Chapter 1.2.4: Powers of Monomials and Binomials

MAT 1275CO Dr. Davie

Spring 2024

MAT 1275CO Dr. Davie

Chapter 1.2.4: Powers of Monomials and Bine

Spring 2024

< 日 > < 同 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > <

3

Recall the following property.

Product to a Power Property for Integer Exponents: $(ab)^m = a^m b^m$

Examples:Simplify.

- $(2x)^5$
- $(-3xy^4)^3$
- On Your Own: $(-4x^2y^3z)^2$

(日本)(四本)(日本)(日本)(日本)

The Binomial Theorem

We will now consider powers of binomial expressions like $(x + y)^6$ and $(4x - 2)^{10}$.

 $(x + y)^n = a_0 x^n + a_1 x^{n-1} y + a_2 x^{n-2} y^2 + ... + a_{n-1} x y^{n-1} + a_n y^n$, where the coefficients come from the *n*th row (counting from 0 of the Pascal's triangle):

$$\begin{matrix} 1\\ 1 & 1\\ 1 & 2 & 1\\ 1 & 3 & 3 & 1\\ 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1\\ 1 & 5 & 10 & 10 & 5 & 1\\ 1 & 6 & 15 & 20 & 15 & 6 & 1\\ 1 & 7 & 21 & 35 & 35 & 21 & 7 & 1\end{matrix}$$

MAT 1275CO Dr. Davie

Power of Binomials

$$\begin{matrix} 1\\ 1 & 1\\ 1 & 2 & 1\\ 1 & 3 & 3 & 1\\ 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1\\ 1 & 5 & 10 & 10 & 5 & 1\\ 1 & 6 & 15 & 20 & 15 & 6 & 1\\ 1 & 7 & 21 & 35 & 35 & 21 & 7 & 1\end{matrix}$$

Examples:

- Find the coefficient of x^3 in $(2x-3)^4$.
- Find the coefficient of xy^2 in $(x 3y)^3$.

★ 3 → 3

A B A B A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
B
A
A
A
A
A