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HIS 1103

Final Exam

Part One: The Cold War began with two superpowers: the United States and USSR. After the World War II ended, Germany was occupied by Britain, the U.S., and the USSR. The U.S. was trying to give air aid. The USSR rejected air aid for people who occupied the west side of Berlin, Germany. The ideologies between the U.S. and USSR spread communism and democracy shaped the post-war. "It was about to be superseded by the United States and the Soviet Union, whose ideological differences shaped the postwar world" (14.1 textbook). The U.S. ideas the world as peaceful capitalism and the USSR wants to spread communism and satellite states. "The United States, the ideal world, was one in which democratically governed nations would coexist peacefully, enjoying economic prosperity thanks to capitalistic endeavors. In the Soviet Union's vision of the future, communism would lead the world's countries to a peaceful, prosperous future, and it would never again fear invasion from the lands to its west" (14.1 textbook). The U.S. defense was NATO and USSR defense Warsaw Pact. The conflict between the U.S. and USSR was intense and also couldn't agree on anything. Parts of the world were negatively affected by this war: Vietnam, China, Cuba, Africa, western Europe and Korea. The positive outcome USSR disbanded in 1991 and people broke down the wall West Berlin, Germany. People were free after being captive for a long period of time.

Part two: The Berlin Airlift- the United States to supply West Berlin from the air during the Soviet Union's blockade of West Berlin.

- Cuban Missile Crisis- a 13-day between the United States and the Soviet Union in 1962.
- Bay of Pigs- three day failed invasion in Cuba
- Arab/ Israeli Conflict- is about land and control, and both Jews and Arab Muslims claim the land dates back in thousands of years.
- Suez Crisis- middle east crisis during the cold war.
- Vietnam War- conflict between north and south Vietnam between two superpowers of the U.S. and USSR.
- Afghan War- conflict between U.S. and Afghanistan after 9/11 in the year of 2000 and lasted 21 years.
- NATO- the alliances between European countries and the U.S.

- Warsaw Pact- a military and political alliance among the communist nations of Eastern Europe from the USSR.
- Chairman Mao- was the founder of the People's Republic of communism china.

<https://openstax.org/books/world-history-volume-2/pages/14-1-the-cold-war-begins>