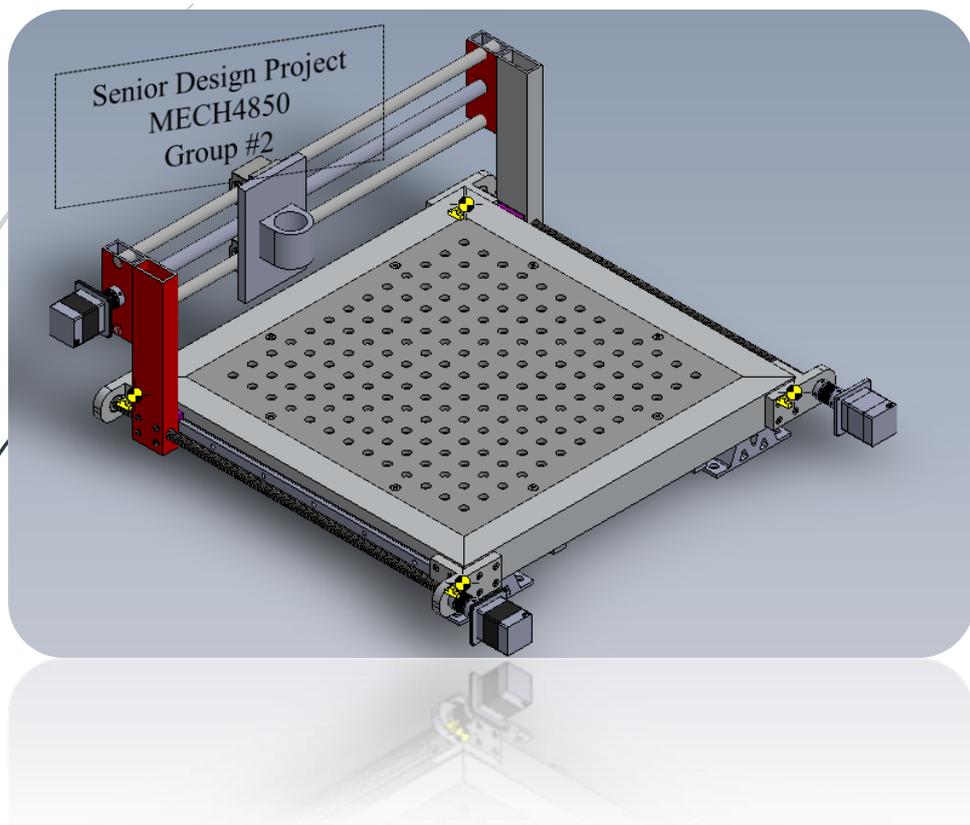


12/16/2014

# JR CNC Router Table – (JR)<sup>2</sup>, INC – Group #2

The Most Innovative Computer  
Numeric Control Machine





# (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table

The Most Innovative Computer Numeric Control

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# (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table

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## Chapter 1: Introduction

### 1.0 Design Goals

The goal of this team's efforts is to develop a product that will establish *(JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc.* which hopes to revolutionize the market of such. Specifically, we were commissioned to design and manufacture a *CNC Router Table* that is both innovative and functional. The team will create numerous analyses, sketches, tests, surveys, customer need matrices and more so that one can be assured that to go on the right path. It is important to mention that this project rose after catching problems in the design and functionality of current CNC Tables existent on the market. This will be clarified with details and numbers, and will be also further explained. As a result, *(JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc.* plans to accomplish the most innovative CNC Router Table. What follows is a description of the product itself and information that helped the team to choose this specific project.

### 1.1 Problem Statement

After spending a long period of time researching and comparing the team's idea to the ones that are on the market, we immediately had the need to come up with solutions to certain problems encountered. One of the most significant and most drastic problem spotted is the highly expensive price of such machines. As a result, CNC Router Tables are not easily accessible to the targets; who are wood, aluminum and plastic enthusiasts, wood-workers, and more. Another issue that was found on the existing models is that due to the table design which is built with symmetry, the operator is restricted to the size (considering the width) of the material to be cut.

### 1.2 Bench Marking

By measuring our product's ideas and comparing them to the competitors, we identified major differences that will be on our benefit. This is because of the act of addressing the problems found in such products, and also by adding extra features. As a result, the team is very motivated to create a preliminary and innovative design and hopes to create a product that is both productive and aesthetically pleasant.

### 1.3 Identifying Customer Requirements and Needs

It is to be understood that customers are the lifeblood of every company. They are the main reason why products are developed in such form. The way the industry is set up, companies attempt to use the customer's need as much as possible; and as a result, they expect a profitable return. Before this, they'll need to identify and evaluate the customer requirements and needs. Hence, it was a necessity for the team to follow this procedure in order to mature our idea.

Numerous customer requirements and needs can be found for the market that is being targeted. To start, customers need to have the accessibility to purchase an inexpensive, quality and productive CNC Router Table. They are also in the need of the incorporation of new technology. These factors in combination of other special features will increase the likelihood of the *(JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table* to be one of a kind.



### 1.3 (continuation)

#### a) In-Use Purposes and Market

The name of the product to be designed is “(JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table”. The function to be performed is to cut any desired type of shape or letter by the use of the famous Computer Numeric Control system. Although that is its main purpose, such machine will carry a tremendous amount of special features that will separate it from the existing ones. Such features are as follows:

- a) Perforated table top to debris to fall into the integrated dust collector
- b) Inexpensive
- c) Lightweight (usage of plastic and aluminum)
- d) Integrated vacuum and blower line at the tool bit
- e) Magnetized holder to store bits
- f) Multi-size jig for operation of various tools and bit sizes
  - a. I.e., Engraving, cutting, drawing, etc.
- g) LED light at the tool bit for better visibility
- h) Anti-Vibration rubber feet (isolators)

The intended market are wood, aluminum and plastic enthusiasts, wood-workers, technical drawers, industrial designers and more. The (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table can be said to share only simple similarities to other companies’ products. This is due to the impressive amount of special features that are incorporated into the machine. On the other hand, these special features do not increment the final retail price of the product by much. The estimated retail price for the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table is about \$2,500 dollars. This is a very reasonable price because if one compares this given price to the retail price of existent similar machines, one will see a huge difference which is why customers cannot purchase such machines.

#### b) Functional Requirements

- Usage of CAD Software to create the desired design and input it into the CNC Router
- Availability to cut larger pieces
- Fitment of a wide variety of cutters
- Suction of debris (top and bottom)

#### c) Other Requirements

- Teknic Servo Motors (for precise motion)
- MC901 Nylon for table frame
- 6061 Aluminum alloy posts for corners with threaded bottoms and perforated sheet for table
- Precision chrome steel shaft for guide rails
- End-support pillow block bearings for each lead screw
- Self-lubricating flanged bronze sleeve bushings for shafts
- Composite material for counter-weights



### 1.3 (continuation)

#### d) Corporate constraints

Due to the seriousness of the customer need to be able to purchase a CNC machine, the time to design, manufacture and do the marketing is very limited. In addition, there are manufacturing requirements that need to be followed in order to give a final product which will exhibit and ensure top quality. For example, the team needs to manufacture an aluminum table top which will be perforated around the whole area. Also, to manufacture and assembly the frame of the machine table can require a lot of time. But, due to the team's optimism and determination, we are more than sure that we will complete this project within two months. It is important to mention the financial aspect as well. We are constraint to an approximate of *\$250 dollars* which was donated to us in order to help the project get started. But, aside from this money, the team will collect money from each other in order to accomplish our goals. Also, since the team members work in the construction and gear production' area, it will be easy for us to bring any material at a very cheap price.

#### e) Social, Political, and Legal Requirements

It is to be understood that Social, Political, and Legal requirements are a very important aspect when designing or manufacturing a product. It plays a very important role, which should be taken care very seriously because the success of your company is dependent on a large scale to these requirements. Similar to every product that is on the market, *(JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc.* will follow every single regulation and requirements. This will help us be more protected and assure that we will not have any future issues pertaining to lawsuits and so on.

The team will make sure to complete all the legal requirements. We will post safety images on the machine that will be highly visible. In addition, we will supply our customers with an operation and safety manual in order to decrease the chance of injuries. Also, the *(JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table* will have a *one year warranty* and an unlimited time *24-hours* customer service.

#### f) Evaluating Customer Requirements and Needs

After spending a long period of time evaluating customer requirements and needs, the *(JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc.*' team is very enthusiastic to start the project and work towards the completion of such. It is very likely that one will see a very high profitable return due to this innovative idea and also because problems that were spotted during the research time are being addressed in the best possible form. Customer satisfaction is our priority and we won't rest until they appreciate our effort to make an easily accessible CNC Machine.



### 1.4 Bench Marking

The following chart shows a detailed comparison between current CNC router tables that are already on the market versus the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router.

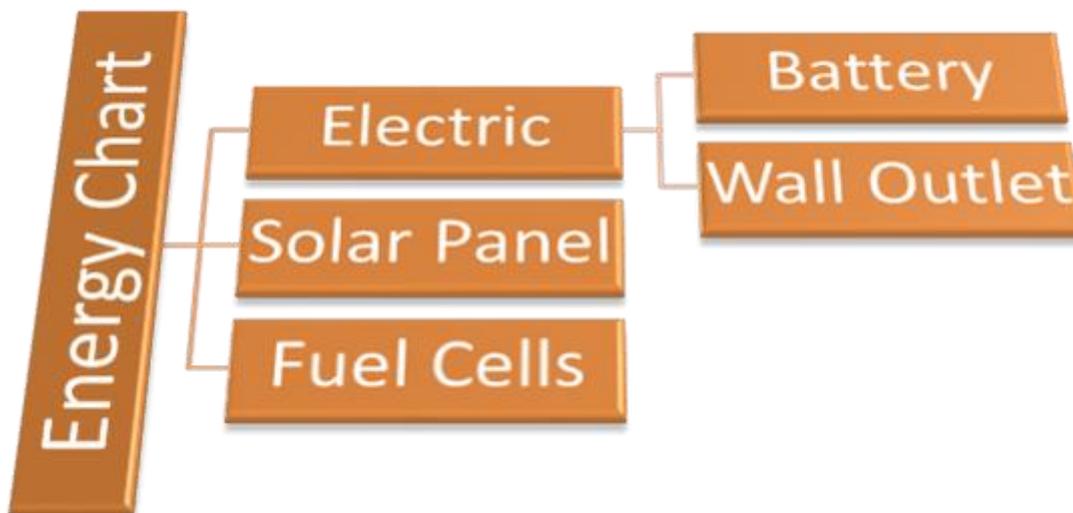
Figure 1

Metric #	Needs	Imp.	NAME OF CNC ROUTER TABLES			
			Tourchmate 2x2™	Shapeoko 2	Shortcut 203	JR CNC Router
1	Portability	4	100 lbs	260 lbs	390 lbs	Aprox. 300 lbs
2	Easy Maintance	4	yes	yes	no	yes
3	Sturdy	5	Steel frame	Anneal Steel frame	Steel	Aluminum
4	Compact	4	2ft x 2ft	550mm x 510mm	42" x 48"	22" x 22"
5	Affordability	5	\$400	\$650	\$720	\$500
6	Peformance	5	269 oz motor	Nema 17 62 oz/in	0-300 IPM	Unknown
7	Easy to Control	5	Relay switch	Grbl installed	MACH controller	Controller
8	Axes	4	2(x) axis driver, 1(y)	3 axis Arduino based	x, y, z tolerance of ± .002	2 axes
9	Cutting Area	3		298mm x 301 mm x 54mm	24" x 36" x 6"	40" x 40"
10	Use of Simple cutters	3	close circuit tools	1/8" tool size	Unknown	mutiple tool cutter
11	Assembly	5	Simple	Pre assemble	Complex	Simple
12	Availability of parts	4	Online only	Online only	Online only	Online only
13	Minimal scrap	2	yes	yes	yes	yes
14	Compatability	4	great	limited cutting tool sizes	cutting tools from website	mutiple tool cutter

### 1.5 Energy Chart

The following chart shows the numerous sources of energy that can be used to power the machine.

Figure 2





### 1.5 Customer Need Matrix

The following chart shows a *Customer Need Matrix* which is one of the most important steps in the design process. By doing so, one can increase the chance to obtain an effective solution. Other than helping understand the problem thoroughly, it also determines whether the product will sell or not.

Matrix 1

(JR)^2 Router Table		Metric	Lightweight	Easy to change parts	Aluminum frame	2ft * 2ft	<1000	High quality	Software guided	Robotic arm	Dependency on the tool	Adjustable bracket	Easy instructions	Instock online order	Attachment for vacuum	Fits variety of cutters	
		NEEDS															
1	Portability		★	★	★	★											
2	Easy Maintenance												★	★			
3	Sturdy				★												
4	Compactable		★			★							★				
5	Affordability						★							★			
6	Performance									★							★
7	Easy to Control								★	★	★						
8	2 axes								★	★							
9	Fast Cutting Rate										★						★
10	Use of simple cutters											★					★
11	Simple assembly		★	★		★							★				
12	Availability of parts			★			★					★		★			★
13	Minimal scrap														★		
14	Compatibility			★			★			★	★	★	★	★			

### 1.6 Customer Need Importance (Ranking)

Matrix 2

No.	Product Name	NEEDS	Importance
1	(JR)^2 CNC Router table	Portability	3
2		Easy Maintenance	4
3		Sturdy	5
4		Compactable	4
5		Affordability	5
6		Performance	5
7		Easy to Control	5
8		2 axes	4
9		Fast Cutting Rate	3
10		Use of simple cutters	3
11		Simple assembly	5
12		Availability of parts	4
13		Minimal scrap	2
14		Compatibility	4

Matrix 3

Metric No.	NEEDS #	Metrics	Importance
1	1,4,11	Lightweight	3
2	2, 11,12,14	Easy to change parts	4
3	1,3	Aluminum frame	5
4	1,4,11	2ft*2ft	4
5	5,12,14	< \$1000	5
6	6,7,8,9,14	High quality	5
7	7,8	Software guided	5
9	7,9,14	Dependency on the tool	3
10	10,12,14	Adjustable bracket	3
11	2,4,11,14	Easy instructions	5
12	2,5,12,14	Instock order online	4
13	13	Attachment for vacuum	2
14	6,9,10,12	Fits wide variety of cutters	4

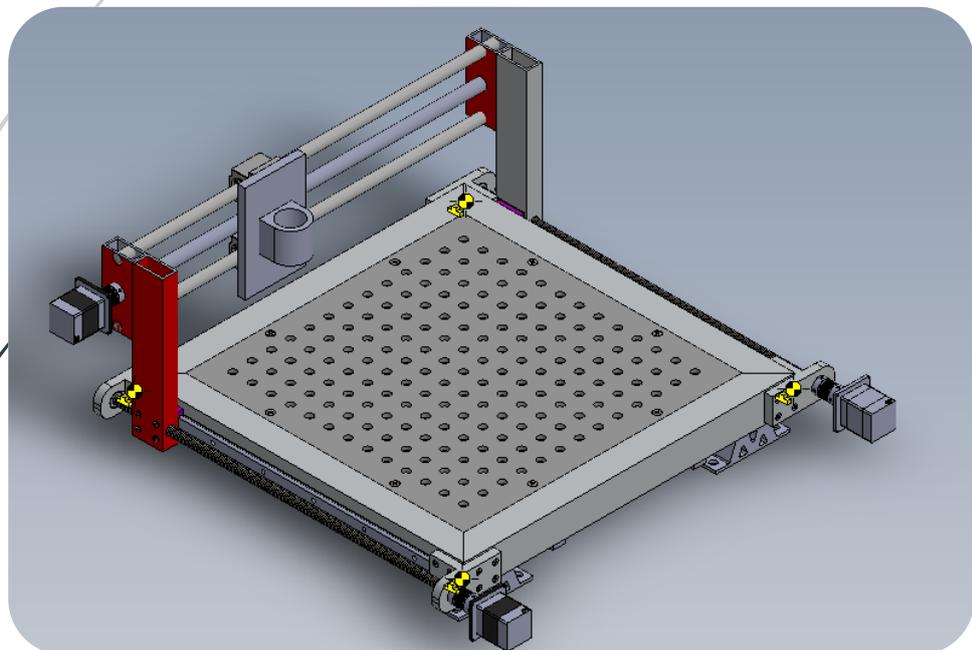


12/16/2014

## JR CNC Router Table – (JR)<sup>2</sup>, INC – Group #2

The Most Innovative Computer  
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## Chapter 2

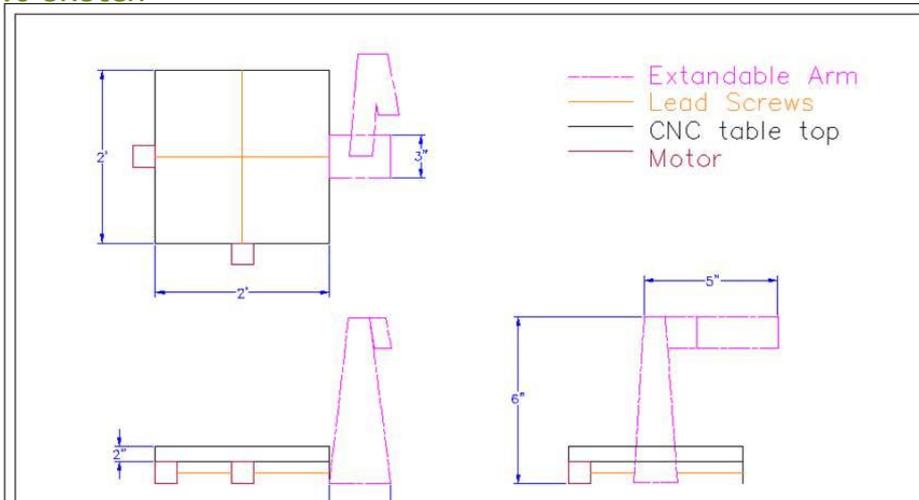




## Chapter 2: Proposal

The following image is a sketch of the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table  
*Figure 3*

### 2.0 Sketch



NEW YORK CITY COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY Senior Project 300 JAY STREET BROOKLYN NEW YORK 11206	
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES	
TITLE JR CNC Table	SCALE 1:10
PROJECT STAGE Preliminary Design	REV. REV.
GROUP MEMBERS Ronald, Jasei, Raymond & Jeffrey	

### 2.1 Description of the operation

The (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table will operate using a 120v line but the function of such will be outstanding. By using this innovative router table, one will be able to perform cut, engrave or even draw any desired shape or letter in the most accurate and simplistic way; which is by the use of the famous Computer Numeric Control system.

### 2.2 List of materials and cost

Table 1

Units	Name	Description	Price/Unit	Total
3	Motors	For the table	\$ 30.00	\$ 90.00
1	Shaft	//	\$ 20.00	\$ 20.00
1	Side-mount track carriage	Roller carriage	\$ 70.00	\$ 70.00
1	Rail (side mount)	Roller carriage	\$ 60.00	\$ 60.00
1	Nut with flange	For lead screws	\$ 75.00	\$ 75.00
2'x2'	Aluminum (1/4") plate	Perforated	\$ 50.00	\$ 50.00
8	Aluminum hollow tubes	6063 Aluminum	\$ 8.00	\$ 65.00
1	Vacuum/Blower motor	//	\$ 30.00	\$ 30.00
2	Plastic lines	For vacuum and blower	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00
2	Pillow block bearing	End type	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00
2	Fine pitch lead screws	//	\$ 20.00	\$ 40.00
1	Magnet	For holding tool bits	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.00
1	Switch	Illuminated switch	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.00
4	Rubber feet	Anti-vibration	\$ 15.00	\$ 60.00
1	LED Bulb	Small	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.00
1	Plastic container	For debris collection	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.00
1	Pack of wires	For electrical components	\$ 35.00	\$ 35.00
		<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 690.00</b>



### 2.3 Review of the marketing and technical assessment

Before the team came into an agreement to proceed with this prestigious project, a lot of research and analysis was done. A summary of such analyses are as follows:

- **Market Analysis:** Due to the fact that these machines are a one-time-buy only, the complexity of creating one and how recent they are, they are priced very high. As a result, companies that design and manufacture these machines, tend not to sell a lot of them. On the other hand, there are a lot of people who would like to buy one but cannot afford it. Therefore, the team decided to make an inexpensive one but yet one that makes a difference.
- **Specifications:** CNC Router tables are able to handle various routers with different HP (horse power); but this depends on the structure of such and in the motors that are used. But, the most common router HP that a CNC Machine can take is approximately 3.5HP which has the ability to do a very outstanding performance.
- **Functional Analysis:** The functionality of the existent CNC Router table meet the requirements but lack of a very important factor which is space. Operators with such Router tables are limited to the size of the materials to cut due to how the machine is built.

### 2.4 Necessary key tasks to develop design

The process of developing the design of the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table was a bit challenging and time consuming. Similar to any other concept or existing product, our design was inspired by comparing it to other designs and trying to give it a different approach. It is to be acknowledged that our experiences, passion, creativity and intelligence influenced a lot as well. We created many sketches with the intention to evaluate them to pick one or mix the possible winners. Throughout this process, the team encountered some barriers that needed to be faced in the most positive way and attempt to overcome them. For example, the fact that the structure of every CNC Router Table in the market was built in similar ways affected us by doubting if our concept will work or not. Also, the team acknowledged that a very challenging part to be faced was the programming part; since none of us have experience in that field. Least but not last, a necessary key task that helped to develop the design was by thinking about customer needs. This helped in a tremendous way and because of this, we incorporated special features on the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table in order to address the customer needs.



## 2.5 Timeline

- Week 1-3: Sketch and design of the CNC router table

Create a list of parts needed with its cost. Then breakdown each part of the CNC router into components of design (tool holder, base, table, etc.) for calculations and refinement. During this time, the group will come up with an ideal of the model to make and create a close sketch to what is expected. Furthermore, the team will make changes to the ideal to better suit customer needs as well as making it practical and doable.

- Week 4-5: Calculations and refining the design of the CNC router

During these two weeks, the group will take each component of the CNC router and run simulation testes on the components to make sure everything is safe and functional to be incorporated into the design of our CNC router.

Once each part passes the tests, the group will then continue with the refinement of the design to produce our final sketch and design of the project.

- Week 6-7: Construct the Base for the CNC router

It will take the group approximately two weeks to put the base of the CNC table together. Also, it will give us a chance to make any necessary adjustments to the design or base if needed

- Week 8-11: Assembly of the Tool holder structure and testing motors

Three weeks will be spent on assembling the tool holder structure and making sure each motor works for the specific direction it should travel in. This is a vital part of our CNC router, so testing and adjusting is critical during these weeks.

- Week 12-14: Computer programming

Our group will have to use the remaining few weeks to write the programming codes for the CNC router. It's a very tedious task but crucial since the codes are the brains of our CNC router; which is responsible for carrying out the commands that are inputted into the computer.

- Week 15: Final Presentation

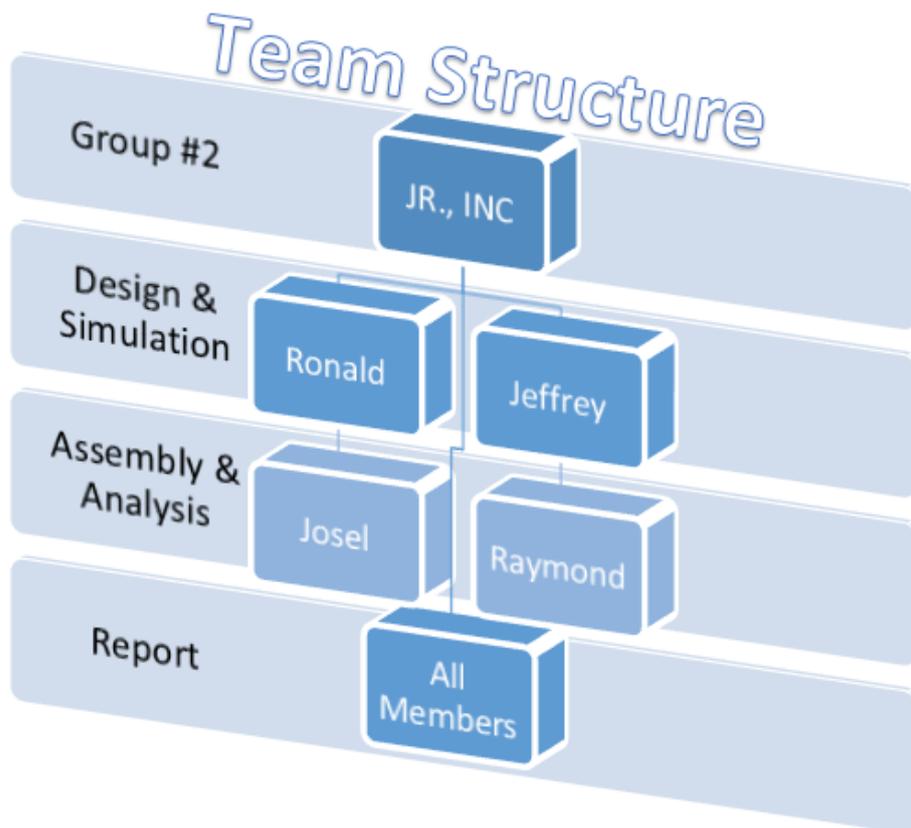
If all goes well, the team should be able to present the finish product to the class. The final design (CAD) and the physical assembly should be presented along with a final report.



## 2.6 Team Structure and Resource Management

The team came into an agreement to work together towards the completion of the project. As a result, the structure of the team is very simplistic. It is one where there is no “overhead”. All members of the team (*Ronald, Jeffrey, Josel and Raymond*) are committed and responsible to collaborate and help each other out as much as possible. By doing so, the necessary steps and/or tasks that need to be done will be done in a much faster and easier form.

Figure 4



## 2.7 List of Specifications

The following are information and approximations of the dimensions that will be found on the *JR CNC Router Table*;

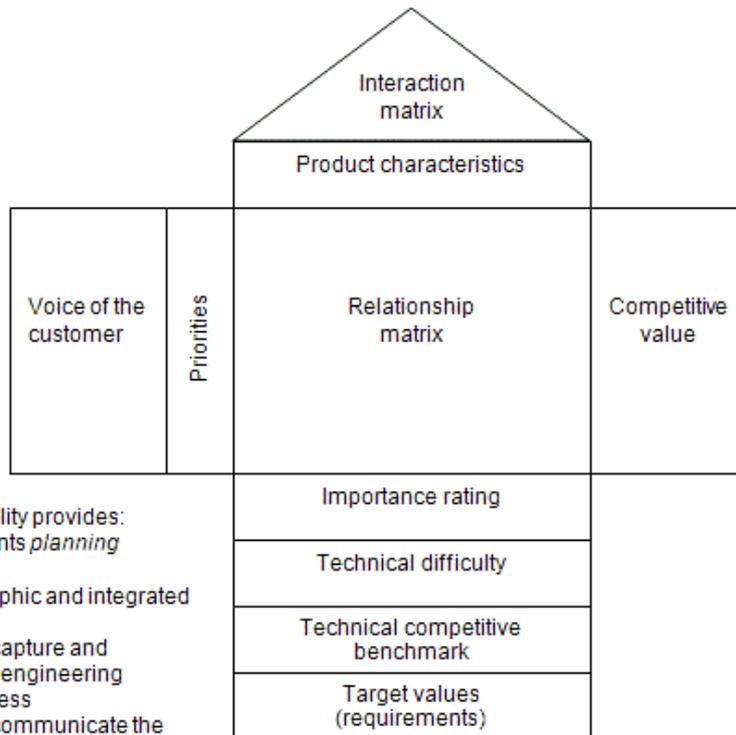
- Size of table: 22” x 22”
- Thickness: 3.5 inches.
- Overall weight: 20lbs
- Shape: Square
- Surface finish: Anodized aluminum coating or powder coated
- Cutting Area: 18 5/8<sup>th</sup> in x 17” in
- Power: Electricity: Wall Outlet (120 V)
- Function: Ability to use numerous cutting tools to perform any desired cut which can be designed using CAD Softwares.



## 2.8 QFD (Quality Function Deployment)

Figure 5

### House of quality template and benefits



- The house of quality provides:
- A requirements *planning* capability
  - A tool for graphic and integrated thinking
  - A means to capture and preserve the engineering thought process
  - A means to communicate the thought process to new members of the QFD team
  - A means to inform management regarding inconsistencies between requirements, risks, and needs of the customer

## 2.9 Comments on the specifications

Specifications that will need more development will be announced as soon as we start building the physical model

## 2.10 Data sources

- “Burn Tables” – Link: <http://burntables.com/cnc-router-table/>
- “Instructables” – Link: <http://www.instructables.com/id/Building-a-CNC-router/>
- “CNC Router Parts” – Link: <http://www.cncrouterparts.com/>
- “BuildYourCNC” – Link: <https://www.buildyourcnc.com/>

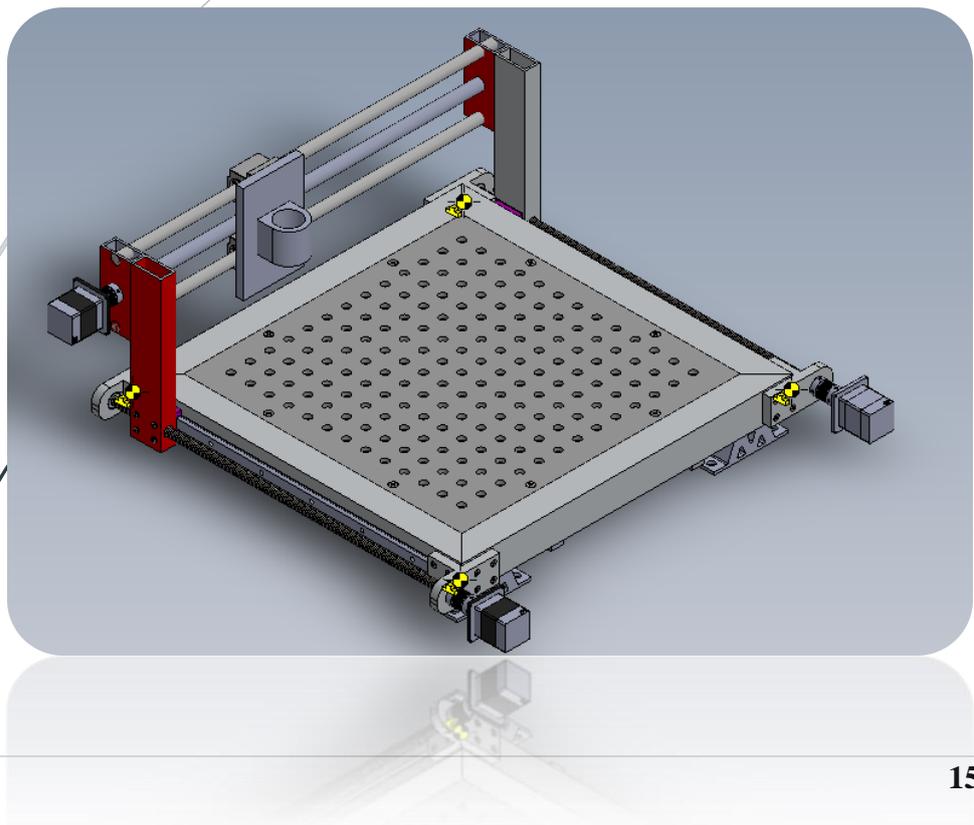


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## JR CNC Router Table – (JR)<sup>2</sup>, INC – Group #2

The Most Innovative Computer  
Numeric Control Machine

### Chapter 3

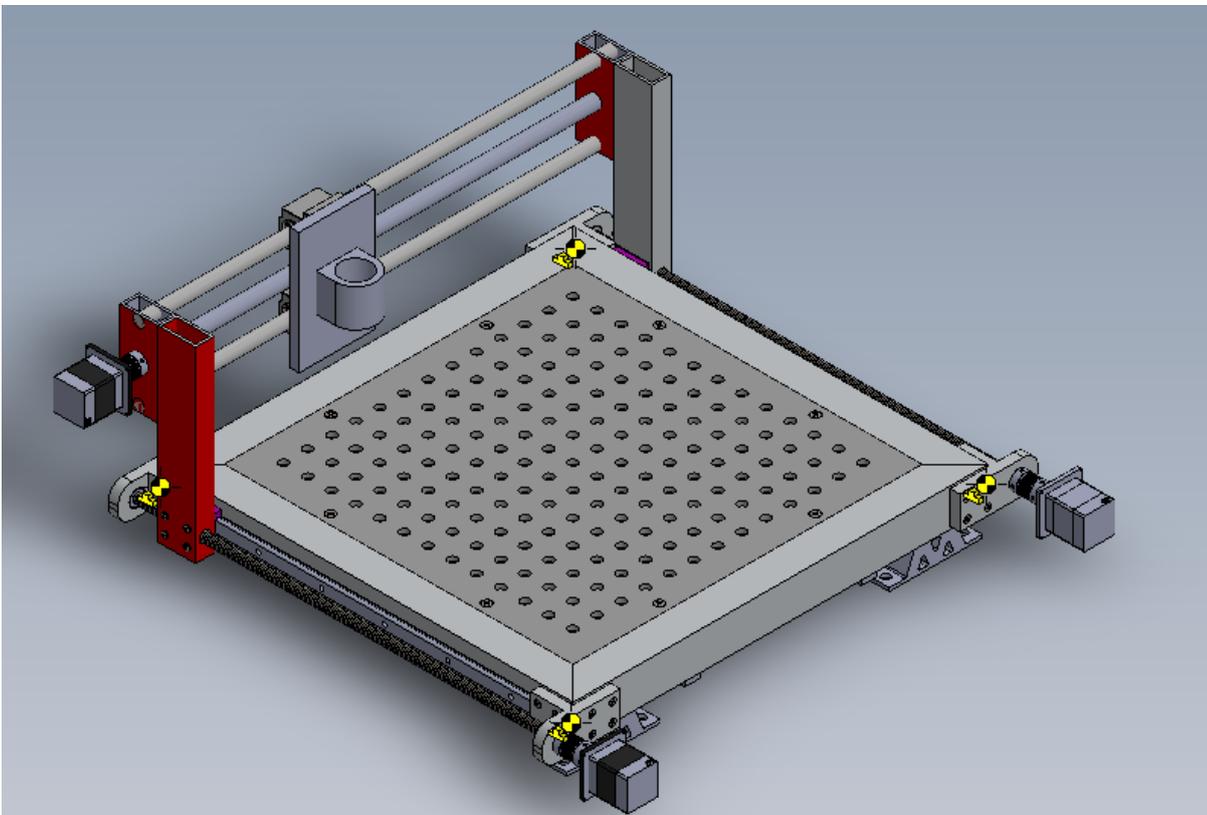




## Chapter 3: Detailed Product Design

This chapter includes important information of the functionality of the product, a kinematics analysis of the motions that the Router table will exhibit, detailed engineering drawings, and more.

Figure 6



### 3.1 Preliminary Sketch of Important Parts/Assemblies

(JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc. had numerous ideas on the creation of the most important parts of the Router Table which as a result, it could increase the aesthetic of the product. On the other hand, such ideas were found not to be appropriate or functional for various reasons. Therefore, the team decided to prioritize and meet the functional requirements first before thinking about the aesthetic aspect. As a result, the components above were designed in a way that together after doing the assembly, they will all share a common task; which is functionality. Therefore, motion analysis and finite element analysis needed to be done. The result of such analyses will be shown on the following pages.

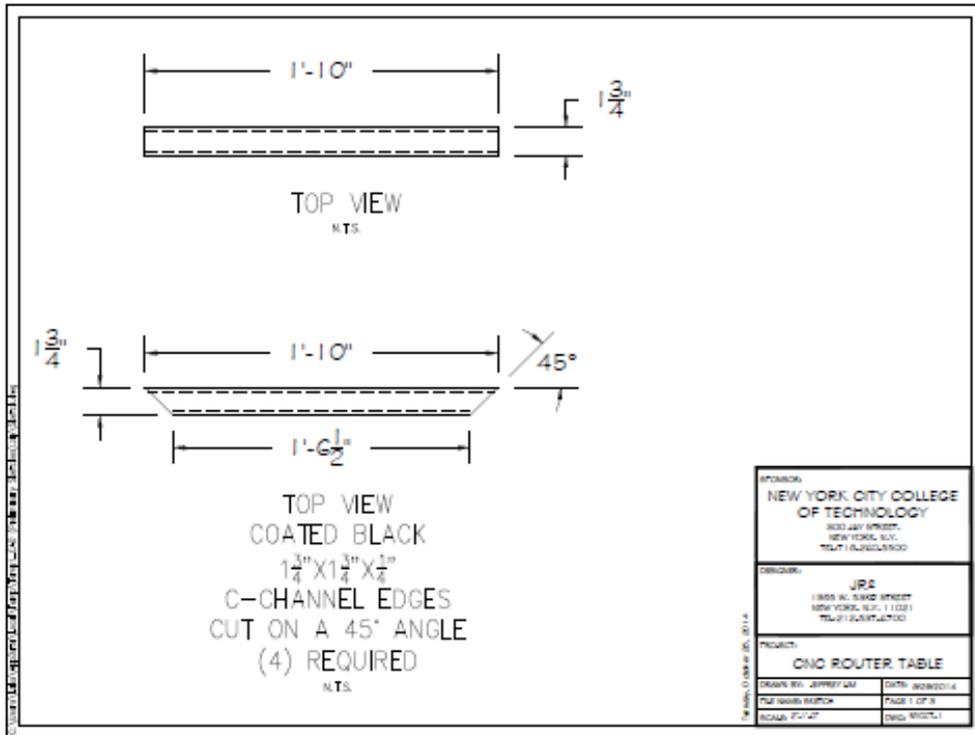
- NOTE: Durability, ease of use and ability to manufacture were also taken into consideration before designing the components.

The following images show the most important functional components of the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table which were carefully designed with the use of two powerful CAD Software; that go by the name of Autodesk AutoCad and Solidworks.

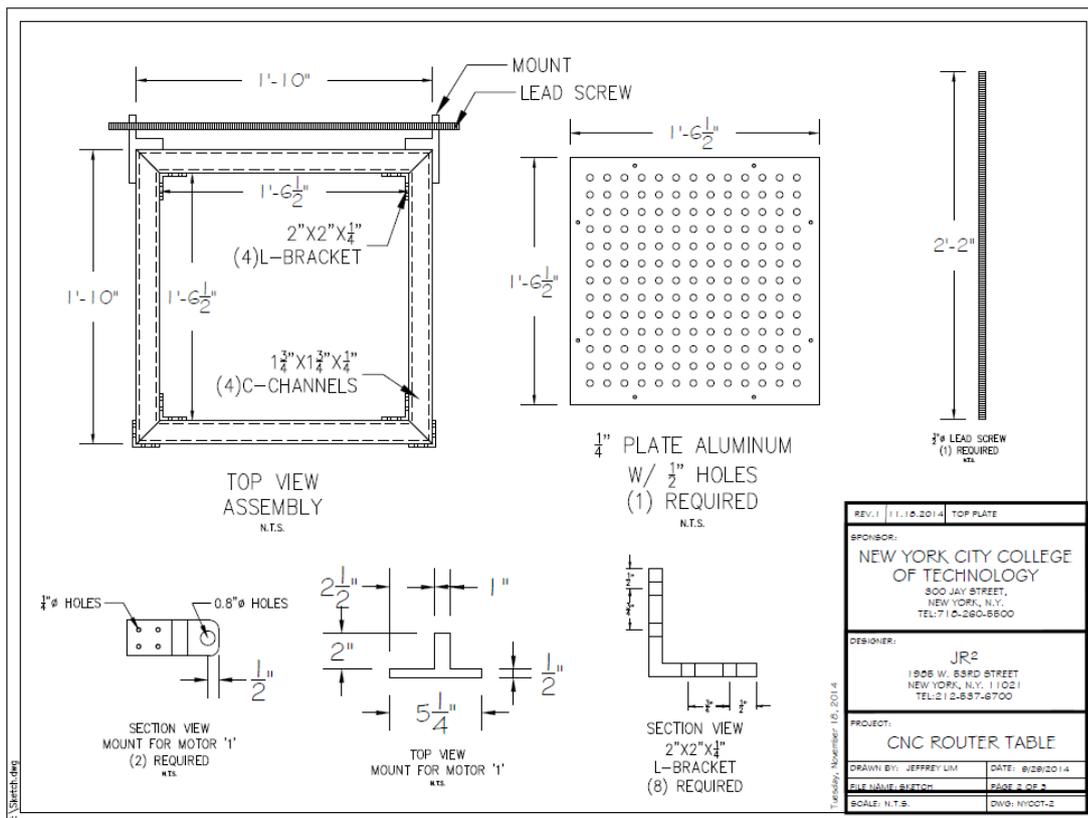


3.1 (Continuation)  
Preliminary Sketch of Important Parts/Assemblies

Preliminary Sketch 1



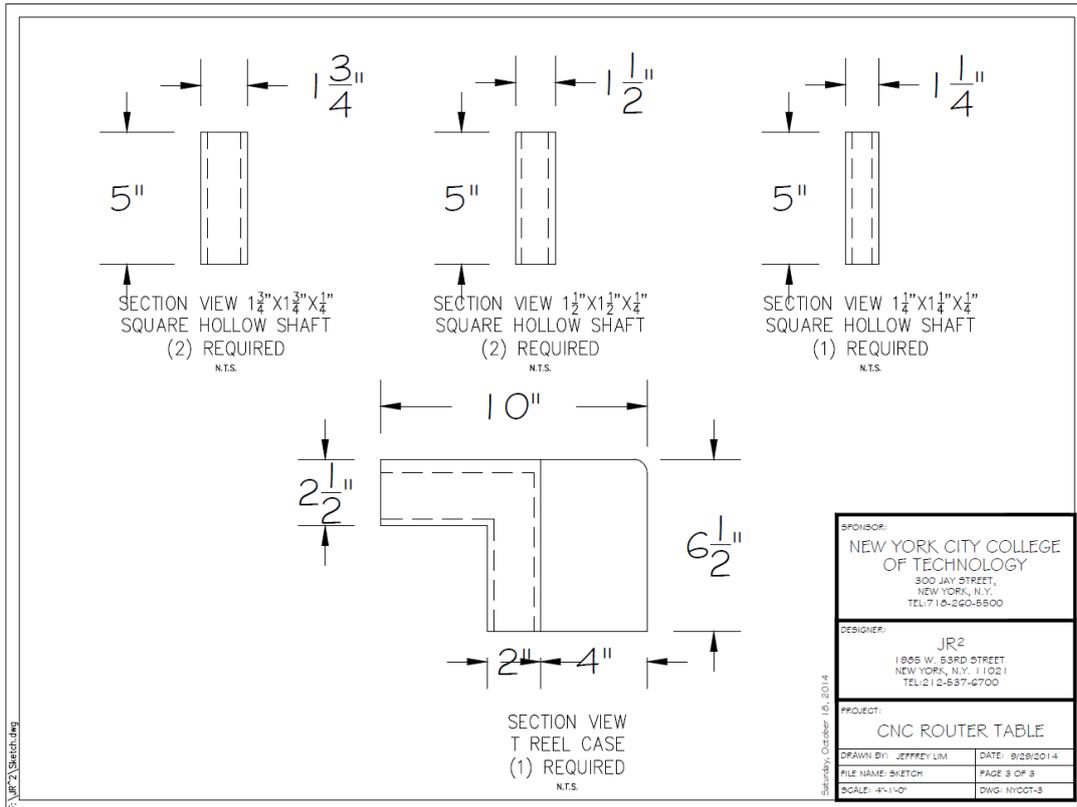
Preliminary Sketch 2





3.1 (Continuation)  
 Preliminary Sketch of Important Parts/Assemblies

Preliminary Sketch 3



The images above are preliminary sketches of the parts that are considered to be the most important of the product. The functional requirements established are met by the use of these components/parts for the following reasons:

-  **Coated Black C-Channel** (1 3/4" x 1 3/4" x 1/4")  
 This particular piece is made out of Aluminum; hence it helps us keep the CNC Router as lightweight as possible. Also, it is a hollow piece with only 1/4<sup>th</sup> of body thickness which also makes it lightweight, compared to a solid shaft.
-  **Aluminum Steel Top Plate** (18 1/2" x 18 1/2" x 16ga.)  
 The top plate is a cut-out of Stainless Steel (*type 304*) which is resistant to corrosion, heat damage and chemical damage. The following are top advantages that Stainless steel gives:

  - Aesthetically pleasant
  - Long life span
  - Easy to clean and maintain
  - High strength
-  **Mount for Motor**  
 The material chosen for this piece is ABS which stands for *Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene*. The properties encountered in this polymer are one of the best in its category; it is very durable and strong.



### 3.1 (Continuation)

#### Preliminary Sketch of Important Parts/Assemblies

##### L-Bracket (2" x 2" 1/4")

The material chosen for the *L-Bracket* is Stainless Steel (*type 304*) which is appropriate and helps the team meet the functional requirements. The Stainless Steel provides high strength which results in long-life span and it is also aesthetically pleasant which in this case it is very important since these L-Brackets will be visible.

##### Square Hollow Shafts

The Square Hollow Shafts are made out of aluminum. This helps the CNC Router Table to be lightweight; which is a very important requirement to (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc.

##### T Reel Case

The *T-Reel Case* is a custom part that helps with the incorporation of the flex-rack and the tension cable. The material chosen is *PC\_ABS Plastic* which is strong enough to sustain any forces.

#### a) Possible layouts of the product

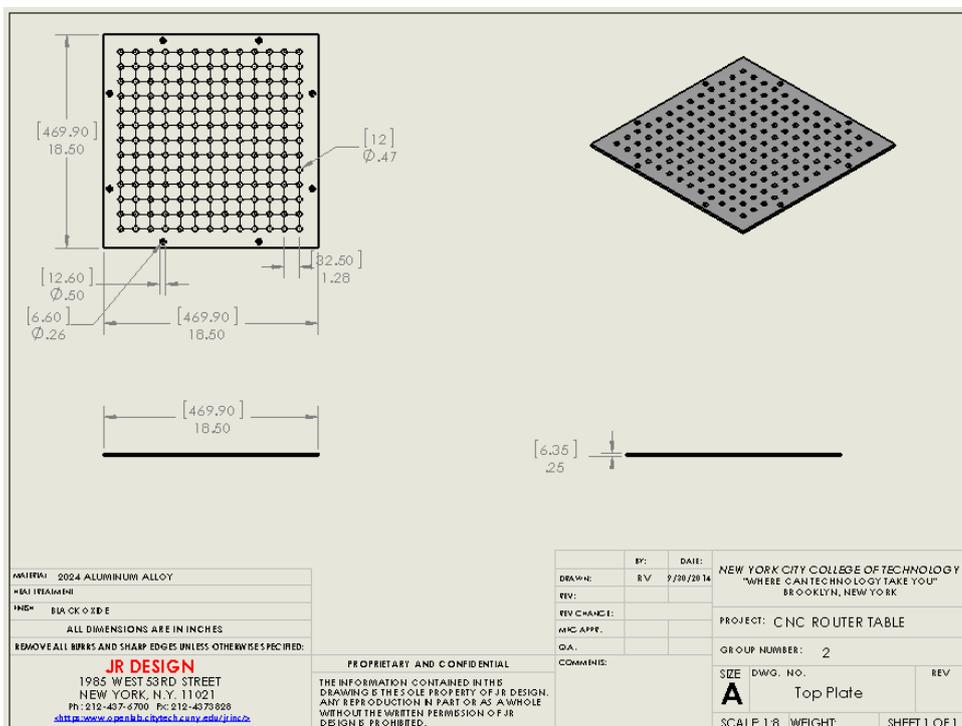
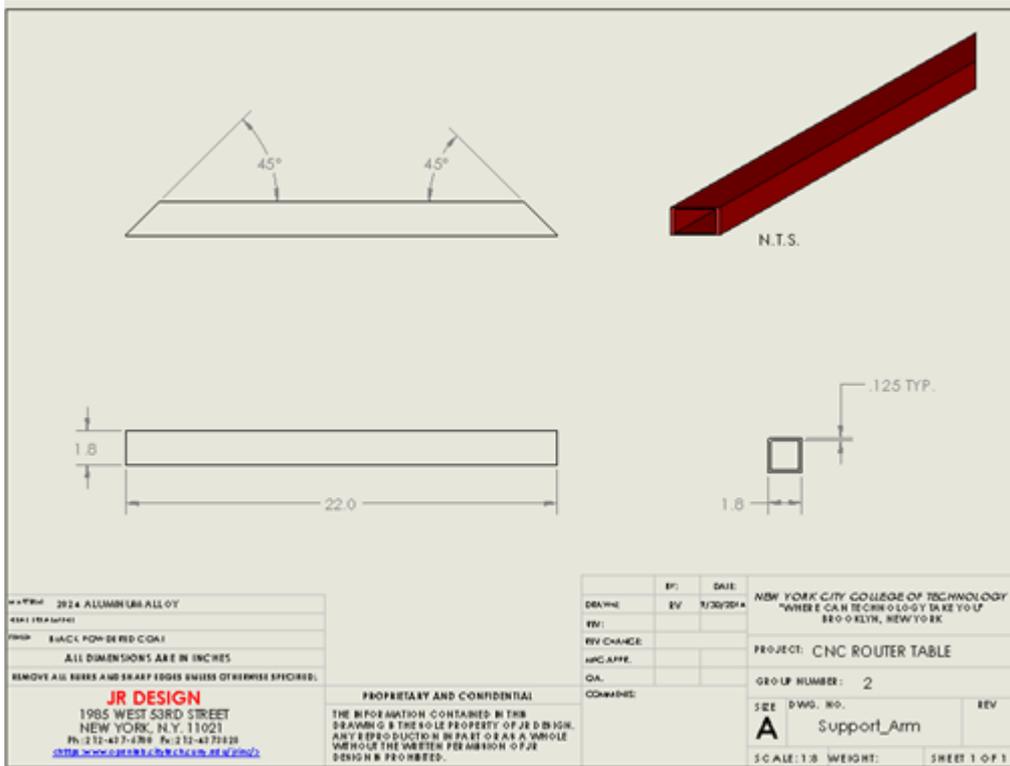
The team had a general idea of the layouts of the (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table but as time went by, numerous changes were made in order to meet the functional requirements that were set. At first, the team considered a 2' x 2' table which was then shortened to 22" x 22" due to dimensioning constraints and limitations and also because the team wanted to keep the overall size to be around 24" in total. Secondly, (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc., had the idea to follow the trend and use the most common design in order to minimize errors. But, after running analysis and research, the team realized that changes in the design needed to be made. These changes resulted in having two guided rail shafts which are found in existent CNC Router Tables as well. The team has thought about having a Robotic Arm which operates the machine but; this might not be possible because of it might cause too much vibration. Thirdly, the team planned to create a product as lightweight as possible and use ABS Plastic to help obtain the desired results. Unfortunately, this couldn't become true due to the fact that *ABS Plastic* is not strong enough to hold the material weight in the cutting area (*top plate*) and it is also not durable. As a result, the team decided to work using Aluminum and stainless steel. Another important change is one that wasn't expected. The team decided to go beyond and build a system that has the ability to create cuts in 3 Axis. At first, the *CNC Router Table* was meant to only have two degrees of freedom. Another change was made during the analysis of possible layouts. This change involves the change of functional parts such as the gear and the motors. This decision was made by the use of our design matrix.



### 3.2 Detailed Product Drawing

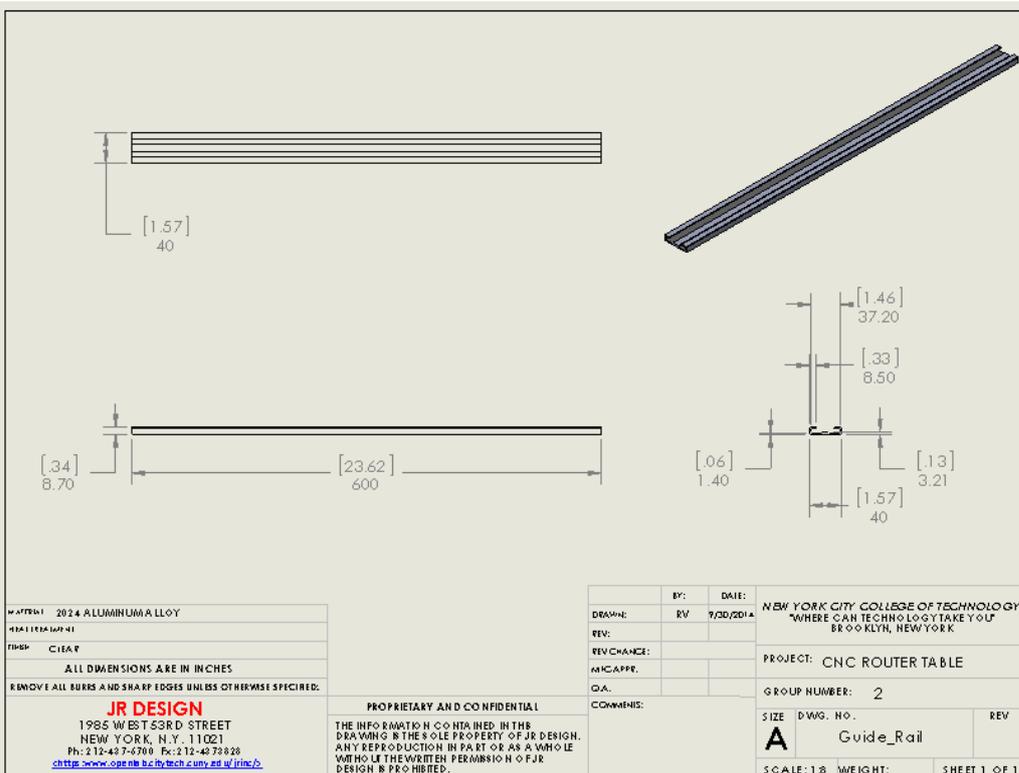
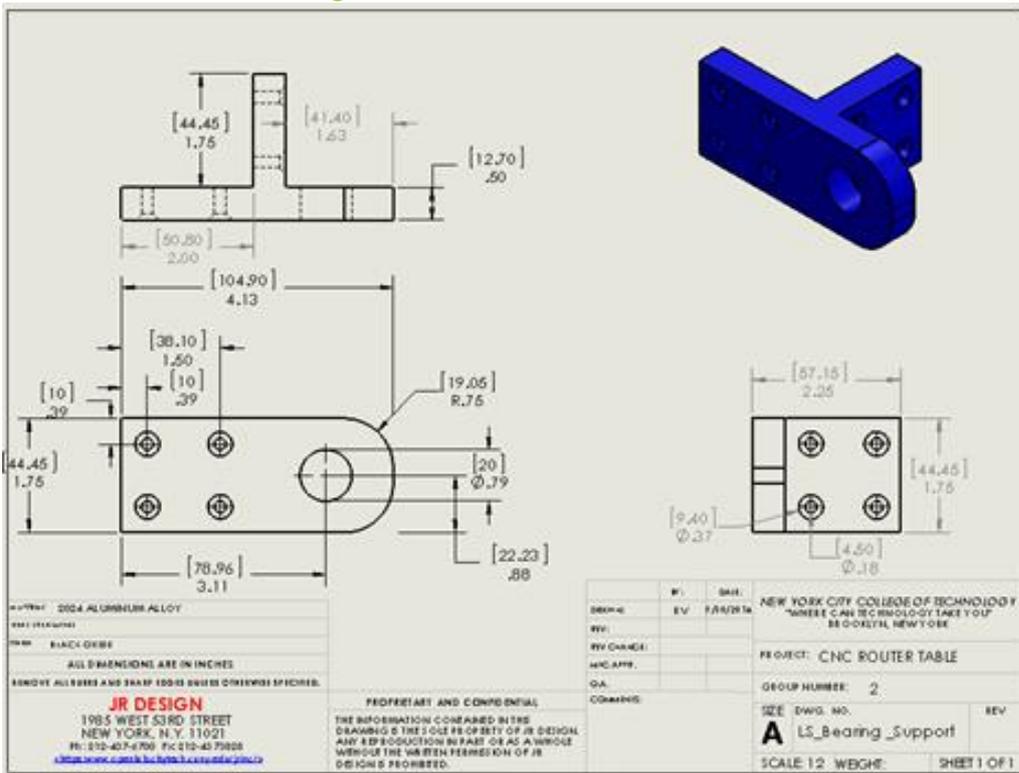
The following images are the Part Drawings (engineering drawings) of the most innovative router table ever made. These drawings were created with the use of Solidworks.

- NOTE: The engineering drawings include the material to be used and all the necessary information for fabrication.



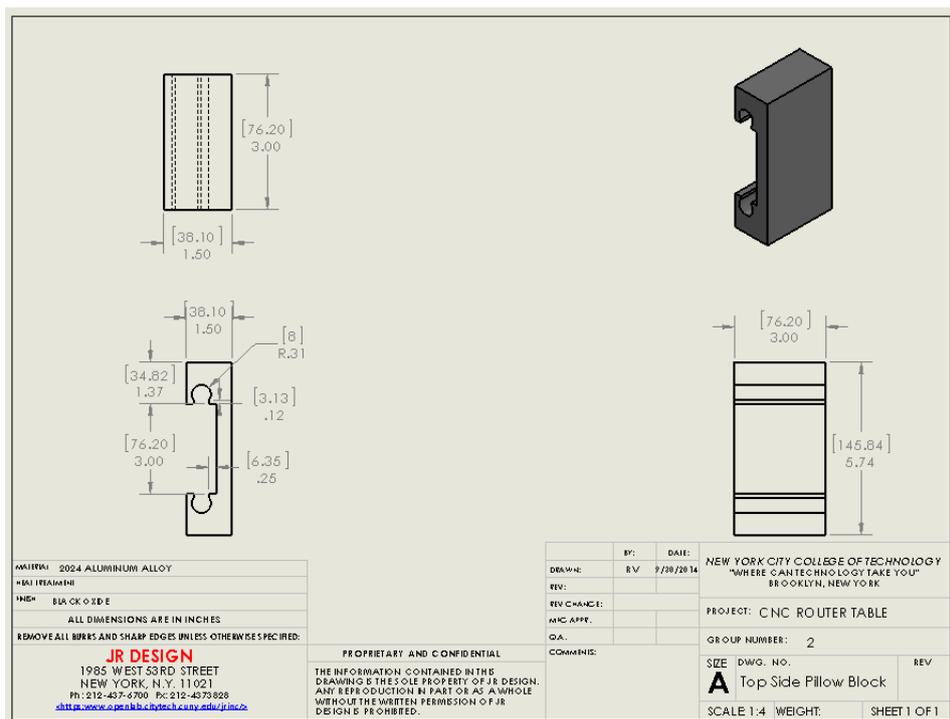
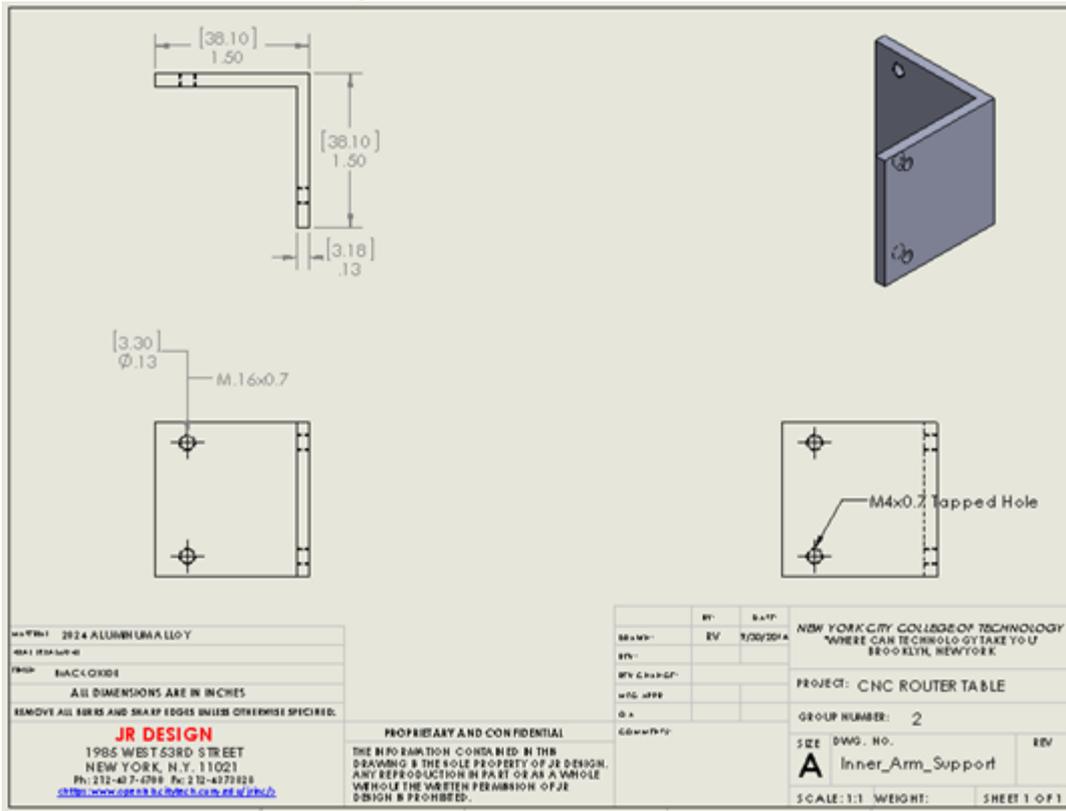


3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing



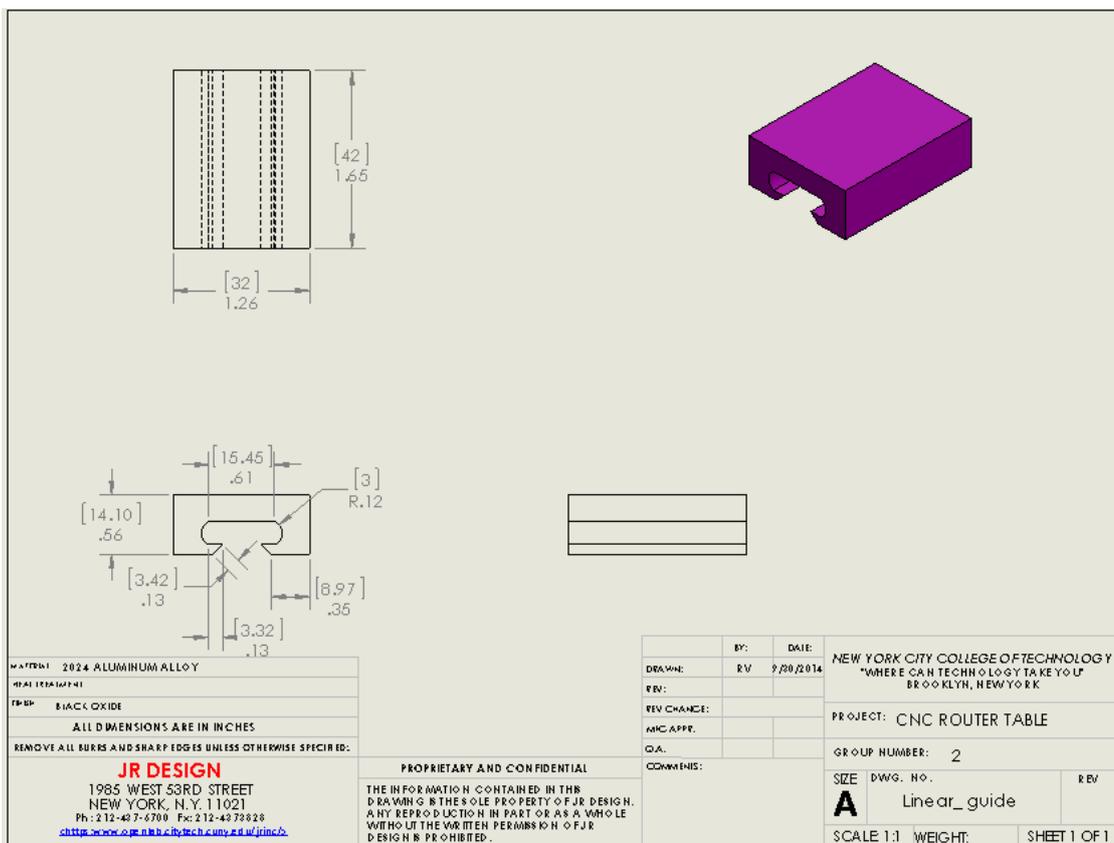
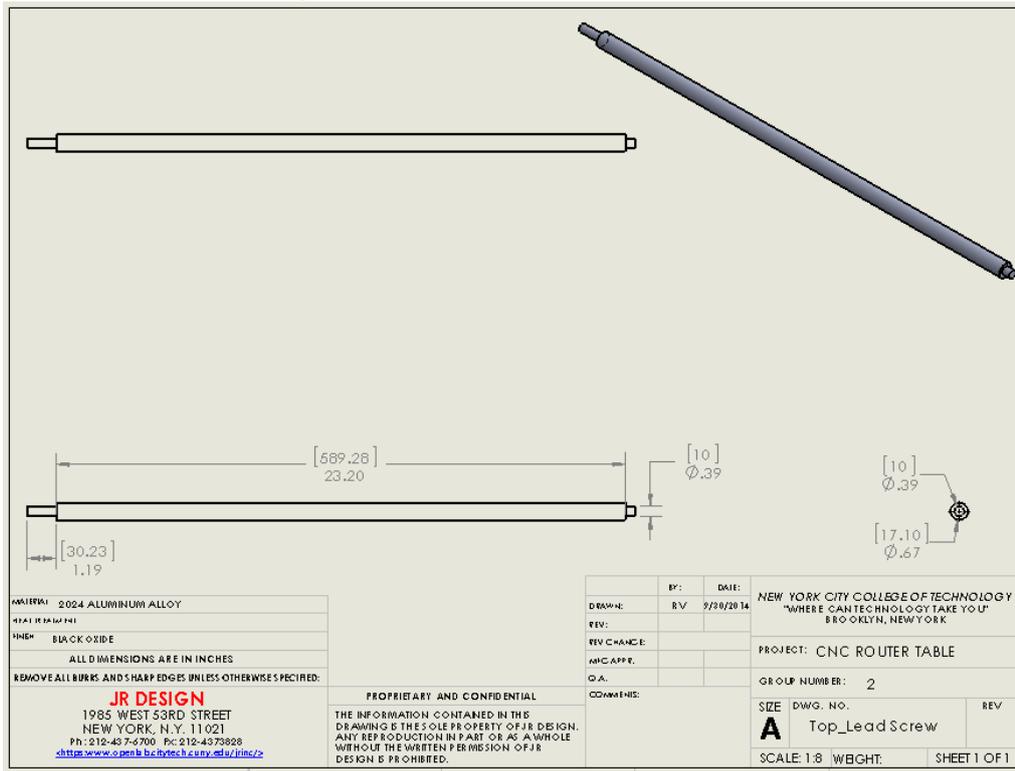


3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing



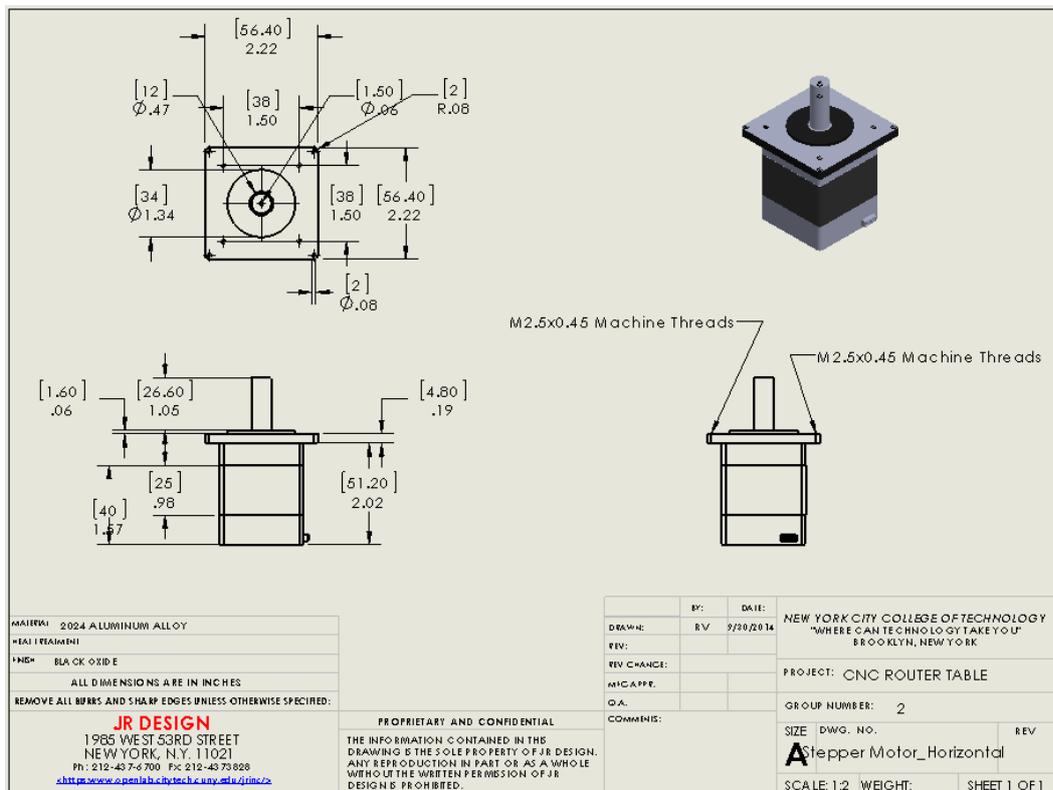
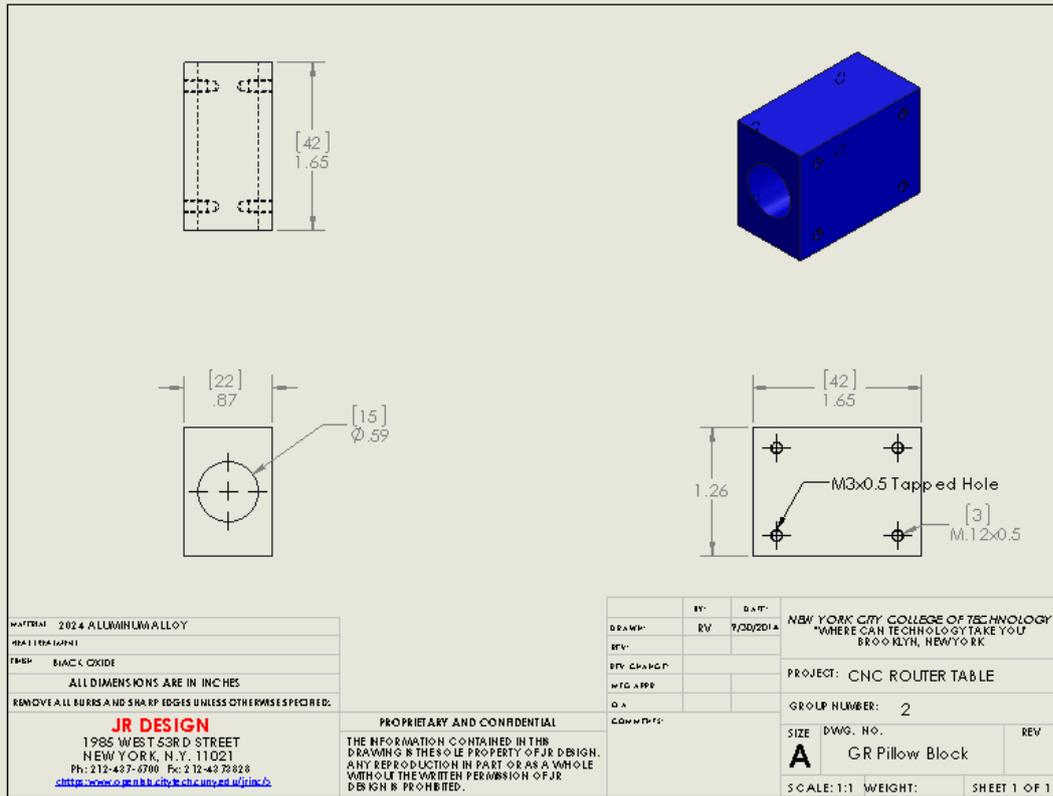


3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing



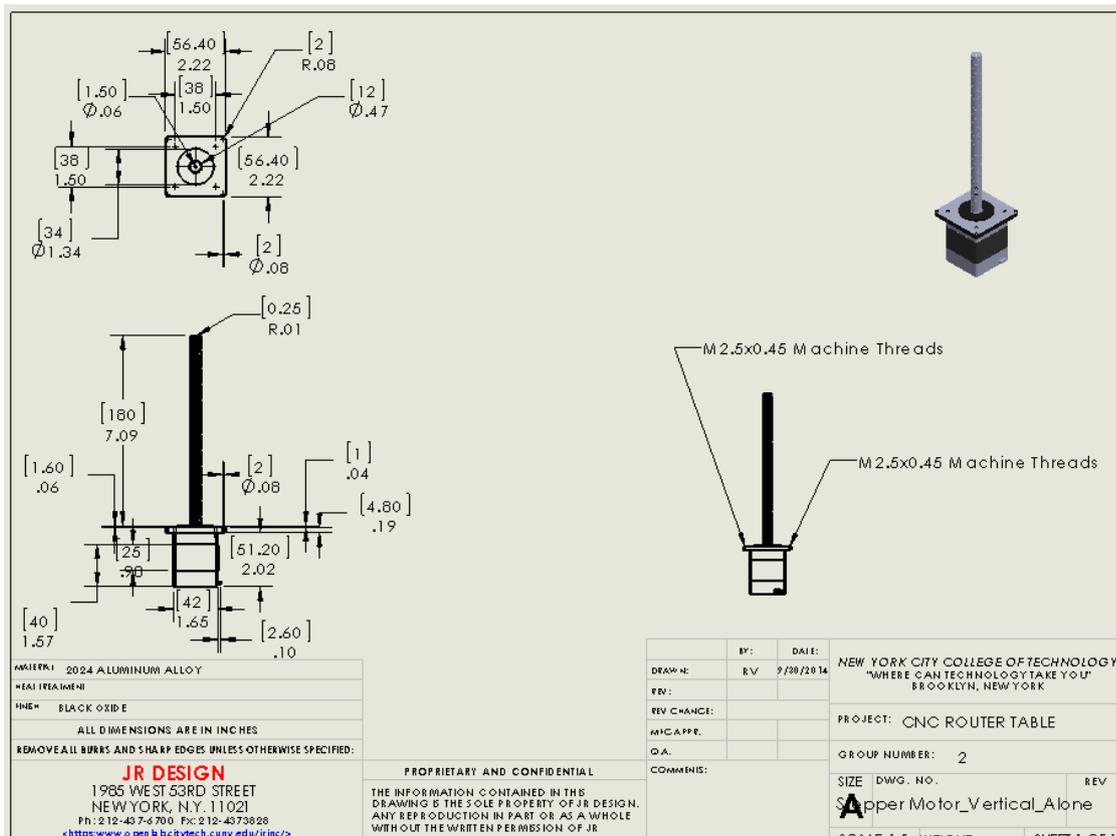
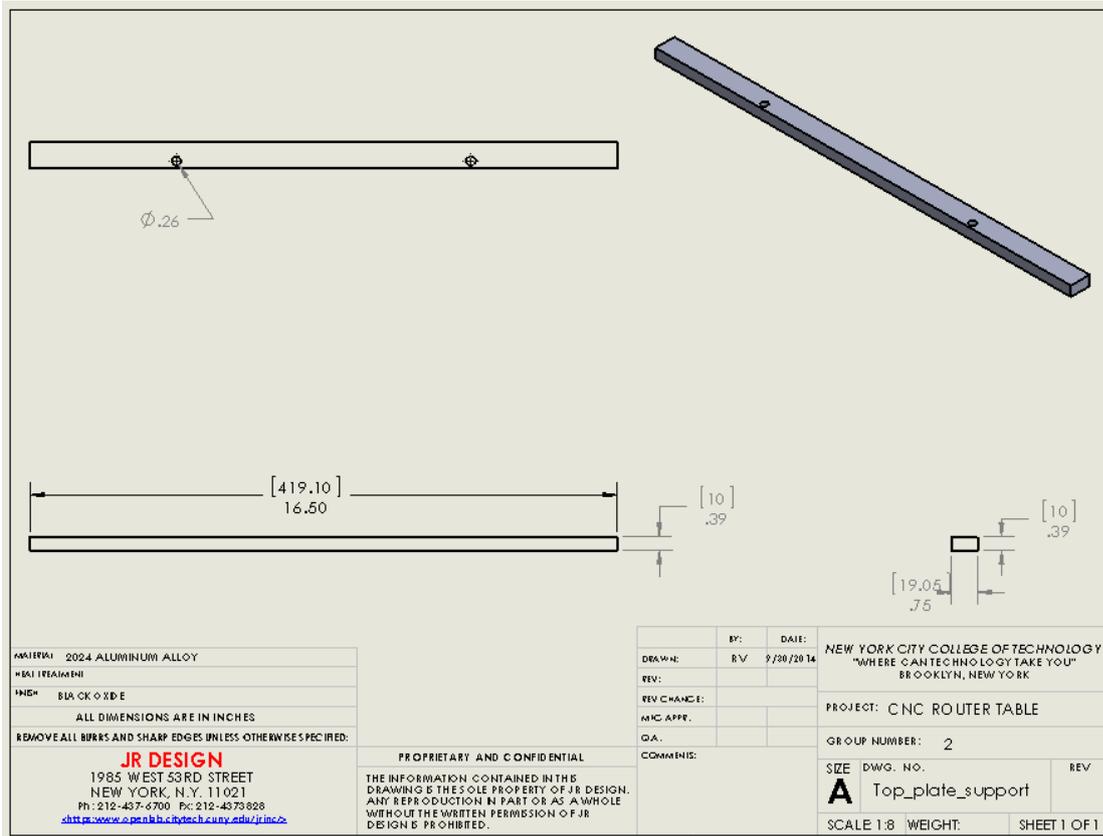


3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing



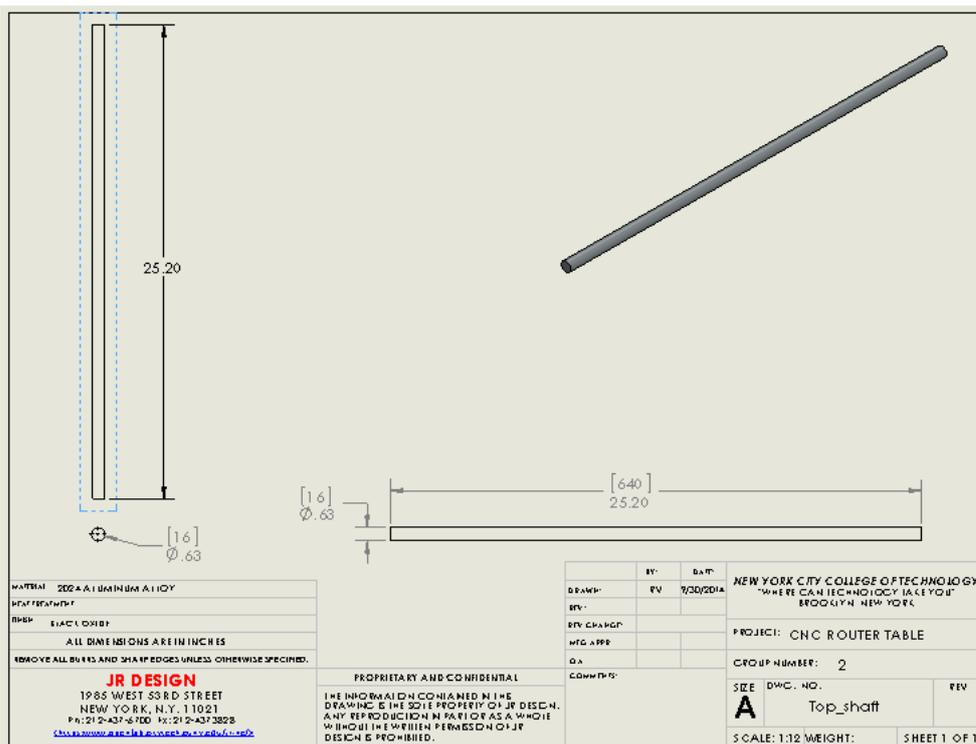
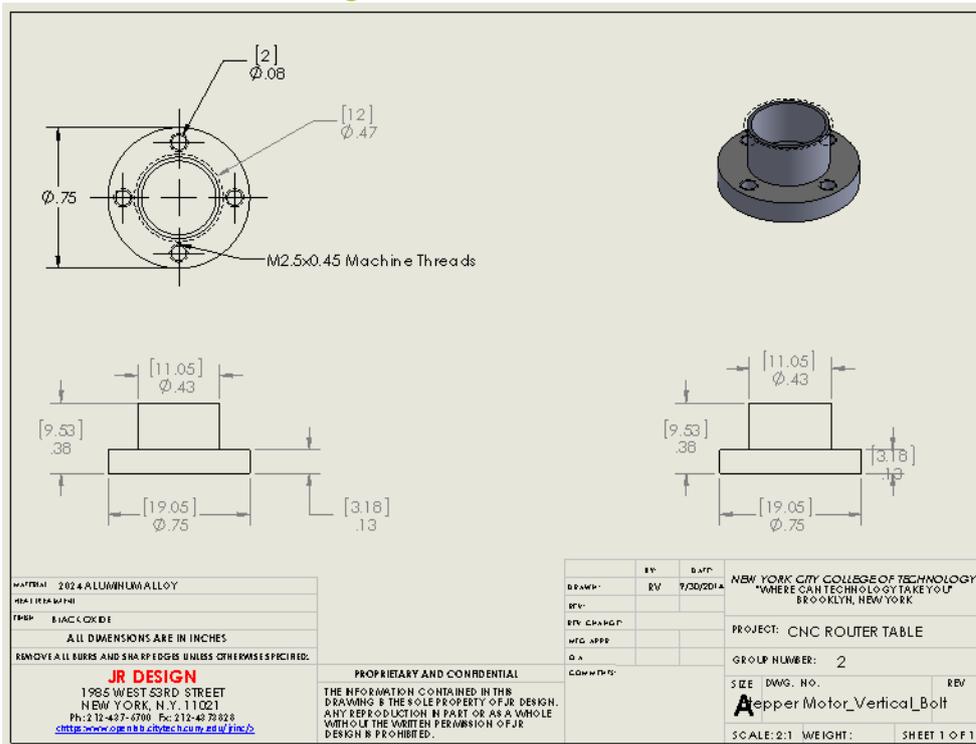


3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing



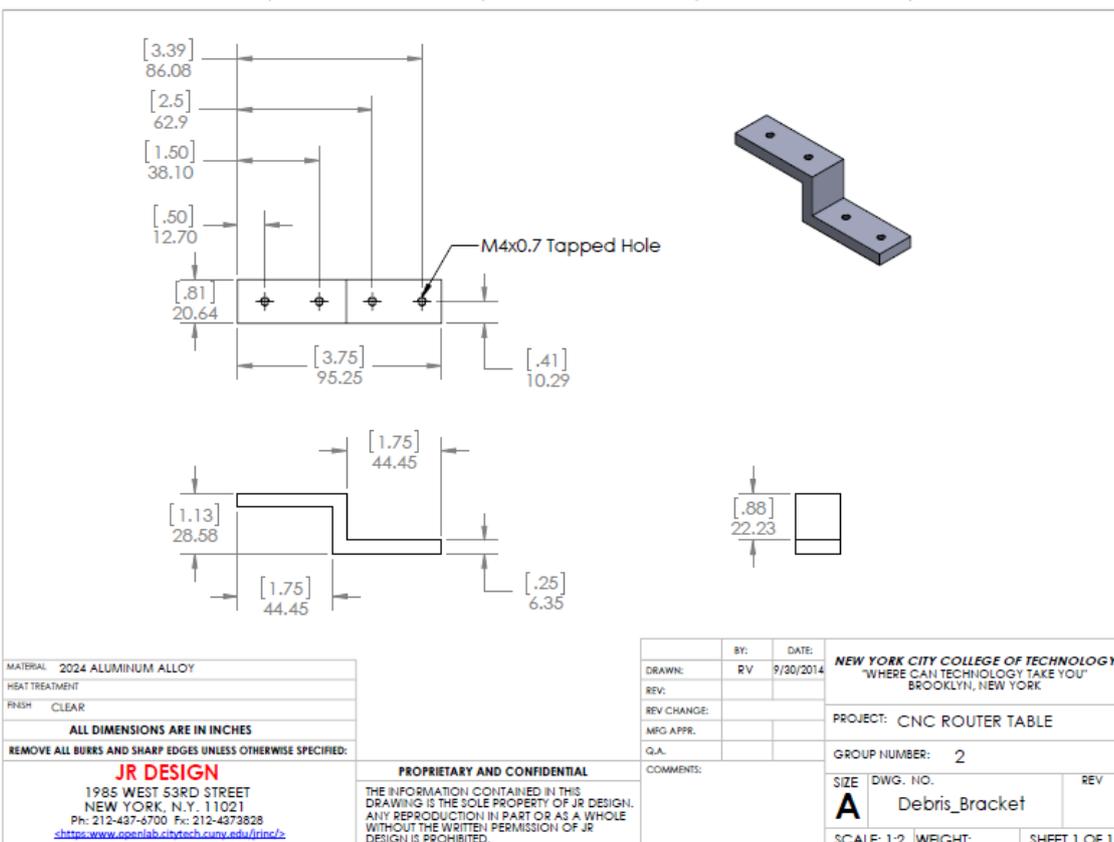
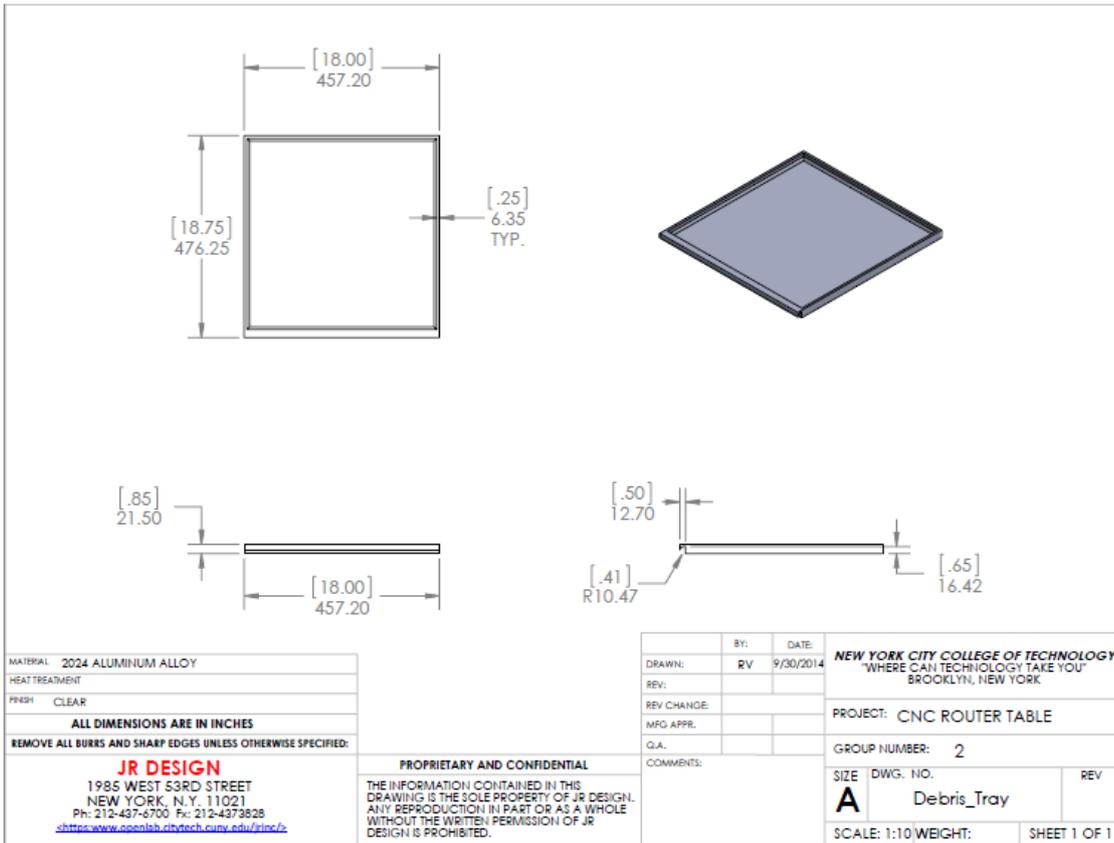


3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing





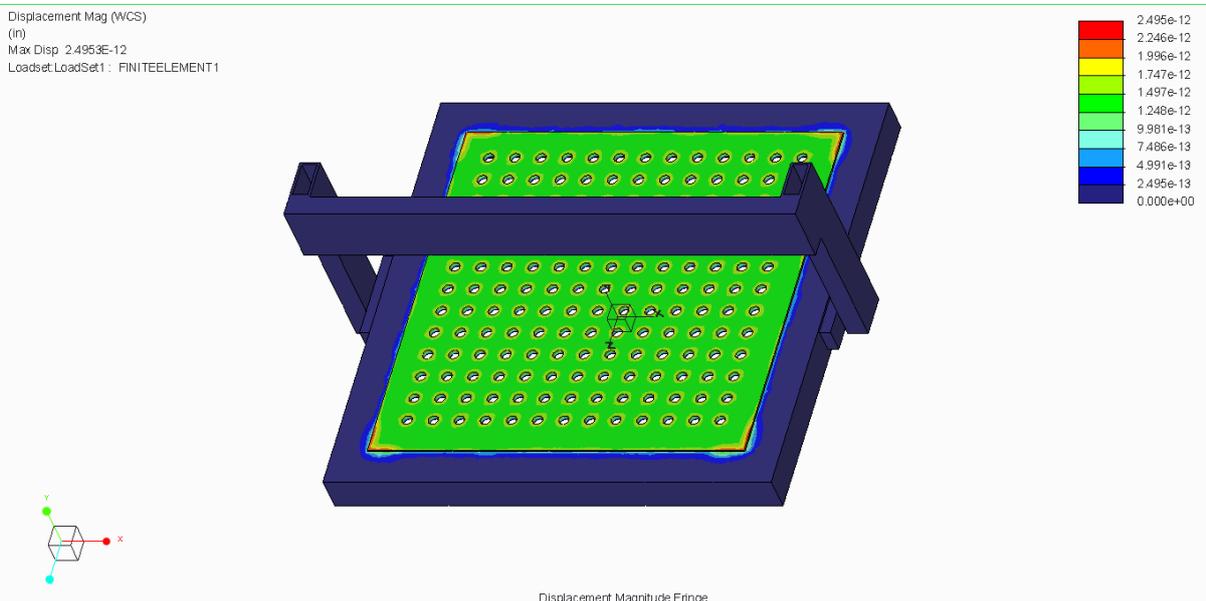
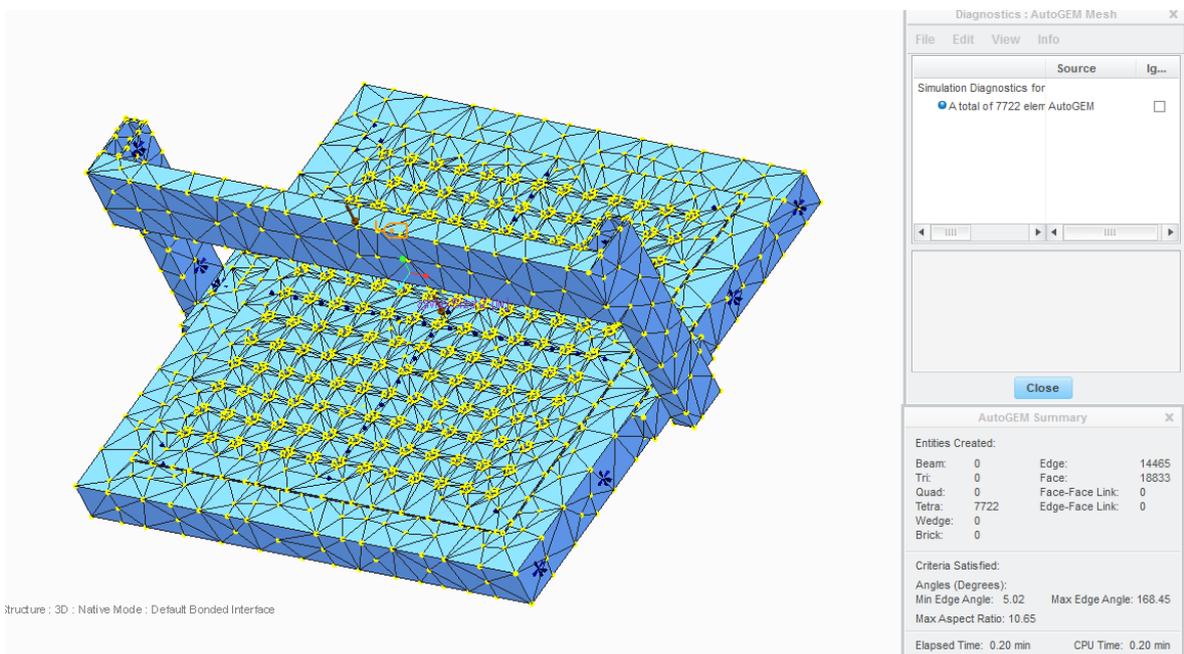
3.2 Continuation  
Detailed Product Drawing





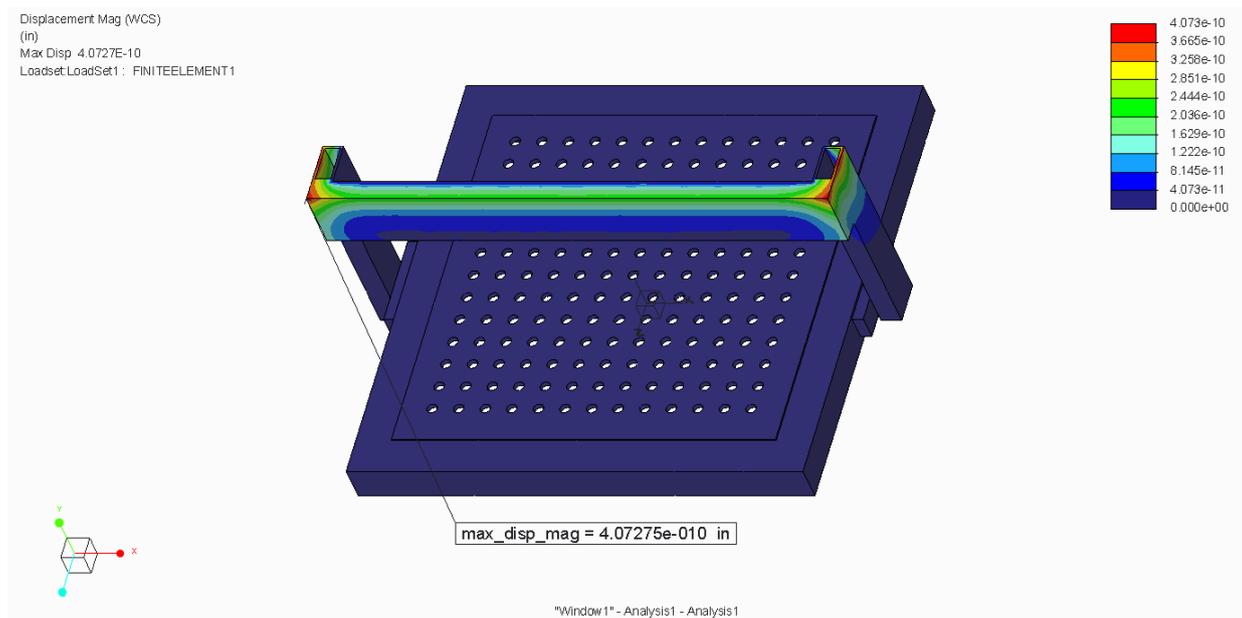
### 3.3 Motion Analysis

A motion analysis was conducted after completing the detailed CAD designs and the assembly. By doing so, the team had the ability to encounter any possible collision. The images below help you visualize the possible movements that will be generated in final physical product.





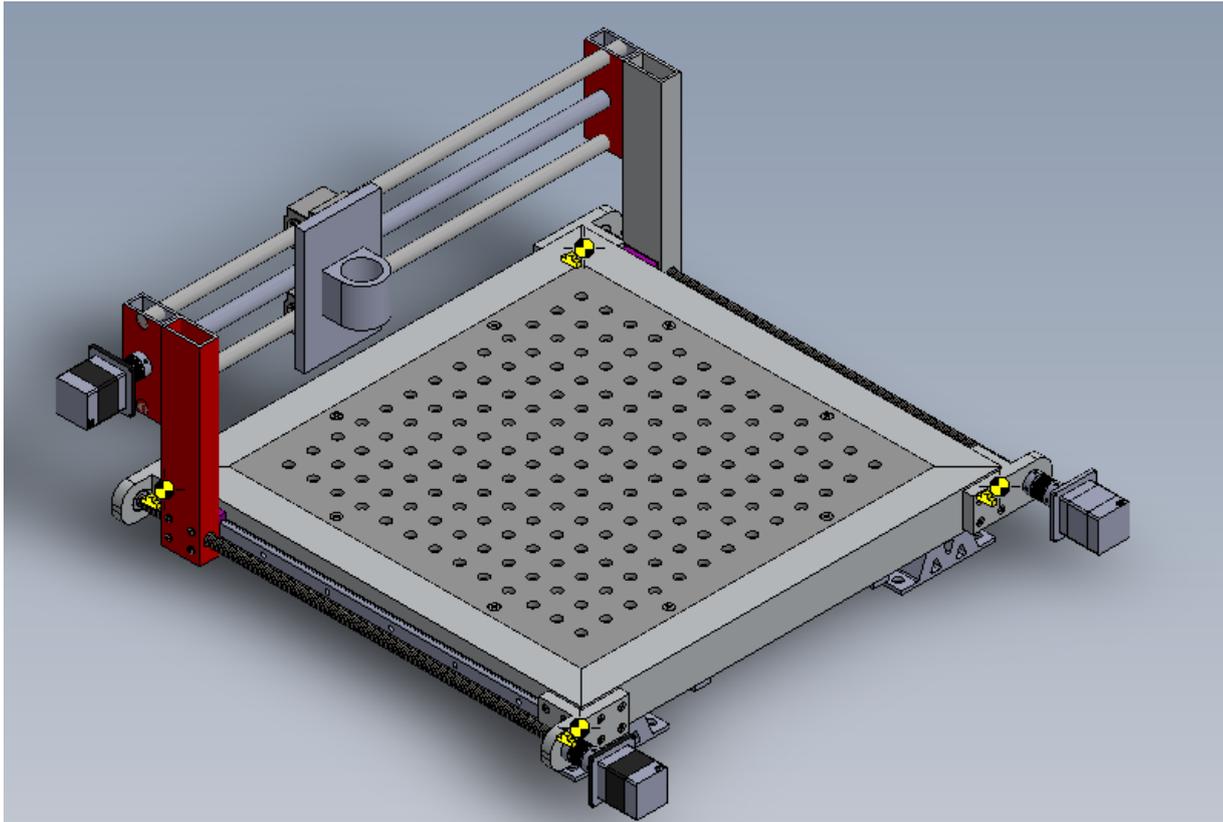
### 3.3 Continuation Motion Analysis



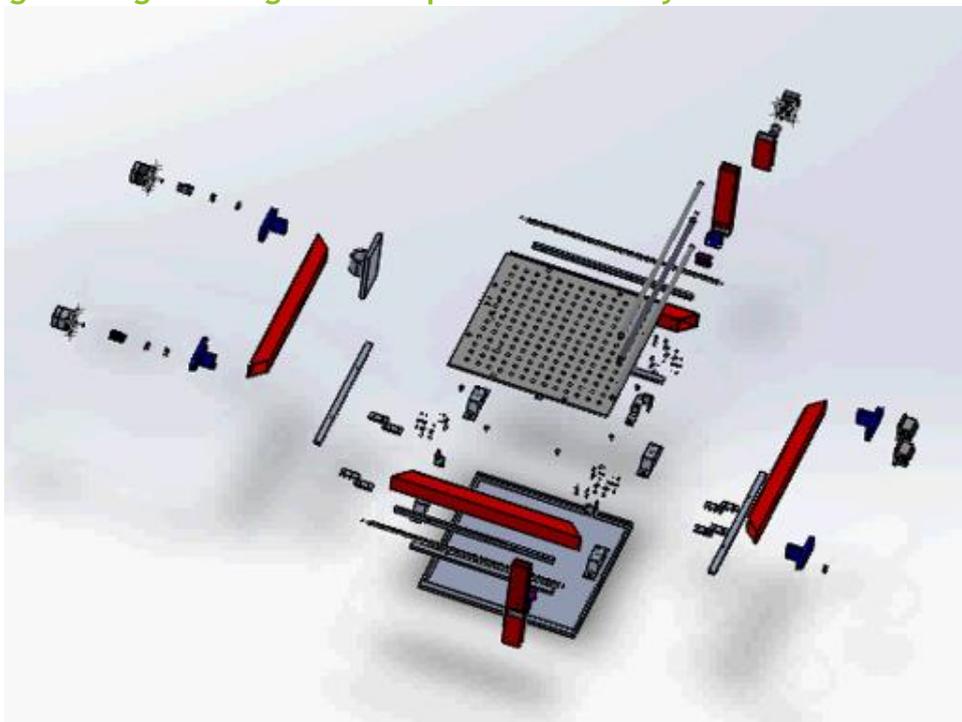


### 3.4 Assembly View

The following image shows the CAD (*Computer Aided Design*) final assembly.



#### a) Engineering Drawing of the Exploded Assembly View





## b) Bill of Material

The following image shows a list of material/components that are needed in order to assemble the (JR)<sup>2</sup> Router Table and put it to function. All of the components will be supplied in a package in combination to an easy-to-follow assembly instruction.

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY.
1	Support_Arm	4
2	Inner_Arm_Supports	4
3	LS_Bearing_SupportBlk	4
4	TOP_PLATE	1
5	Lead Screw	2
6	Stepper Motor_Horizontal	3
7	Top_Plate_Support	4
8	B18.6.7M - M6 x 1.0 x 13 Type I Cross Recessed FHMS --13N	8
9	B18.6.7M - M4 x 0.7 x 16 Type I Cross Recessed FHMS --16C	16
10	B18.6.7M - M4 x 0.7 x 30 Type I Cross Recessed FHMS --30C	16
11	B18.6.7M - M4 x 0.7 x 10 Type I Cross Recessed PHMS --10C	24
12	Bearing	6
13	10mm_Coupling	3
14	Precision_Rail	2
15	Linear_Guide	2
16	GR_Pillow_Block	2
17	Side_Support_Arms	2
18	Top_Side_Support_Arms	2
19	Top_Lead Screw	1
20	Vibration_Mount	4
21	Top_ShafTs	2
22	9338T2	2
23	Tool_Holder	1
24	Tray_Bracket	6
25	Debris_Tray	1

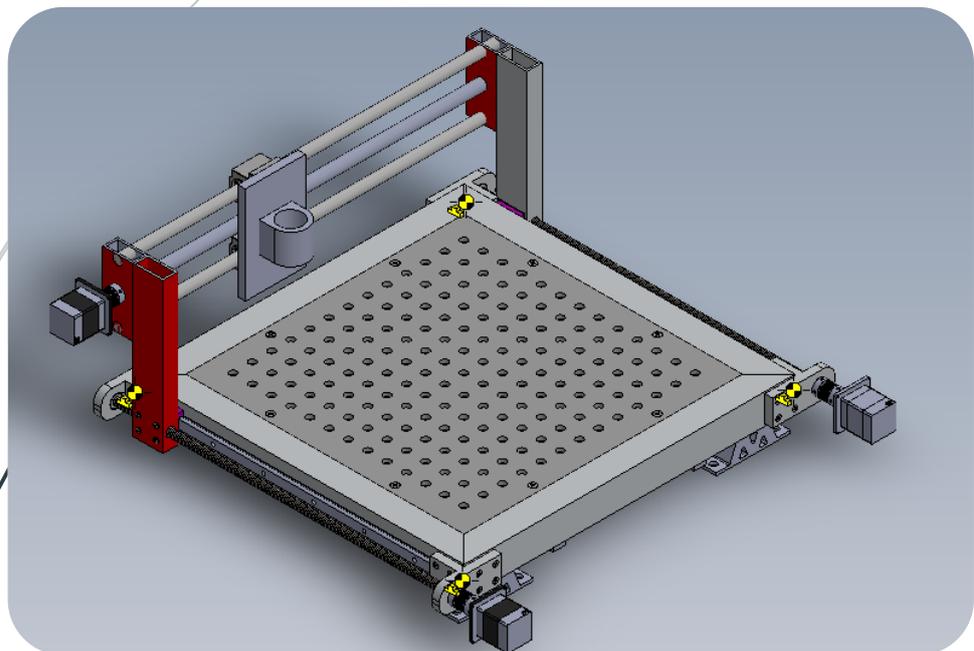


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## JR CNC Router Table – (JR)<sup>2</sup>, INC – Group #2

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### Chapter 4





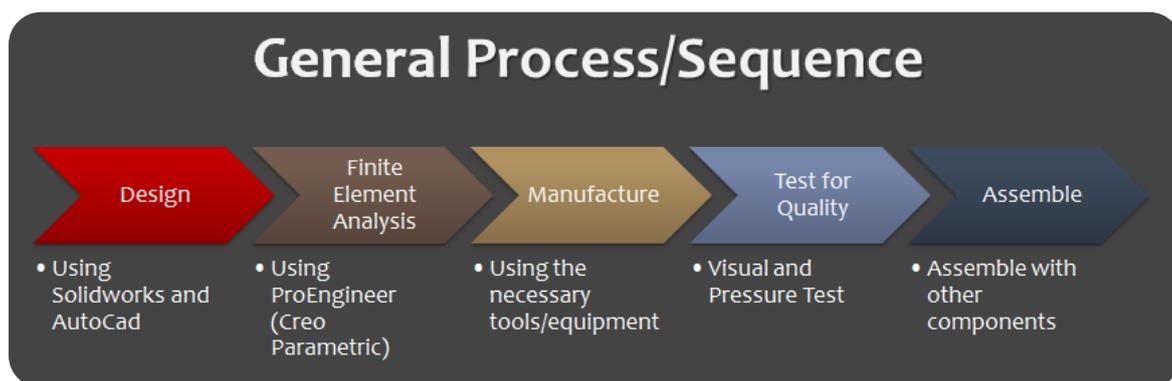
## Chapter 4: Manufacturing Plan

### 4.1 Manufacturing Processes of Designed Parts

It is to be understood that the manufacturing process should be well planned before it starts. The disposition of time as well as the availability of materials, components and tools/equipment needs to be considered. Fortunately, by creating research beforehand and a detailed product design; helps (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc. tremendously. This is because the team knows the availability of the material and components that were considered since it was decided during the design process. Least but not last, it is important to mention that the team plans to manufacture certain parts due to the fact that they are special (non-standard) pieces.

It is possible that the team may encounter problems when the manufacturing process of the parts starts. This is a very realistic and common situation which occurs in the manufacturing world. On the other hand, it can be avoided at the design stage. In the case of (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc., the team spent a long period of time thinking about possible errors that can be encountered and for those, solutions were brought up. For example, if the selection of a specific material can cause negative effects, the team should consider alternative options at the design stage. This will help avoid futuristic problems.

The following image shows a General Process/Sequence that (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc., has followed throughout the project



The tools that will be used the most are the following:

<b>(JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table</b>	<b>Tools to be used</b>
	3D Printer
	Water Jet Cutter
	Miter Saw
	Drill Press
	Table Saw
	Angle Grinder
	Drill
Measuring Tape	

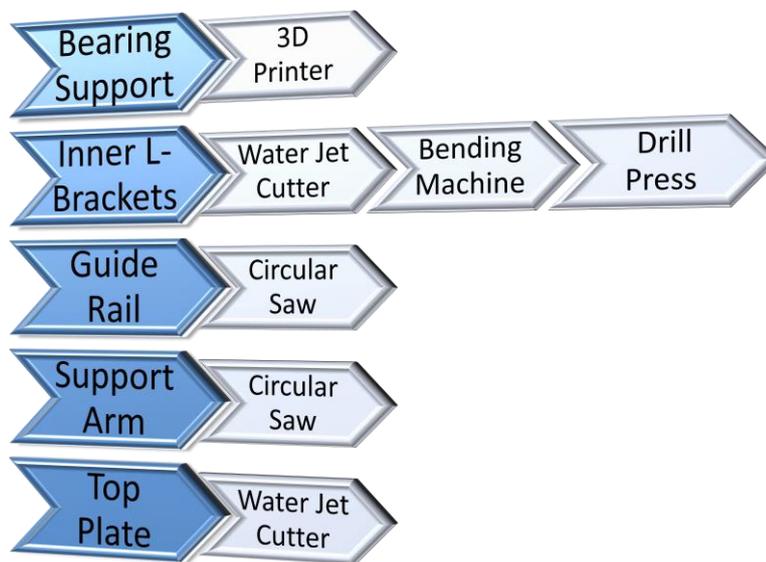
*and more*



#### 4.1 Continuation Manufacturing Processes of Designed Parts

The following image shows the process that certain parts will need to go through for completion. The steps should be followed in the sequence stated.

Figure 7



As Figure 7 shows:

- The manufacturing of the Bearing Support will first go through a test and depending on the result obtained, the material will then be chosen. First, a test will be run using the 3D Printer that is located in the New York City College of Technology (NYCCT). The 3D Printer will print the part (with the inside hollow) in ABS (*Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene*) which is a very durable material. If the piece fails, the team will then proceed to manufacture the Bearing Support using Aluminum 2024.
- The Inner L-Brackets one of the most time consuming parts to be manufactured. They both will be cut using a Water Jet Cutting Machine which is located in the New York City College of Technology (NYCCT). After this, the pieces will be collected and taken through a bending process. The pieces will be set to a bending degree of 90°. Finally, the Arm Supports will be taken to a Drill Press Machine and 8 holes of M4 x0.7 (*per piece*) will be created with the most precision as possible.
- The Guide Rail will be bought from an outside source/supplier. The team will have to cut the piece to the desired length which is 600mm (23.62")
- The Support Arm (1 3/4" x 1 3/4") that will be used for the base/structure will need to be cut to exact length of 24" with 45° angle.
- The Top Plate (*Aluminum 1/4"*) outside area will be cut using a Water Jet Cutting Machine as well as the outside holes and the slots.



## 4.2 Problems identified

During the manufacturing and re-design processes, the team happened to identify numerous problems. These problems are the following:

### + Top Plate

During the cutting stage of the top plate, the team realized that the design created was not as effective and functional as it was thought. The design had long  $\frac{1}{4}$ " strips from one end to the other with 1" of clearance all around it. The strips were  $\frac{1}{2}$ " apart from each other which isn't enough area to support the weight of the material that will be cut. If one adds a load in the center, the result will be an obvious deformation. As a result, the team decided to reconsider the design and came up with a better idea. Instead of using strips, the team will cut  $\frac{1}{2}$ " holes that are 32.5mm apart.

### + Robotic Arm Design

At first, (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc, intended to create a CNC Router Table that was operated by a Robotic Arm. During the design stages, the team realized that this was not possible because of bending issues. As a result, the whole design had to be changed. Furthermore, the team designed a model that wouldn't suffer the problems encountered on the robotic arm design.

### + Finding Motors

Finding the proper motors was a very difficult task. This is because of budget limitation. Also, the team was looking for a specific pack/kit that brings other required components such as a driver, interface board, and more.

### + Non-Collaborative Team

Other than facing design problems, the team also faced internal confliction. This is because the responsibilities were divided in an equal manner but were not met by every member. Therefore, members needed to take charge of the missing work and complete it within the dead-line set.



## 4.2 Schedule

It is to be acknowledged that every project needs a detailed schedule that needs to be done and followed very carefully in order to accomplish the main goal; which is to complete the project assuring to meet the deliverables and on time. Hence, the team created a detailed schedule which shows how the product will be built before the deadline set.

Today's Date: 9/10/2014 Wednesday  
(vertical red line)

Project Lead: (JR)^2 INC  
Start Date: 9/9/2014 Tuesday

				First Day of Week (Mon=2): 2							<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <span>◀</span> <span>08 - Sep - 14</span> <span>15 - Sep - 14</span> <span>22 - Sep - 14</span> <span>29 - Sep - 14</span> <span>06 - Oct - 14</span> <span>13 - Oct - 14</span> <span>20 - Oct - 14</span> <span>27 - Oct - 14</span> <span>03 - Nov - 14</span> <span>10 - Nov - 14</span> <span>17 - Nov - 14</span> <span>24 - Nov - 14</span> <span>01 - Dec - 14</span> <span>08 - Dec - 14</span> <span>15 - Dec - 14</span> <span>▶</span> </div>													
WBS	Tasks	Task Lead	Start	End	Duration (Days)	% Complete	Working Days	Days Complete	Days Remaining															
<b>1</b>	<b>Preliminary Design</b>	Team	9/9/14	9/16/14	7	100%	6	7	0															
1.1	What is the product?		9/9/14	9/10/14	1	100%	2	1	0															
1.2	Purpose/Features/Market		9/10/14	9/11/14	1	100%	2	1	0															
1.2.1	Function Requirements		9/11/14	9/12/14	1	100%	2	1	0															
1.2.2	Corporate Contraints		9/12/14	9/13/14	1	100%	1	1	0															
1.3	Customer Needs		9/13/14	9/15/14	2	100%	1	2	0															
1.4	Proposal		9/15/14	9/16/14	1	100%	2	1	0															
<b>2</b>	<b>Intermediate Design</b>	Team	9/16/14	10/28/14	12	100%	31	12	0															
2.1	Specification		9/16/14	9/25/14	4	100%	8	4	0															
2.2	Parts/ materials needed		9/25/14	10/5/14	3	100%	7	3	0															
2.3	CAD drawings		10/5/14	10/27/14	4	100%	16	4	0															
2.4	Assembly		10/27/14	10/28/14	1	100%	2	1	0															
<b>3</b>	<b>Comprehensive design</b>	Team	10/28/14	11/25/14	29	80%	21	23	6															
3.1	Sub Task level 2		10/28/14	11/10/14	13	0%	10	0	13															
3.2	Sub Task level 2		11/10/14	11/15/14	6	0%	5	0	6															
3.3	Sub Task level 2		11/17/14	11/22/14	6	0%	5	0	6															
3.4	Sub Task level 2		11/24/14	11/25/14	6	0%	2	0	6															
<b>4</b>	<b>Final Design</b>	Team	11/26/14	12/16/14	21	0%	15	0	21															
4.1	Sub Task level 2		11/26/14	12/1/14	6	0%	4	0	6															
4.2	Sub Task level 2		12/1/14	12/8/14	7	0%	6	0	7															
4.3	Sub Task level 2		12/8/14	12/10/14	4	0%	3	0	4															
4.4	Sub Task level 2		12/10/14	12/16/14	6	0%	5	0	6															

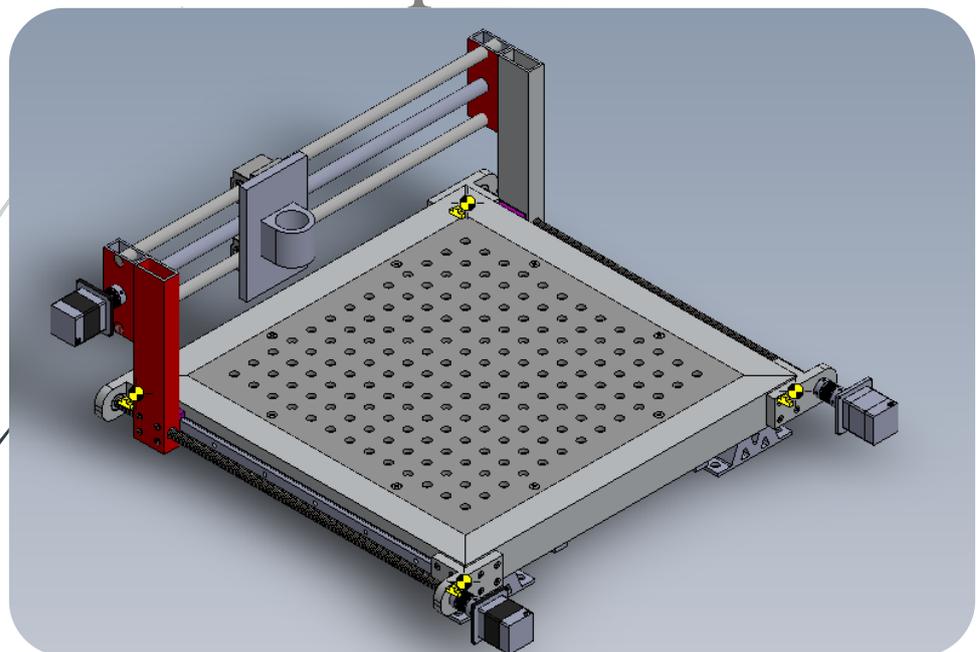


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## JR CNC Router Table – (JR)<sup>2</sup>, INC – Group #2

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### Chapter 5





## Chapter 5: Failure Mode and Effect Analysis

### 5.1 Explanation of FMEA

It is to be understood that failure is always a probability which need to be taken into consideration and if any failure is estimated, attempts to minimize its potential need to be created. The mission of (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc, with this project has always been to deliver a product that meets all the customer needs but also, a product that has quality all around it. To do so, the team did a safety and failure analysis (FMEA) which purpose is to show potential hazard or failure, if any. This analysis takes into consideration the following three items:

1. Frequency of occurrence
2. Severity of consequences
3. Types of hazard (entanglement, chocking, contact, etc.)

#### NOTE:

- Extra consideration will be given to events that show severe consequences and high likelihood of occurrence.
- Correction action is an action that needs to be done in order to either reduce the failure mode or eliminate the defect completely.

### 5.2 Failure Mode

*Ways each part may fail*

<b>(JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table</b>	<b>Item Name</b>	<b>Item Given #</b>
	Base	1
	Table Top	2
	Lead Screws	3
	Motors	4
	Rubber Feet (Anti-Vibration)	5
	Plastic Container (Dust Collector)	6
	Magnet	7
	Plastic Lines	8
	Mount for Motors	9
	L-Brackets	10
	Side Guide Rails	11
	Side Support Aluminum Arms	12
	Top Rail	13
	Shafts	14
	C-Channel	15
	Bearings	16
Pillow blocks	17	



5.2 Failure Mode (Cont.)  
Ways each part may fail

	Severity		Occurrence	
Item #	Effects	Rating	Causes	Rating
1	Non-square and inability to properly attach components	7	45 degree angle cut not precise enough	7
2	Bending	3	Slots and/or L-Brackets holders	6
3	Damage of other components	7	Force applied	7
4	Crack the guide rail and cost friction	6	Large load	6
5	Unbalance table	7	Not secure/tight enough	7
6	Dust collector/container may break	6	Poor material and way it is secured	5
7	Material gets collected and trapped	7	Magnetic field characteristics	6
8	Inability to perform properly	7	Thin lines and/or poor material	8
9	Whole system breaks and the components come apart	8	Poor material	3
10	Moving and/or un-level top plate	9	Screws used to secure	3
11	Inability to perform properly	8	Heavy load, friction and/or motors not being properly aligned	8
12	Destruction of the assembly	8	Poor material	7
13	Bending and unprecise cuts	7	Force applied	6
14				
15	Bending in the center (Top plate)	7	Poor material and not thick enough	6
16				
17				



## 5.2 Failure Mode (Cont.)

### Ways each part may fail

Detection				
Item #	Test	Rating	RPN	Recommended Action
1	Use a T-Square to measure how square it is	7	343	Acceptable
2	Pressure test	9	162	Consider re-design and do holes instead of slots
3	Pressure test	8	392	Acceptable
4	Motion/Failure (FEA) Analysis	6	216	Apply motor sensor
5	Level test	8	392	Acceptable
6	Pressure test	8	240	Consider re-design
7	Measure the Magnetic Field Strength	5	210	Suggest customer to clean the magnet on a frequent basis
8		4	224	Consider thicker lines
9	Visual and force inspection	7	168	Acceptable
10	Inspect if the screws are tight enough	6	162	Add one more screw
11	FEA Analysis	5	320	Acceptable
12	Motion/Failure (FEA) Analysis and pressure test	7	392	Consider re-design and different material
13	Bend test by applying a large force at various locations	8	336	Consider adding more screws to secure it in place
14				Acceptable
15	Apply pressure at the center of the top plate	6	252	Acceptable
16				Acceptable
17				Acceptable

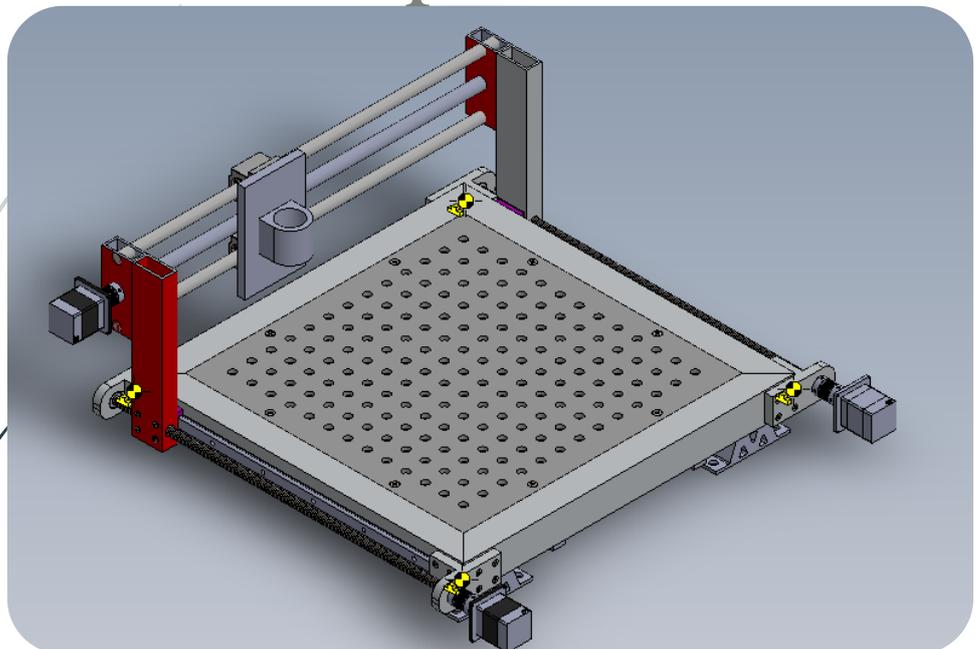


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## JR CNC Router Table – (JR)<sup>2</sup>, INC – Group #2

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### Chapter 6





## Chapter 6: Product Redesign

### 6.1 Design improvement

It is to be understood that having the ability to create designs on CAD modeling softwares result in tremendous benefits. One will avoid costly mistakes, save time and gain more control of the product. When designing a product, one cannot expect that the first draft will be the final product. Most of the times, the drafter will need to make changes in the initial product design in order to improve it.

Occasionally, design issues will arise and it is very important to identify them before the manufacturing of such product. *Product redesign* allows you to solve the issues that were identified and by doing so, you'll be creating a more reliable and quality product.

### 5.2 Design Issues

#### *How it was identified*

The (JR)<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table has been a very challenging product to design because of its complexities and limitations. But, (JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc, kept its positiveness and as a result, the team got to overcome all the issues that were encounter. The team faced design issues during the design stage where some of those issues were problematic but others were easy to handle. Below is a list of the issues faced and how they were identified:

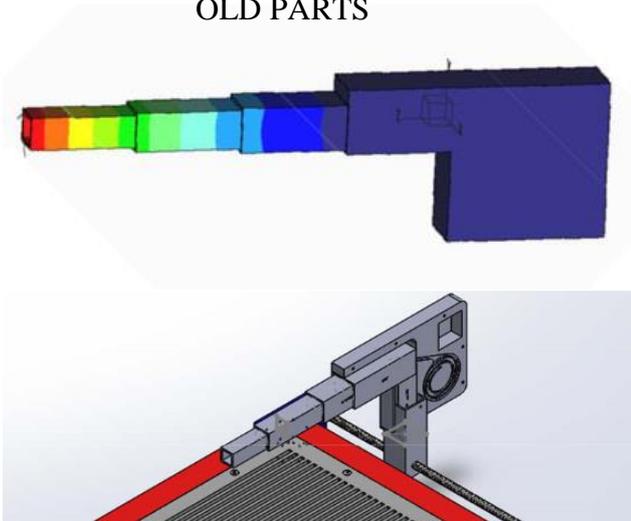
JR <sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table	
Design Issues	
Part/Concept	Issues Encountered
Top Plate	The debris technique that was implemented using holes was problematic because the holes were too close to each other and as a result, the plate could bend.
	The thickness of the plate was too thin (1/8")
Mount for Motor	The holes for the shaft was 1mm off. This is because of the tolerances that was set; as well as the tolerances in the printing machine
Arm Design	The downward force caused by the tool will result in vibration; a scenario that the Arm Design wouldn't resist
	When the Square Hollow Shafts were put together, the shafts had too much space between them; which will result in inaccuracy and vibration
LS_Bearing_Support	Hole Distance for the shaft and the L-Shape were dimensioned inaccurately
Arm Support	Unable to secure the outside with L-Shape Bracket due to having the Mount for Motor parts in the 4 corners
Lead Screw	Other than being un-machined Lead Screws, the Outside Diameter designed was 1/2" instead of 5/8"
Guide Rail Pillow Block	The hole diameter was dimensioned inaccurately.
Top Shaft	Non-Polished



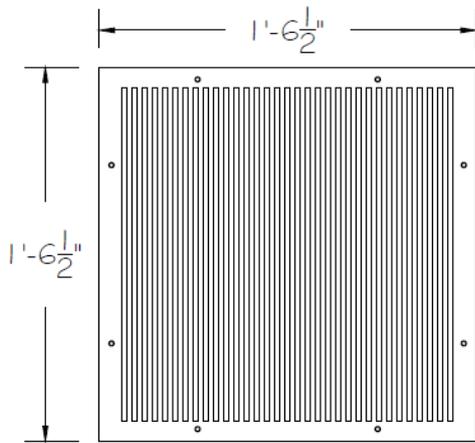
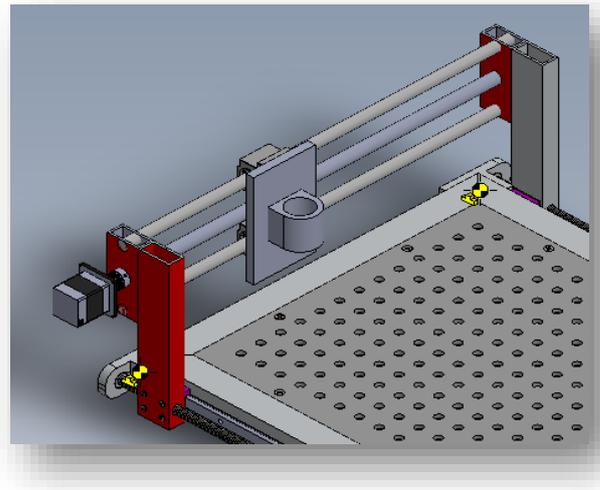


Chapter 6: Product Redesign  
6.3 Redesign activities (Cont.)

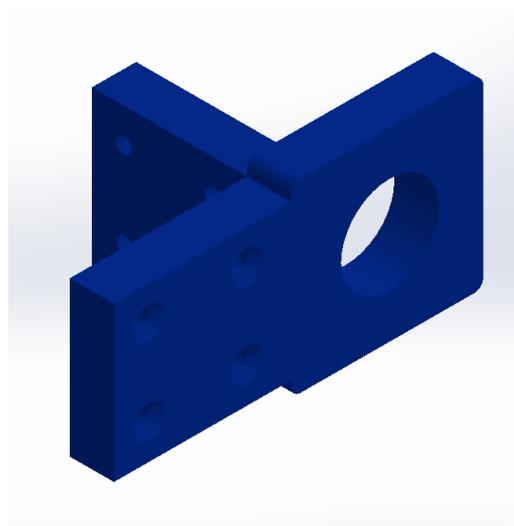
OLD PARTS



NEW PARTS



16 GA. STAINLESS STEEL  
W/ 1/4" SLOTS  
(1) REQUIRED





## 6.4 Benefits of the redesign

Redesigning is a very important process that cannot be avoided. It allows you to create competitive, reliable and quality products as well as improving the manufacturing of such parts; making it more efficient and easy to make, and so on. Least but not last, redesigning helps to solve the design issues that usually arise during the design stage.

(JR)<sup>2</sup> Inc, was able to manage every design issue that the team came across with in a very professional manner. After an issue was spotted, the team will then brainstorm and come up with ideas on how such problem can be solved.

Below is a list of parts/concepts that was solved by redesigning them:

<b>JR<sup>2</sup> CNC Router Table</b>	
<b>Solutions by Redesigning</b>	
<b>Part/Concept</b>	<b>Solutions</b>
Top Plate	The holes for the debris collection was redesigned and were given a bigger distance of separation Created a FEA Analysis and then obtained a thicker plate
Mount for Motor	The tolerances was properly calculated and set
Arm Design	The Arm Design was removed and instead, the team decided to go with the conventional way
LS_Bearing_Support	Hole Distance for the shaft and the L-Shape were re-dimensioned
Arm Support	The Inside corners were secured by using Aluminum L-Shape Brackets
Lead Screw	The Lead Screw was machined The team decided to stay with the 1/2" Lead Screw, therefore the assembly file had to be modified
Guide Rail Pillow Block	The hole diameter was re-dimensioned
Top Shaft	The Top Shaft was polished in order to create a smooth surface