## MAT 2630 Halleck Fall 2015 Practice Exam 2

REMINDER: your 2 page (front and back) 1 sheet hand-written set of formulas and notes will be 10% of your grade.

Please do as much of the exam as you can by hand. However, you may use a calculator if you need it. The actual exam will consist of questions similar to 5 of the ones that you see below. Each question will be worth 18%.

- 1. Solve the system Ax=[2;4;6] by finding the LU factorization for the matrix A below and using the two-step back substitution.
  - $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

- 2. For the system of equations:  $x_1 2x_2 = 3$ ,  $3x_1 4x_2 = 7$ 
  - a. Find the condition number for the coefficient matrix.

b. Solve the system exactly.

c. Find the forward and backward errors and error magnification factor for the approximate solution [-2, -3].

- 3. Find the PA= LU factorization for the matrix A below and check by matrix multiplication.
  - $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

4. Rearrange the equations to form a strictly diagonally dominant system. Apply two steps of the Gauss–Seidel Method from starting vector [0;0;0].

u - 8v - 2w = 1

u + v + 5w = 4

3u - v + w = -2

5. Verify that the symmetric matrix A below is positive definite. Find the Cholesky factorization  $A = R^{T}R$ :

[1	-1	-1]
-1	2	1
1	1	2

6. Find the best line through (0,0), (1,3), (2,3), (5,6), and find the RMSE. Graph the points as well as the solution. Verify that  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (c_1 + c_2 t_i - y_i)^2 / \sqrt{4} = RMSE.$ 



7. Find the best parabola through (0,0), (1,3), (2,3), (5,6), and find the RMSE. Graph the points as well as the solution. Find  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (c_1 + c_2 t_i + c_3 t_i^2 - y_i)^2 / \sqrt{4}$ . Is it the same as the RMSE?