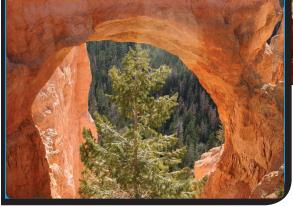
FOR COMPLETE PARK INFORMA-TION, [SOFT RETURN] GO TO WWW.NPS.GOV/BRCA/.



Bryce Canyon, famous for its horseshoeshaped amphitheaters carved from the eastern edge of southern Utah's Paunsaugunt Plateau, became a national park in 1924. The erosional force of frost-wedging and the dissolving power of rainwater have shaped the colorful limestone rocks into slot canyons, windows, fins, and spires called "hoodoos" that create a wondrous landscape of mazes.

Fun Facts...

- On a clear day, the visibility at Bryce Canyon often exceeds 100 miles.
- In most rural areas of the United States, 2500 stars can be seen on a clear night. At Bryce Canyon, 7500 stars can be distinguished.
- The geologic term "hoodoo" lives on at Bryce Canyon as perpetuated by early geologists who thought the rock formations could cast a spell with their spires and arches.
- Bryce Canyon National Park is home to three species of endangered wildlife: the Utah Prairie Dog, California Condor, and the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher.

Directions

- From the North: I15 south to UT20 east to US89. Follow US89 south to UT12 east. Follow UT12 to UT63 south to the park.
- From the South through Zion National Park: I15 north to UT9. Follow UT9 east through Zion National Park to US89. Travel north on US89 to UT12. Go east on UT12 to UT63 south to the park.
- From the South through Bear Valley: I15 north to UT20. Go east on UT20 to US89.
 Follow US89 south to UT12. Travel east on UT12 to UT63 south to the park.