

**Worksheet 4.2 & 4.3 - Integer Representation and Algorithms and Primes and Greatest Common Divisors**

1. Add  $(10111)_2$  and  $(11010)_2$ .
2. Multiply  $(1110)_2$  and  $(1010)_2$ .
3. Determine whether each of these integers is prime
  - (a) 19
  - (b) 27
  - (c) 93
  - (d) 101
4. Determine whether the integers in each of these sets is pairwise relatively prime.
  - (a) 11, 15, 19
  - (b) 14, 15, 21
  - (c) 12, 17, 31, 37
  - (d) 7, 8, 9, 11
5. What are the greatest common divisors and least common multiple of these pairs of integers?
  - (a)  $3^7 \cdot 5^3 \cdot 7^3$ ,  $2^{11} \cdot 3^5 \cdot 5^9$
  - (b)  $11 \cdot 13 \cdot 17$ ,  $2^9 \cdot 3^7 \cdot 5^5 \cdot 7^3$
  - (c)  $23^{31}$ ,  $23^{17}$
  - (d)  $41 \cdot 43 \cdot 53$ ,  $41 \cdot 43 \cdot 53$
  - (e)  $3^{13} \cdot 5^{17}$ ,  $2^{12} \cdot 7^{21}$
  - (f) 1111, 0
6. Use the Euclidean algorithm to find
  - (a)  $\gcd(1, 5)$ .
  - (b)  $\gcd(123, 277)$ .
  - (c)  $\gcd(1529, 14038)$ .
  - (d)  $\gcd(100, 101)$ .
  - (e)  $\gcd(1529, 14039)$ .
  - (f)  $\gcd(11111, 111111)$ .