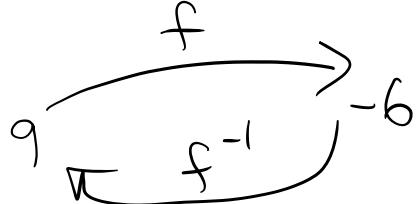


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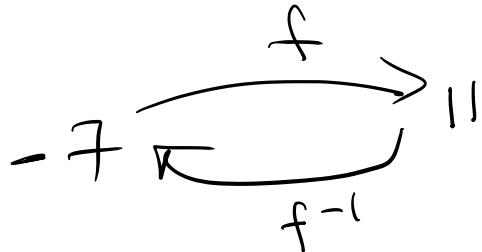
## WeBWorK HW Set Inverse Functions

#2)

a) If  $f(9) = -6$  Then  $f^{-1}(-6) = 9$



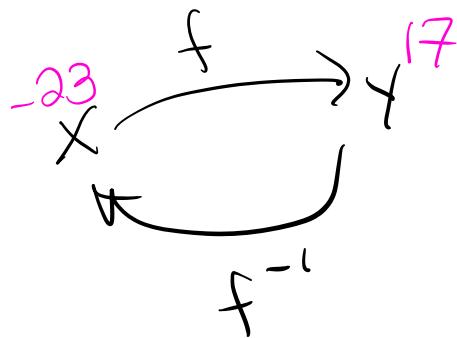
b) If  $f^{-1}(11) = -7$  Then  $f(-7) = 11$



c) If  $(-23, 17)$  is a point on the graph  
of  $y = f(x)$ , Then  $f(\boxed{-23}) = \boxed{17}$

and  $f^{-1}(\boxed{17}) = \boxed{-23}$

$(-23, 17)$   
↑  
x value      ↑  
y value



# WeBWorK HW Inverse functions #10

#10) If  $f(x) = \frac{9e^{3x} + 4}{3e^{3x} + 1}$ , find the inverse  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

Strategy

1) Swap  $x$  &  $y$

$$y = \frac{9e^{3x} + 4}{3e^{3x} + 1}$$

$$x = \frac{9e^{3y} + 4}{3e^{3y} + 1}$$

2) Solve for  $y$ !

Cross multiply  $\rightarrow x(3e^{3y} + 1) = 9e^{3y} + 4$

$$\begin{aligned} x3e^{3y} + x &= 9e^{3y} + 4 \\ -9e^{3y} - x & \quad -9e^{3y} - x \end{aligned}$$

Factor out common factor

$$x \cdot e^{3y} - 9e^{3y} = 4 - x$$

trying to isolate the  $y$  terms!

$$\frac{e^{3y}(3x-9)}{(3x-9)} = \frac{4-x}{3x-9}$$

$$e^{3y} = \frac{4-x}{3x-9}$$

take  $\ln$  of both sides

$$\ln(e^{3y}) = \ln\left(\frac{4-x}{3x-9}\right)$$

$$\frac{3y}{3} = \ln\left(\frac{4-x}{3x-9}\right)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{4-x}{3x-9}\right)$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{4-x}{3x-9}\right)$$

Recall  
The functions  
 $e^x$  and  $\ln x$   
are inverses

WeBWorK Sample Exam

- #4) domain  $\rightarrow$  looking at where  $f(x)$  is defined  $\rightarrow$  along the  $x$  axis

a)  $[-7, -3] \cup [-1, 5)$

Note: There is a "jump" at  $x=1$   
But  $f(x)$  is still defined there  
 $f(1) = -3$

- b) range  $\rightarrow$  looking at the  $y$ -values  $f(x)$  takes on  $\rightarrow$  look along the  $y$ -axis

$$[-7, 8]$$


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### WebWork HW Set - Functions Notation

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{6-x}}{-x^2 + 9x - 18}$$

We must exclude any  $x$  values that give zero denominator or a negative under the radical from the domain of  $f(x)$

Given  $\sqrt{6-x}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6-x < 0 \\ +x \quad +x \end{array}$$

test  $x=7$

$$\sqrt{6-7} = \cancel{x}$$

$6 < x$  These are equivalent from domain  
or  $x > 6$  excluded from domain

$$-x^2 + 9x - 18 = 0$$

Solve for  $x$   
→ multiply through by  $-1$

$$x^2 - 9x + 18 = 0$$

$$(x-3)(x-6) = 0$$

$$x-3=0 \quad x-6=0$$

$$\boxed{x=3} \quad \boxed{x=6}$$

Check  $\rightarrow -(3)^2 + 9 \cdot 3 - 18 \stackrel{?}{=} 0$   
 $\underline{-9 + 27 - 18 = 0}$

exclude  
these  
values  
from the  
domain

So what do we keep?

$$x \leq 6$$

but kill  $x=3$  &  $x=6$

domain

$$(-\infty, 3) \cup (3, 6)$$

WebWork HW set Functions - Piecewise

#7)  $y = \begin{cases} -\frac{3}{4}x - 5 & \text{if } x < -4 \\ -2x - 3 & \text{if } -2 < x < 0 \\ 5x - 5 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

equivalent  
to  
 $x > 1$

a) What is the domain? For a piecewise function  
Look at the inequalities and write them  
using interval notation & add in "U"  
 $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-2, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)$

b) Evaluate  $f(a)$  for each of the following

$$a) f(-1) = -2(-1) - 3$$

$$b) f(-6) = -\frac{3}{4}(-6) - 5 = \frac{9}{2} - 5 = \frac{9}{2} - \frac{10}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$c) f(-4) = \text{undefined}$$

$$d) f(3) = 5 \cdot 3 - 5 = 15 - 5 = 10$$