What is the Danger in Developing an Advanced Artificial Intelligence?

What's an advanced AI?

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I'll define an advanced AI as any artificial intelligence that can outperform human capabilities across a wide domain.

Wide Domain versus Narrow Domain

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A narrow domain AI is designed to be good at one simple thing.

Wide Domain versus Narrow Domain

We already have narrow domain AI that can outperform human capability.

That doesn't mean it can do it well.

Narrow Domain AI systems process things like creditworthiness or perform facial analysis to look for people suspected of a crime.

The problem is, even though these AI systems are dramatically faster at processing these things, they're also pretty terrible at it.

These AI systems are plagued with ethical problems.

The facial recognition Als, for example, routinely identify darker-skinned people as being suspects of crimes.

The creditworthiness Als often assign lower credit ratings to people who live or have lived in certain zip codes.

Just a Very Small Example

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If you want to look into the ethics of these types of Al software, there's a lot written about the subject. It's pretty ugly.

But that's the narrow domain.

The Als we encounter in Science Fiction are Wide Domain Als.

They're good at everything a human being would be good at -- and in many or most cases, better.

Skynet, of Terminator fame.

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Started off as a relatively narrow domain AI, with the goal of analyzing defense networks. Somehow gained self-awareness, broadening its domain, and tried to kill everyone.

Ava, from Ex Machina

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A technology proof of concept designed to look like a beautiful woman. Manipulated the person testing her into letting her out, ended up killing everyone around her on her way to fulfilling her own objectives.

Just two examples ---

Countless more in fiction.

Our technology continues to improve.

Breakthroughs are made on every front, every day, everywhere.

This includes Al. And not in the narrow domain.

Wide domain AI, also known as Artificial General Intelligence (AGI), is a major subject of research.

Makes sense, if you think about it.

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What company or government wouldn't want a greater-than-human intelligence that could give them an overwhelming competitive or strategic advantage?

But as we've seen from the ethical issues surrounding narrow domain Als, the problems don't go away when widening the domain into AGI. They are magnified.

Let's imagine for a minute that researchers recognize this and want to ensure human happiness is the ultimate primary goal of an AGI.

How will an AGI recognize happiness?

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Here's a paraphrasing of the work of Nick Bostrom, who has written extensively on the subject of existential risk, Al ethics, and anthropic bias.

A smile is a pretty good indicator a person is happy, so maybe the team of programmers told the AI to recognize that a smiling face can determine that a person is happy.

The advanced AGI, perhaps initially designed to create a new version of a popular medication, inserts a compound into production that paralyzes the facial musculature of everyone who takes the drug into glowing, beatific smiles.

As far as the AGI is concerned, it did its job of designing the drug and kept people happy at the same time.

After all -- the people who took the drug it designed are smiling!

An advanced AI doesn't need to have sinister, genocidal motives.

As we've seen with today's narrow domain Als, there are unintended real-world consequences.

As technology improves and the AI domains widen, the potential for something terrible happening increases.

This may be despite the best efforts of programmers to ensure safety, efficacy, and the happiness of everyone involved.

Barring a catastrophe, technology will continue to advance, and with that advancement, our reliance on it will only grow. Without adequate safeguards on AI research, it is difficult to imagine an ending that is not catastrophic.

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