

# Separation of variables, $v$ vs $t$

Monday, September 21, 2020 3:14 AM

## Problem 2.7

Assume that the force applied to an object that can move in one dimension depends only on the velocity

$$m \dot{v} = F(v) \quad \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{F(v)}{m}$$

$$dt = \frac{m}{F(v)} dv$$

$$\int_0^t dt = \int_{v_0}^v \frac{m}{F(v)} dv \quad t = m \int_{v_0}^v \frac{dv}{F(v)}$$

The simplest case is the case in which the force (and consequently the acceleration) are constant

$$t = \frac{m}{F} \int_{v_0}^v dv = \frac{m}{F} (v - v_0)$$

$$v = v_0 + \left( \frac{F}{m} \right) t$$

$= a$

## Problem 2.8

Assume  $F(v) = -c v^{\frac{3}{2}}$

and  $v(t=0) = v_0$

$$\begin{aligned} t &= -m \int_{v_0}^v \frac{dv}{c v^{\frac{3}{2}}} = -\frac{m}{c} \int_{v_0}^v \frac{dv}{v^{\frac{3}{2}}} = +\frac{2m}{c} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}} \right]_{v_0}^v \\ &= \frac{2m}{c} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{v_0}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ct}{2m} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{v_0}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}} \quad \frac{\sqrt{v_0}ct + 2m}{2m\sqrt{v_0}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{v}}$$

$$v = \frac{4m^2 v_0}{(2m + \sqrt{v_0}ct)^2}$$