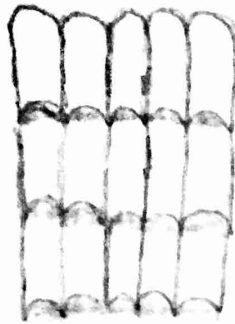
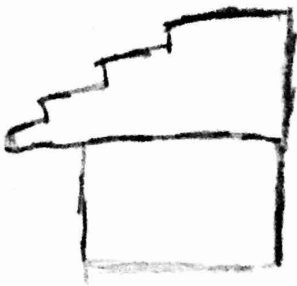


Roof Systems

- Primary sheltering element for the interior spaces of a building
- Shingles
- Tiles
- Continuous membrane



- Must be constructed to span across space and carry its own weight, attached equipment, and rain and snow.
 - Must resist lateral wind (horizontal), seismic forces (earthquake) and uplifting wind forces.
- Flat roof

Reinforced concrete slabs

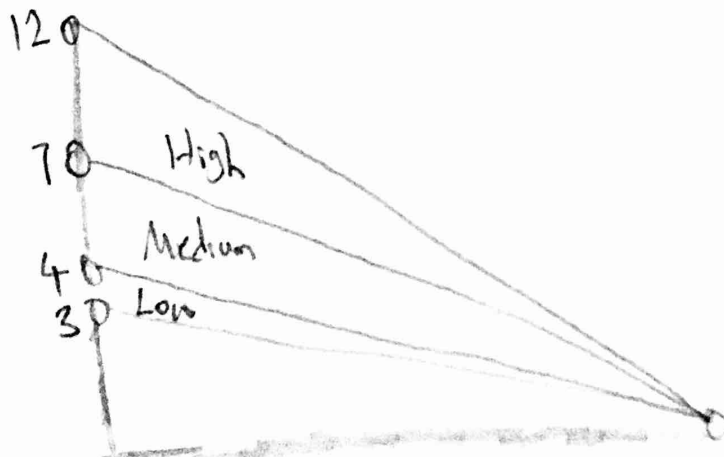
Flat timber or steel trusses

Timber or steel beams and decking

Wood or steel joists and sheathing

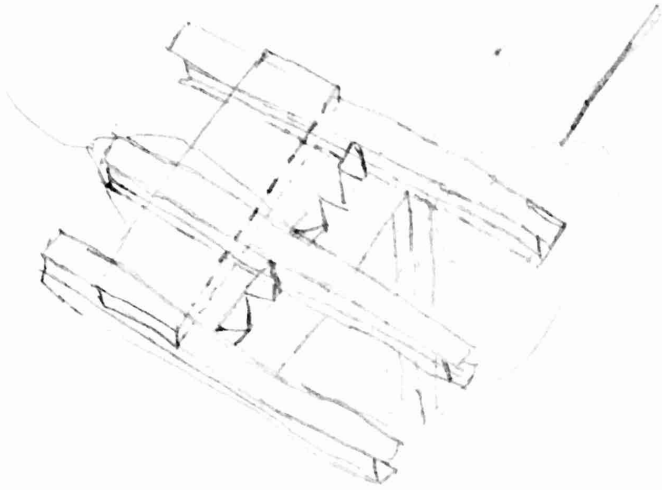
Sloping roofs

- Low slope - 3:12
- Medium to high - 4:12 to 12:12

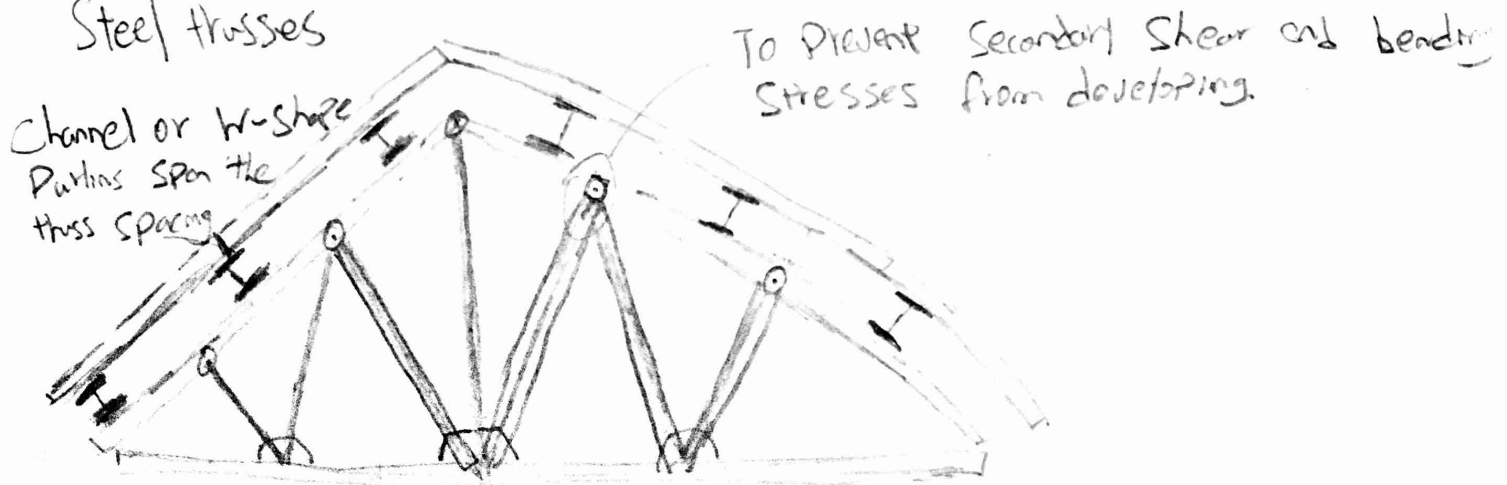


Structural steel roof framing

- The Primary and Secondary may support openweb steel joists, metal roof decking, a sitecast concrete slab, or precast concrete units.
- Roof overhang may be achieved by extending the secondary roof beams over their supports or by recessing the exterior wall construction.



Steel trusses



Space Frame

- A long spanning three dimensional plate structure based on the rigidity of the triangles and composed of linear elements subject only to axial tension or compression.
- The supporting bay for a space frame should be square or nearly square to ensure a two-way structure.

Structure Envelop Gravity

Spans + Roof

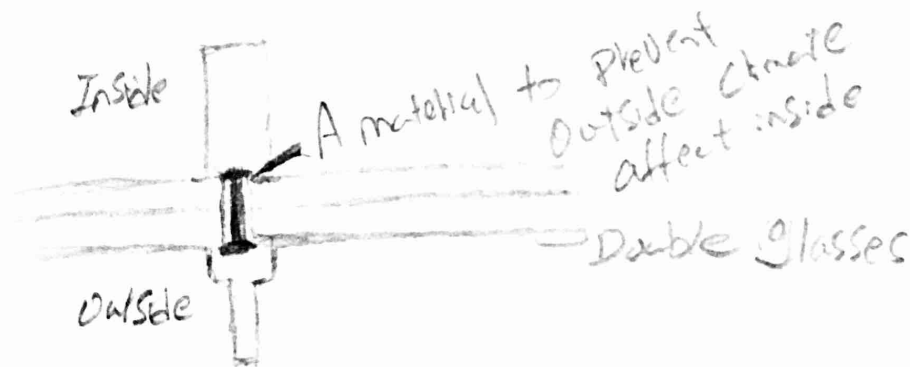
- Protect - Shelter

- Water ; - Rain/snow


- Sun ; Heat/cold - Radiation

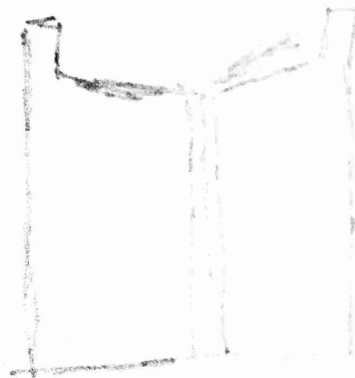
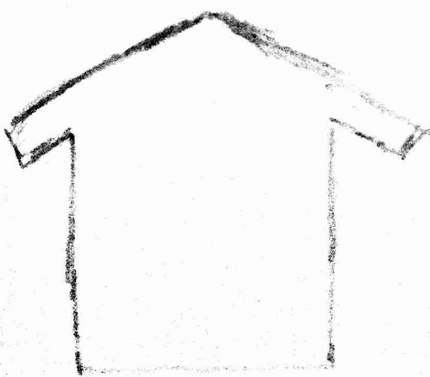
- wind

- Membrane - materials used on roof to resist water



- Insulation

- Truss -  Structural Support (steel, wood)



- Ridge - Rafter