## 11/12 Explorer OSCE

Total points 100/100



This OSCE is completed on typodont. You faculty will assign 2 anterior and 2 posterior teeth and surfaces (F/L) to instrument using the 11/12 explorer. You will be tested on your modified pen grasp, ergonomics, knowledge of the instrument (Instrument parts and ability to identify correct working end), instrumentation skills (application, adaptation, stroke), and calculus detection (ability to identify presence/absence of calculus deposit on assigned teeth).

This part of the OSCE is worth 10% of the total clinic grade.

**Faculty**: assign 2 anterior teeth on the maxillae (use 1 of the assigned teeth for calculus detection).

Assign 2 posterior teeth on the mandible.

0 of 0 points

Student Code *	
123	
Anterior teeth	47 of 47 points
assigned teeth - 2 anterior teeth include aspect (F/L) *	
6,7,F	

Correctly identify parts of the instrument 1 point each assigned part (up to 3 points)				*
	Correct	Incorrect	Score	
Tip	•		1/1	
Functional shank	•		1/1	
Terminal shank	•	$\circ$	1/1	

1 pts each task (	up to 6 pts) *	
S	U	Score
	0	1/1
		1/1
		1/1
		1/1
	0	1/1
		1/1

Instrument Grasp: Dominant Hand (2 pts each, up to 10 pts) *			
	S	U	Score
Grasps handle with the tips of finger pads of index finger & thumb so that these fingers are opposite each other on the handle but do NOT touch or overlap			2/2
Rests pad of middle finger lightly on instrument shank; middle finger is in contact with fulcrum finger			2/2
Positions the thumb, index, and middle fingers in the "knuckles up" convex position; hyperextended joint position is avoided		0	2/2
Fulcrum finger is straight, supporting the weight of the hand & instrument; fulcrum finger position is "advanced/ahead of" the other fingers in the grasp			2/2
Maintains a relaxed grasp; fingers are NOT blanched in the grasp			2/2

Non-dominant Hand (1 p	ot each, up to 2 pc	pints) *	
	S	U	Score
Appropriate fulcrum method is used	•	0	1/1
Mouth mirror used appropriately for retraction and/or indirect vision or illumination, finger retraction used anteriorly			1/1

Technique 2 pts each (up	o to 16 pts) *		
	S	U	Score
Establishes & maintains secure finger rest that is appropriate for tooth to be treated		0	2/2
Insertion: Gently inserts explorer beneath the gingival margin to the base of the sulcus or pocket			2/2
Adaptation: Tip 3rd used & in contact with surface; pivots & rolls handle to maintain adaptation		0	2/2
Sequence: Surfaces toward & away, beginning at midline of tooth			2/2
Uses vertical, over- lapping strokes of appropriate length		0	2/2
Does NOT remove tip from sulcus/pocket with each stroke	•	0	2/2
Wrist activation used during assessment strokes. No digital motion.			2/2
Maintains neutral wrist position throughout motion		0	2/2

activation

Calculus detection

Proper tooth/working end selection 5 pts each (up to 10 pts) *				
	S	U	Score	
Selects correct tooth/teeth to be instrumented			5/5	
Selects correct working-end for tooth surfaces to be explored			5/5	
tooth surfaces to be			5/5	

Out of the 2 assigned teeth use 1 maxillary anterior tooth (facial aspect only) for calculus detection

Verbally identify if subgingival calculus is present/absent on the following assigned tooth - 1 pt each surface (up to 3 points)

Correctly identified Incorrectly identified Score

M

incorrectly identified Incorrectly identified

3 of 3 points

Comments/feedback	
Posterior teeth	50 of 50 points
assigned teeth, include aspect (F/L) *	
29,30 F	

Positioning/Ergonomics 2 pts each (up to 12 pts) *				
	S	U	Score	
Patient is in proper position for area to be treated	•		2/2	
Bracket tray within easy reach & instruments are in proper/neat order in cassette holder			2/2	
Positions unit light at arms length & is in proper position in relation to treatment area			2/2	
Illumination of treatment area is maintained throughout exploring			2/2	
Assumes the recommended clock position for area to be explored			2/2	
Establishes & maintains neutral positioning			2/2	

Instrument Grasp: Dominant Hand 2 pts each (up to 10 pts) *			
	S	U	Score
Grasps handle with the tips of finger pads of index finger & thumb so that these fingers are opposite each other on the handle but do NOT touch or overlap			2/2
Rests pad of middle finger lightly on instrument shank; middle finger is in contact with fulcrum finger			2/2
Positions the thumb, index, and middle fingers in the "knuckles up" convex position; hyperextended joint position is avoided		0	2/2
Fulcrum finger is straight, supporting the weight of the hand & instrument; fulcrum finger position is "advanced/ahead of" the other fingers in the grasp	•		2/2
Maintains a relaxed grasp; fingers are NOT blanched in the grasp			2/2

Non-dominant Hand (1 pt each, up to 2 pts) *				
	S	U	Score	
Appropriate fulcrum method is used			1/1	
Mouth mirror used appropriately for retraction and/or indirect vision or illumination			1/1	

Technique (2 pts each, up to 16 pts) *				
	S	U	Score	
Establishes & maintains secure finger rest that is appropriate for tooth to be treated		0	2/2	
Insertion: Gently inserts explorer beneath the gingival margin to the base of the sulcus or pocket			2/2	
Adaptation: Tip 3rd used & in contact with surface; pivots & rolls handle to maintain adaptation		0	2/2	
Sequence: Begins at distal line angle & proceeds distally. Removes explorer & reinserts at distal line angle proceeding to mesial			2/2	
Uses vertical, overlapping strokes of appropriate length for interproximal surfaces & oblique for buccal/lingual surfaces			2/2	
Does NOT remove tip from sulcus/pocket with each stroke		0	2/2	
Wrist activation used				

during accommon

Ŀ

Deductions: Infection control, safety, appearance, demeanor, attitude, co honesty -5 points from total grade	mposure,
Faculty *	
KV	

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google. Report Abuse - Terms of Service - Privacy Policy

## Google Forms