Annotated Bibliography

Demographics

Norma Colon /Nicoleta Koubek

"Measuring Race and Ethnicity Across the Decades: 1790-2010\_Intro." *Measuring Race and Ethnicity Across the Decades: 1790-2010\_Intro*. N.p., n.d. Web. 08 Nov2015.

References and interactive visualization of how race/ethnicity have change over time since 1st census in 1790

This source is about a complete history of census table, and how they calculated the race and give us a background of how they applied this method throughout the years from 1790 to 2010, I chose this source because when you go to the Web page [www.census.gov](http://www.census.gov) it opens to a timeline/ table graph and starts to map things that took place long ago, we are able to see the number of populations as early as the 1790, it allows us to click on each time and give us a brief explanation of what took place in the time period.

Rosenwaike, Ira. "Population of New York City by Race and Annual Percentage Increase in Intercensal Period, 1786-1820." *Population History of New York City*. Syracuse, NY: Syracuse UP, 1972. 18-54. Print.

E. B. Greene and V. D. Harrington, American Population Before the Federal Census of 1790 (New York, 1932)

This source is about the many ways that the U.S government registers or records people in New York City – Kings County over time, allowing us to take a look into the country’s past, a timeline of the slavery as well as the immigrants that came to the U.S on its shores. I chose this source because it would help us get a better picture of the population in the 1771,1800 and 1900s. In Table 1, labeled "population of New York City county and Kings County by race, 1698-1771". It shows us the percentage growth as well as the decline of people, black and white population in that time.

*http://www.census.gov/*. Web.

This website is based on national demographic statistics done every ten years. Each state from our country has a certain number of representatives or congressmen and this number is given to a state according to the number of people who live in that state. The House of Representatives decides how many congressmen a state has based on the statistics from this governmental website. The Congress is a very important legislative power of the United States and in order to make a fair decision on the number of the Congressmen for each state, it needs to have a good source of information. Given the fact that the Government makes decisions based on the information found on this website, this makes it very reliable source of information.

"Welcome to NYC.gov | City of New York." *Welcome to NYC.gov | City of New York*. N.p., n.d. Web. 08 Nov. 2015.*<http://www1.nyc.gov/site/nycha/index.page>*. Web.

Our group task is focused on Farragut Houses and Vinegar Hill, the area where these project homes are located. This project complex functions under the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA). An important amount of information about these projects can be found on NYCHA website. NYCHA controls who can come and live in Farragut Houses. Since Farragut Houses functions under the jurisdiction of NYCHA, this website is very useful and reliable. Also, it provides updated information about the number of people living in these projects. As our paper emphasis is the demographic of the area with a focus on the demographic of this buildings, the information provided by this website is the most specific source of information for our assignment

[*http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/data/data.shtml*](http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/data/data.shtml)*.* Web.

The website New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene offers important information about different categories of residents who populate our city. It is a governmental website that provides statistics about the New York residents in several categories such as race, religion, income, physical and mental health status. It also provides information about environment, emergency preparedness, food, water, and health alerts.  Furthermore, it comprises data about the most prevalent health problems encountered in New York together with health promotion and disease prevention. This is one of the most reliable sources of information used for research by health care providers.