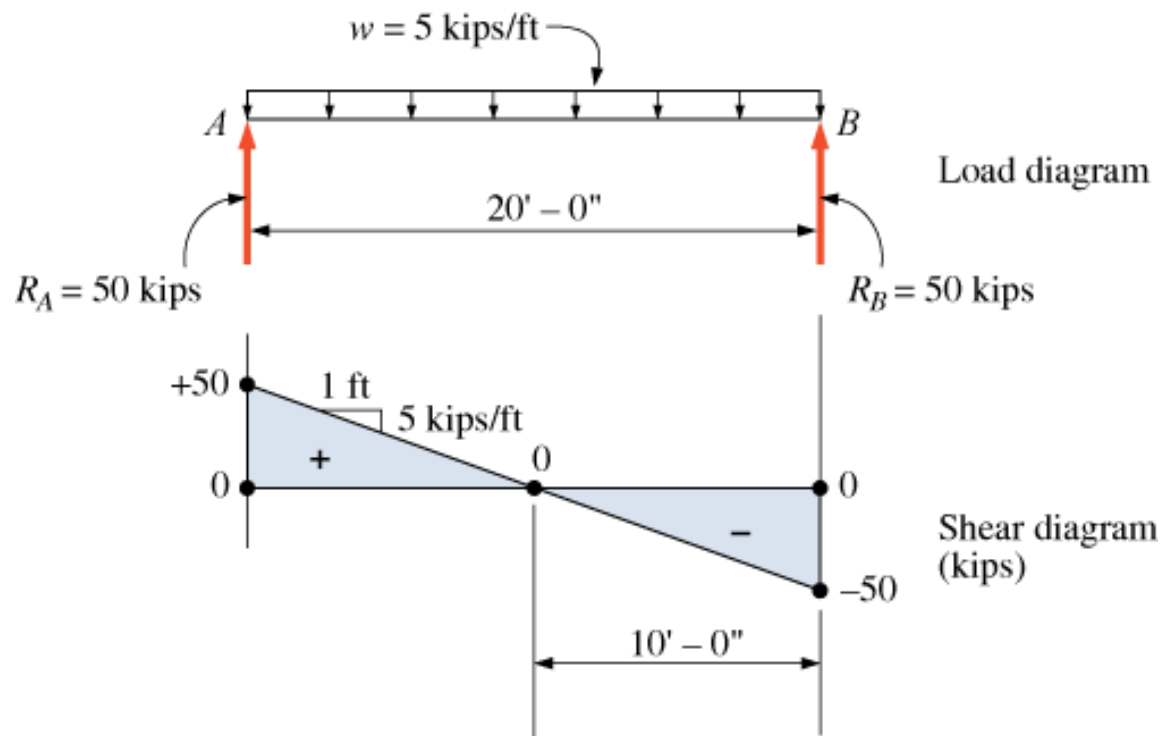


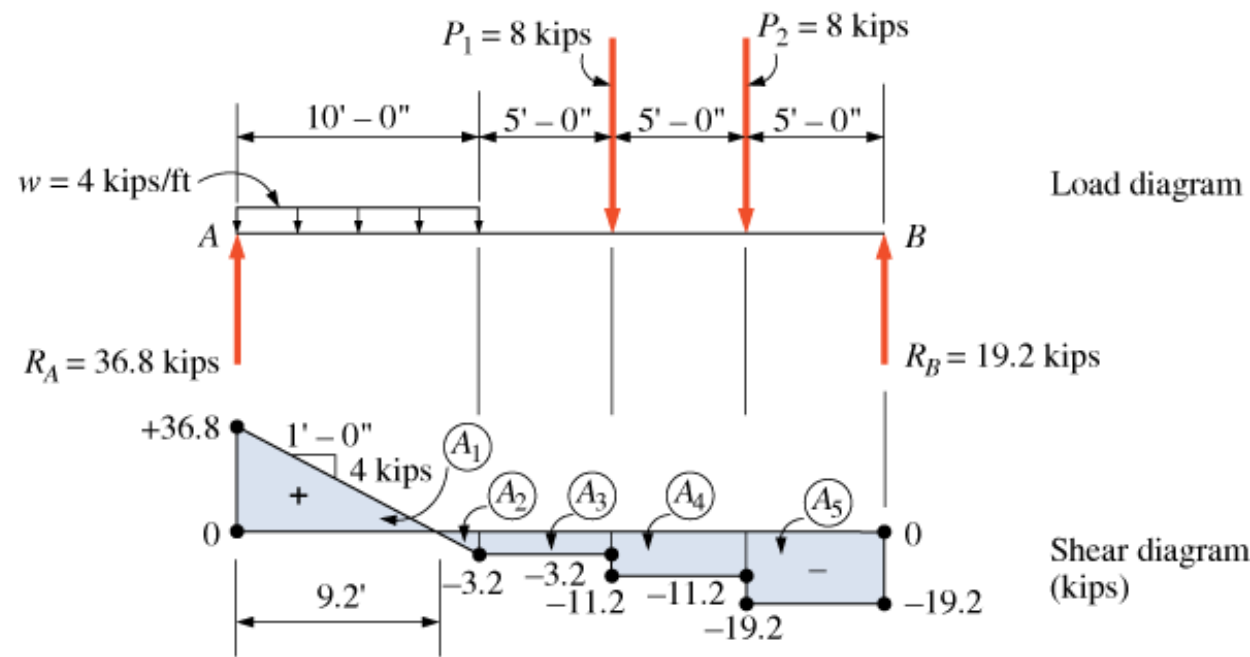
$$\begin{aligned}
 M_{x=4} &= R_A \cdot x - \frac{w \cdot x^2}{2} \\
 &= 18.67 \times 4 - \frac{2 \times 16}{2} \\
 &= 58.68
 \end{aligned}$$

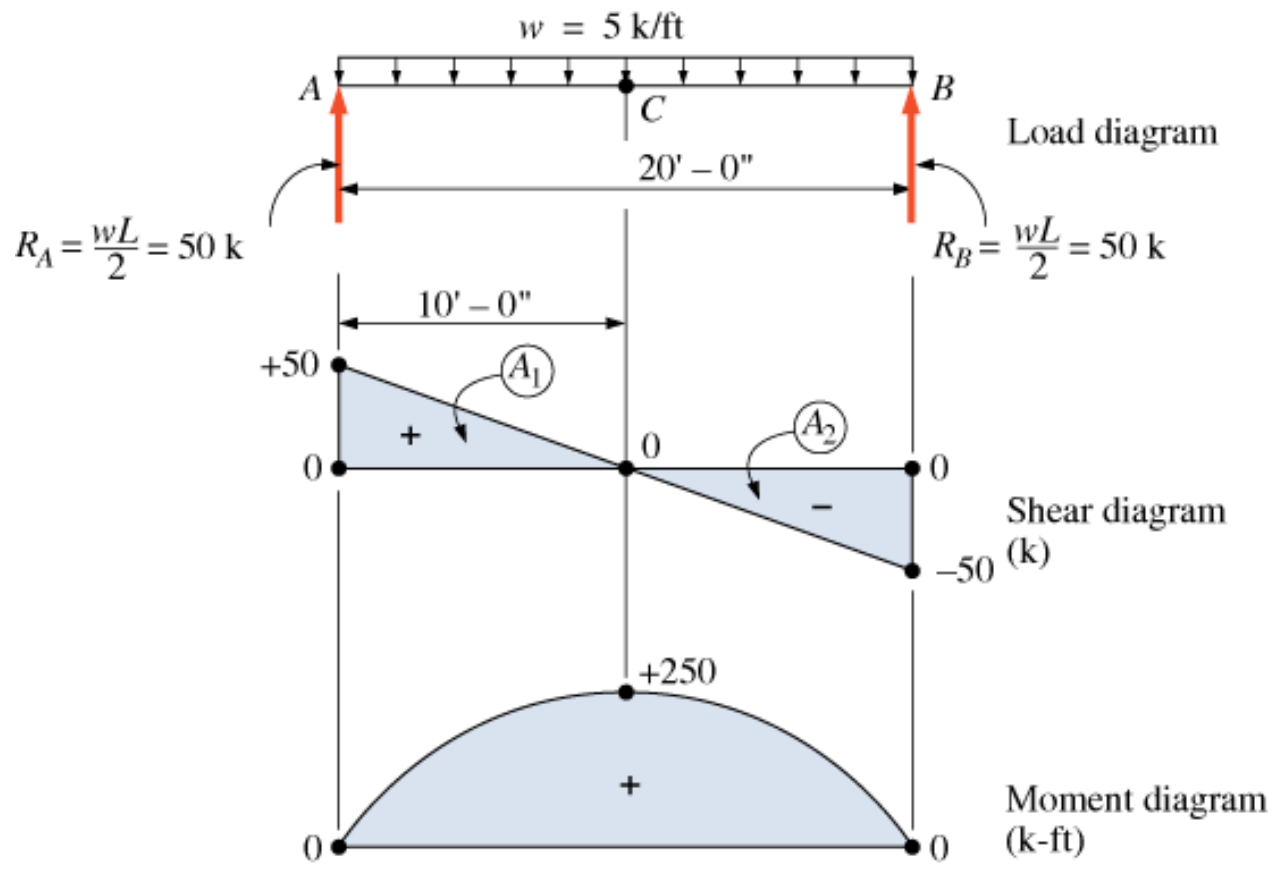
$$\begin{aligned}
 M(x=6) &= R_A \cdot x - 10(x-4) - \frac{w \cdot x^2}{2} \\
 &= 18.67 \times 6 - 10 \times 2 - \frac{2 \times 6^2}{2} \\
 &= 56.02 \text{ kip-ft}
 \end{aligned}$$

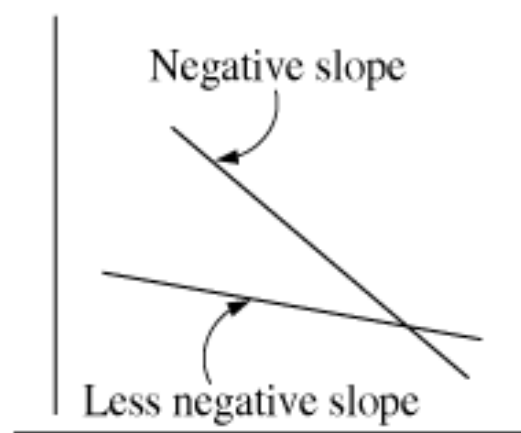
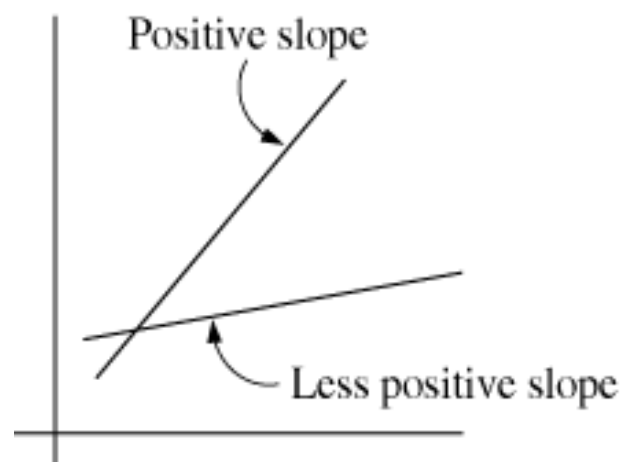
~~$M(x=6) = R_A \cdot x - 10(x-4) - \frac{w \cdot x^2}{2}$~~
 ~~$= 18.67 \times 6 - 10 \times 2 - \frac{2 \times 6^2}{2}$~~
 ~~$= 56.02 \text{ kip-ft}$~~

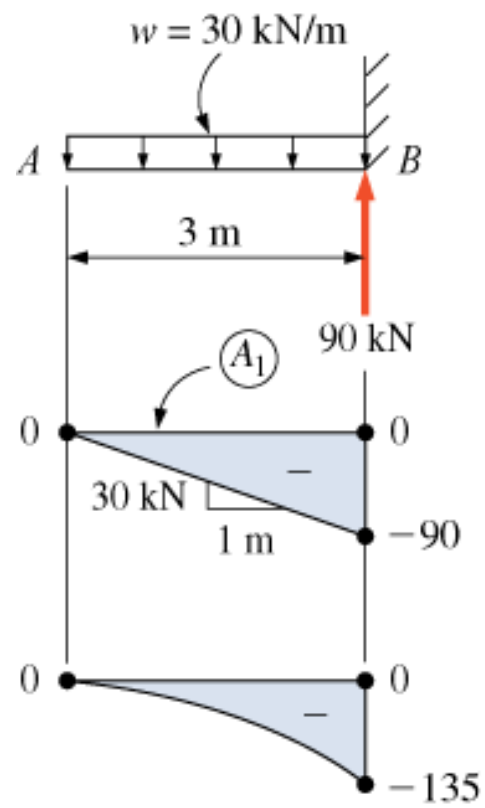












Load diagram

Shear diagram
(kN)

Moment diagram
(kN · m)

