



Environmental and economical impact of Electric Cars

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What is an Electric Car?

- ▶ A car powered by an electric motor instead of an internal combustion engine.
- ▶ The electric motor gets energy from a controller, which regulates the amount of power.
- ▶ The electric car (also known as electric vehicle or EV) uses energy stored in its rechargeable batteries, which are recharged by common household electricity.

4 Types of Electric Cars

- Standard Hybrid
- The rechargeable hybrid (“Plug-In”)
- All Electric
- The Range Extender





Standard Hybrid

- Been around for 20 years
- It has 2 engines, 1 electric and 1 gas engine
- The electric engine is used to start up the car
- The car continues using electric engine at low speeds
- Once you start travelling at high speeds, the gas engine is used to power the vehicle

- Main disadvantage: 2 engines mean twice the manufacturing cost and energy
- Emissions savings are only between 10%-40% (depending on the use of the car)



Rechargeable Hybrid

- ▶ First came available in 2012
- ▶ Similar to the standard hybrid except it can be recharged quickly and directly
- ▶ Drive range is about 50 miles (enough to cover a small town without emissions)



All Electric Vehicles

- ▶ Runs on only electricity
- ▶ Produces zero emissions
- ▶ Disadvantage: battery has to be constantly be recharged and takes several hours
- ▶ Limited range: average 80 miles
- ▶ Only suitable for drivers who drive local in small towns



Electric Cars vs Gas Cars

- ▶ On representative of those sold today produce less than half the global carbon emissions compared to gasoline-powered vehicles
- ▶ Driving an average electric car results in lowering carbon emissions than driving a gasoline car that gets 50 miles per gallon
- ▶ Electric vehicles will become even cleaner as more electricity is generated by renewable sources of energy
- ▶ 25 percent reduction in emissions from the manufacturing of electric cars





Major Electric Motor Companies

- ▶ Tesla
- ▶ Faraday
- ▶ Lucid
- ▶ BMW i series



LUCID

BMW i.



Faraday Future

Tesla

- ▶ Co founded by Martin Eberhard and Marc Tarpenning in 2003
- ▶ Based out in California
- ▶ Known for their Model S

⚡ 9 mi/hr
+ 0 mi



15 / 15 A
198 V

3 mi

max range

12+ hrs remaining



Tesla Model S P100D

- ▶ EPA: 89/98 MPGe
- ▶ 0-60 2.3 sec (equivalent to Bugatti Veyron)
- ▶ Energy impact: 0.2 barrels of oil/year
- ▶ Energy impact for average midsize sedan (12 barrels of oil/year)
- ▶ CO2 Emissions: 0



Compared to your average mid size sedan

NO MORE: GAS STATIONS



VS.

COST OF FUEL
Price varies by region

\$ 2.54

VEHICLE MPG
A comparable gas powered sedan averages 20 mpg.

28 MPG

PREMIUM SEDAN

Total fuel cost

\$2,721

TESLA MODEL S

Total fuel cost¹⁴³

\$1,048

\$ 0.12

COST PER KILOWATT HOUR
The national average is \$0.12 per kilowatt hour.

Tesla Model 3

- ▶ The Tesla Model 3 is an upcoming all electric four-door compact luxury sedan produced by Tesla Inc. It was unveiled on March 31, 2016
- ▶ Electric range of 215 miles
- ▶ Base model MSRP to start at \$35,000
- ▶ 373,000 reservations have been made for the Tesla model 3, (325,000 within the first week)
- ▶ Production began in July, 2017. Tesla expects to start first customer deliveries in late 2017.




What are Super Chargers

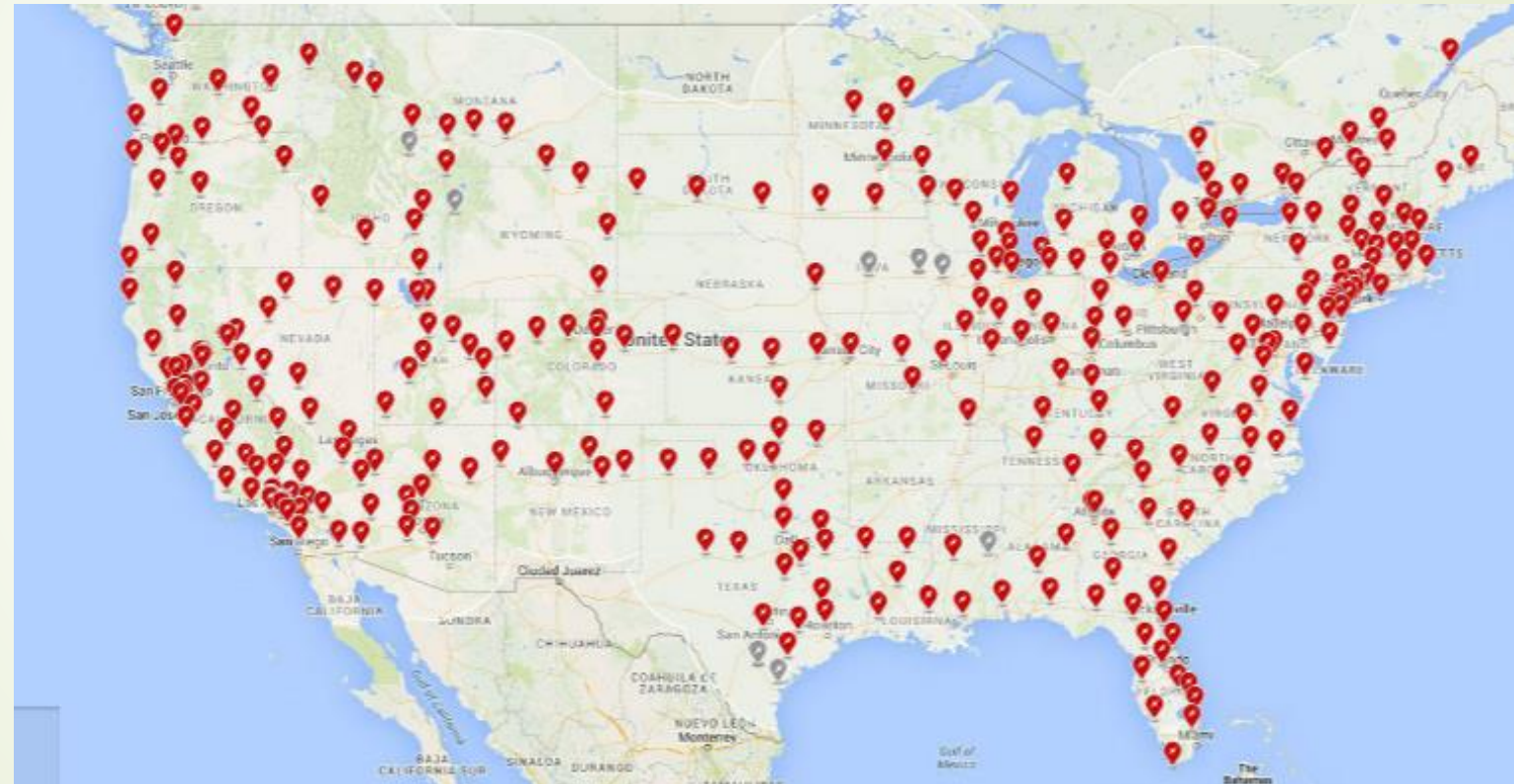


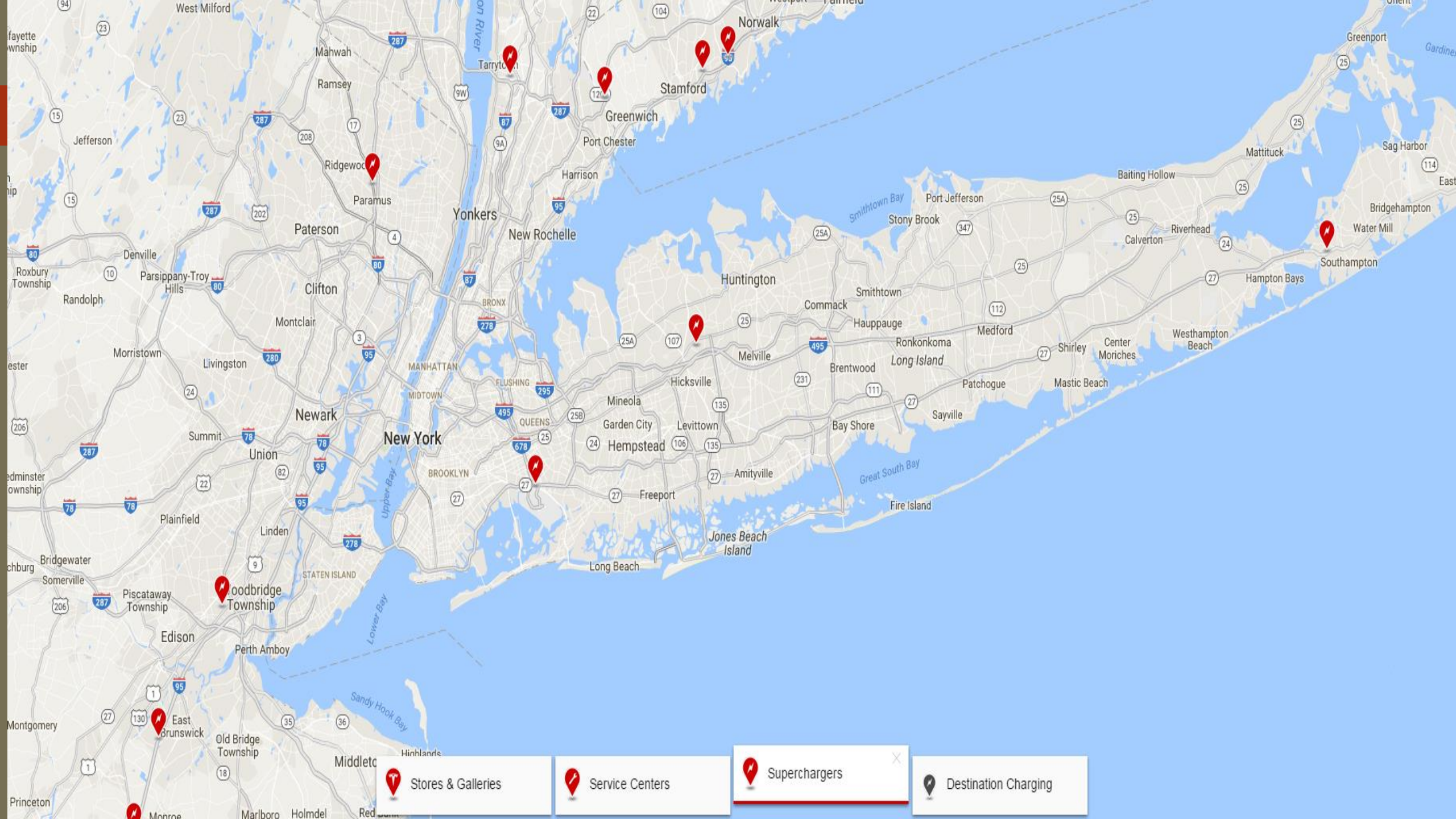


Super Chargers

- ▶ Superchargers are free connectors that charge Model S and Model X in minutes instead of hours.
 - ▶ Stations are strategically placed to minimize stops during long distance travel and are conveniently located near restaurants, shopping centers, and WiFi hot spots.
 - ▶ Each station contains multiple Superchargers to help you get back on the road quickly.
- 

Super Charging stations across America





-  Stores & Galleries
-  Service Centers
-  Superchargers
-  Destination Charging



Issues

- Charge time range from 8 to 12 hours for a full charge if connected to a 220V
- Takes approximately 75 minutes to fully charge Tesla Model S at a supercharging station
- 810 Super Charging stations in the U.S, total of 3000 world wide.
- Compared to approximately 168000 Gas Station in the US
- If Tesla wants to compete with modern day cars, there going to need a lot more charging stations

Faraday Future

- American start up technology company
- Founded in April 2014
- Based in Los Angeles, CA
- Main focus is the development of intelligent electric vehicles
- FF91

Faraday FF91



- ▶ Concept phases
- ▶ 130 kWh battery with an estimated range of 378 miles
- ▶ 0-60 2.3 seconds
- ▶ 1050 horsepower
- ▶ The production of FF 91 is planned to start in 2018



motoring

LUCID Motor Company

- Electric car company founded in 2007
- Based out in Menlo Park, California
- Co-Founded by Derek Jenkins
- Recently released its car “LUCID AIR”

LUCID

The “LUCID AIR”

- ▶ High end luxury vehicle
- ▶ 100 kilowatt hour pack
- ▶ Range of 300 miles standard
- ▶ 1000 horsepower (400hp in front motor & 600 in rear motor)
- ▶ 0-60 in 2.5 seconds
- ▶ Lithium-ion batteries manufactured by Samsung
- ▶ Not Aimed to compete with Tesla
- ▶ Aimed to compete with other luxury brands (BMW, Mercedes, Audi)
- ▶ Production will start in late 2018

LUCID

SLASH GEAR



BMW i Series

- The “i” stands for innovation, inspiration, and a holistic concept of sustainable and future-orientated mobility
- 2 models: all-electric BMW i3 and the plug-in hybrid BMW i8
- BMW i manufacturing facility in Leipzig, Germany is BMW’s most sustainable automotive plant
- Relies mostly on renewable energy sources







Tax reductions on owning an electric cars

- Internal Revenue Code Section 30D provides a credit for Qualified Plug-in Electric Drive Motor Vehicles.
- The tax credits range from \$2,500-\$7,500 depending on the size of the battery in the car.
- Several major insurance companies, such as Farmers, offer discounts of 5 percent or more for owners of electric and hybrid cars.
- Many electric utilities around the country offer special rates, including time-of-use (TOU) rates, to reduce the cost of powering an electric car or plug-in hybrid.



Conclusion

- The electric vehicle is one of the most promising sustainable methods of transportation.
- If the other major forms of transportation in NYC (bus, taxi) are converted to electric powered engine, we'll see a major reduction in CO2 emissions
- As technology advances, electric cars will become as prominent as internal combustion engine vehicles, as well as more affordable.
- Discounts in insurance and electric utility costs and tax reduction helps persuade people to use electric cars in the future.

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